XINGYE WULIAN SERVICE GROUP CO. LTD.

興業物聯服務集團有限公司

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)
(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)



CONTENTS 目錄

	Page 頁次
Chairman's Message 主席致辭	2
Corporate Information 公司資料	6
Financial Highlights 財務摘要	8
Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析	9
Board of Directors and Senior Management 董事會及高級管理層	20
Report of our Directors 董事會報告	32
Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告	61
Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告	84
Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表	92
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表	93
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表	94
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表	95
Notes to Financial Statements 財務報表附註	97
Financial Summary 財務概要	196
William Commence of the Commen	



CHAIRMAN'S MESSAGE 主席致辭



Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the board (the "Board") of directors of ("Director(s)") of Xingye Wulian Service Group Co. Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "Xingye Wulian" or the "Company", together with its subsidiaries, the "Group"), I would like to present the audited consolidated annual results of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021 (the "Year").

The year of 2021 was full of challenges, opportunities, efforts and more achievements. Under the circumstances of regular epidemic prevention and control, enterprises are being confronted with unprecedented challenges of survival and development. The quickly-responded and positively-acted staff of the Group have gained more recognition by property owners and the government, especially for their responsive service, building management capacity, anti-pandemic level and other aspects in the fight against the rainstorm in Zhengzhou.

PERFORMANCE REVIEW

The industry competition has intensified in 2021, and the competition for commercial space around the central plains urban agglomeration has become increasingly fierce, however, commercial space that truly represents quality is still scarce. Upholding the brand values of "Sincerity, Professionalism and Enterprising Spirit", the Group will continue to improve operating and management efficiency, and create value for the Company and its customers.

謹致各位股東:

本人謹代表興業物聯服務集團有限公司 (以下簡稱「興業物聯」或「本公司」及附屬 公司統稱「本集團」)董事(「董事」)會(「董 事會」)欣然提呈本公司截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度(「本年度」)經審 計的全年綜合業績。

二零二一這一年有挑戰、有機遇、有付出、更有收穫。在疫情常態化的情況下,企業的生存發展面臨前所未有的挑戰。本集團全體員工的快速反應、積極作為,尤其是在與鄭州暴雨鬥爭中服務應對、樓宇治理能力、抗疫水準等方面獲得了業主和政府更多的認可。

業績回顧

二零二一年行業競爭加劇,圍繞中原城 市群的商業空間爭奪日趨激烈,然而真 正追求品質的商寫空間仍是稀缺的。本 集團依然秉承「真誠、專業、進取」的品 牌價值觀,持續提升運營和管理效率, 為企業和客戶創造價值。

CHAIRMAN'S MESSAGE 主度致辭



Benefiting from the long-term cooperation with Zensun Group and the expansion with a diversified portfolio of pipeline property, the Group recorded total revenue of approximately RMB281.7 million for the Year, representing an increase of approximately RMB68.5 million or 32.1% from RMB213.2 million for the previous year. Net profit for the Year was approximately RMB54.5 million, representing an increase of approximately RMB11.0 million or 25.3% from RMB43.5 million for the previous year.

Leveraging on the competitive advantages of our controlling shareholder, the Group implemented the multi-brand synergy effect strategy and continued to undertake a steady stream of non-residential projects from Zensun Group for provision of property management services. Additionally, backed up by its brand recognition and extensive management experience, the Group intensified its expansion of the market and made strides in contracted projects. With years of sound development, the Group has been awarded China Top 100 Property Service Companies for six years in a row and the rank keep rising. For property management services, the Group's properties under management with the gross floor area increased by approximately 3.5 million sq.m. or 110.7% from approximately 3.1 million sq.m. as at the end of 2020 to approximately 6.6 million sq.m. as at the end of 2021. In respect of property engineering services, our business scale has been continuously expanding. For the year ended 31 December 2021, our Group entered into 40 new property engineering contracts with an aggregated contract amount of approximately RMB46.1 million. As at 31 December 2021, the total contract sum for contracted engineering services with remaining performance obligations amounted to contract sum for RMB86.5 million, which will contribute to the Group's revenue in the future.

While achieving performance growth, the Group has not forgotten its original aspiration. The Group focused on the essence of service, established brand image, and continuously improved its service quality. In 2021, the Group comprehensively promoted the mission of "providing warm services", and became the frontline force in the fight against the pandemic and Henan 20 July flood control and disaster relief. Property service personnel are not only service providers, but also community guardians that played the role of a fortress, and in such process, the Group gained the affirmation of the owners and the government.

得益於本集團與正商集團長期以來的合作關係,以及成功拓展多元化物業管理組合,於本年度,本集團實現總收益約為人民幣281.7百萬元,較上年度的人民幣213.2百萬元增加約68.5百萬元或者32.1%。本年度淨利潤約為人民幣54.5百萬元,較上年度的人民幣43.5百萬元增加約11.0百萬元或者25.3%。

本集團持續依託控股股東優勢,實施多 品牌聯動戰略,持續穩定承接正商集 團非住宅項目之物業管理服務。與此同 時,本集團憑藉品牌實力及豐富的管理 經驗,大力拓展市場,合約專案收穫頗 豐。本集團憑藉多年來的穩健發展,連 續六年榮獲中國物業服務百強企業,排 名持續 上升。在物業管理方面,本集團 的在管建築面積由二零二零年底約3.1 百萬平方米增加約3.5百萬平方米(增長 率110.7%)至二零二一年底約6.6百萬平 方米。在物業工程服務方面,我們的業 務規模持續擴大。截至二零二一年十二 月三十一日止年度,本集團新簽約40個 物業工程合同,合同總金額約為人民幣 46.1 百萬元。於二零二一年十二月三十一 日,餘下履約責任的合約工程服務合約 總額約為人民幣86.5百萬元,未來將為本 集團貢獻收益。

在實現業績增長的同時,本集團不忘初心,根植於服務本質,樹立品牌形象,服務品質也不斷提升。二零二一年本集團全面推進「做有溫度的服務」這一行動宗旨,在抗擊疫情和河南720防洪救災時成為一線主力,我們的物業服務人員下僅僅是服務的提供者,更是社區的守守護者,充分發揮堡壘作用,在此過程中,獲得業主和政府的充份肯定。

CHAIRMAN'S MESSAGE 主度致辭



Technology empowerment has always been one of the Group's core strategies. The Group is deeply engaged in the research and development and application of new technologies such as the Internet of Things ("IoT"), cloud computing, big data, Internet +, and timely grasps the new development direction of property management in the future. The Group is expected to upgrade the existing "Ai Ban (愛辦)" APP to the "Zheng Sheng Huo (正生活)" APP, which has realized the close integration of the owner's service and the IoT technology platform, and improved the quality and efficiency of property services.

FUTURE OUTLOOK

Through the turbulent year of 2021, we have taken another steady step forward to the starting point of a new course.

The Group will continue to leverage its regional influence to further extend its customer services, upgrade and transform from a single property management service to diversified services, provide more precise services to customers, and gradually enhance the Group's market competitiveness and brand influence. The Group will continue to leverage its geographical and shareholder advantages to accelerate expansion through multiple channels, build a wolf-like expansion team, actively explore strategic cooperation opportunities, extend the property services industry chain and create new growth points to achieve rapid and sustainable growth.

The Group has been committed to the research and application of smart properties. In the field of intelligence and IoT big data, the next step is to optimize the construction of the smart property platform, realize the transformation and application of research and development results, and fully share resources with unified management. While providing a safe, comfortable, convenient, energy-saving and sustainable office and living environment, the Group will also improve the cost-effectiveness index, so as to bring networked, intelligent, humanized and comprehensive service experience to owners.

科技賦能一直以來也是本集團的核心戰略之一,本集團深耕物聯網、雲計算、 大資料、互聯網+新技術的研發與應用, 及時把握物業管理未來發展新方向。本 集團將計劃把目前「愛辦」APP升級為「正 生活」APP,實現了業主服務與物聯網科 技平台的緊密結合,進一步提升了物業 服務的品質和效益。

未來展望

穿越風雲激盪的二零二一年,我們又向 前穩健地跨越了一步,來到新賽道的起 點。

本集團將持續發揮區域影響力,進一步延伸客戶服務,從單一的物業管理服務向多元化服務升級轉型,為客戶提供更精準的服務,逐步提升集團市場競爭力和品牌影響力。本集團繼續發揮地緣則東優勢,多管道加速拓展,打造新的性拓展團隊,積極探索戰略性合作機遇,延伸物業服務產業鏈佈局,打造新的增長點,實現高速可持續增長。

本集團一直致力於智慧物業的研究與應用,在智慧化和物聯網大資料領域方面,下一步要優化智慧物業大平台建設,實現研發成果的轉化運用,使其資源充分共用,統一管理,在提供安全的節能、可持續發展的時分、生活環境的同時,提高性價比性標,為業主帶來網路化、智慧化、公公、総合化的服務體驗。

CHAIRMAN'S MESSAGE 主度致辭



Under the guidance of national policies and regulations, the property management industry has been experiencing transformation and upgrading, and the competitive landscape in the industry is intensifying. Under such a situation, the Group will focus on its main business in a pragmatic manner. Through technological innovation, the Group will be bold in its endeavors and fast in its steps. In the service-oriented work environment, the direction will remain unchanged and the strength will not decrease, so that the Group can live up to public expectations and move forward.

APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Board, I would like to express my gratitude to our shareholders and business partners for their strong support, as well as our staff for their dedication.

Zhu Jie

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer
30 March 2022

在國家政策規範的指引下,物業管理行業已經走在轉型升級的道路上,行業的競爭格局也在加劇,在這樣的格局下,本集團將腳踏實地聚焦主營業務,通過科技創新,敢闖敢試、蹄疾步穩,在以服務為本心的工作場景中,方向不變、力度不減,努力讓本集團不負公眾期許,煥發向前!

致謝

我謹代表董事會,衷心感謝各位股東、 業務夥伴的全力支持及全體員工的辛勤 奉獻。

主席兼行政總裁

朱杰

二零二二年三月三十日

年報 2021 異業物聯服務集團有限公司



CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Director

Zhu Jie (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Non-executive Directors

Zhang Huiqi

Wang Jinhu

Liu Zhenqiang

Independent non-executive Directors

Xu Chun

Feng Zhidong

Zhou Sheng

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Feng Zhidong (Chairman)

Zhou Sheng

Xu Chun

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Zhou Sheng (Chairman)

Feng Zhidong

Xu Chun

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Zhu Jie (Chairman)

Zhou Sheng

Xu Chun

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Zhu Jie

Leung Ka Ying

COMPANY SECRETARY

Leung Ka Ying

AUDITOR

Ernst & Young

Certified Public Accountant and Registered PIE Auditor

董事會

執行董事

朱杰(主席兼行政總裁)

非執行董事

張惠琪

王金虎

劉振強

獨立非執行董事

徐春

馮志東

周勝

審核委員會

馮志東(主席)

周勝

徐春

薪酬委員會

周勝(主席)

馮志東

徐春

提名委員會

朱杰(主席)

周勝

徐春

授權代表

朱杰

梁家凝

公司秘書

梁家凝

核數師

安永會計師事務所

執業會計師及註冊公眾利益實體核數師

CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料



SOLICITOR

Howse Williams

COMPLIANCE ADVISER

Zhongtai International Capital Limited

PRINCIPAL BANKER

China Construction Bank (Hanghai Dong Lu branch) No. 63 Hanghai Dong Lu Zhengzhou City Henan Province China

HONG KONG SHARE REGISTRAR

Tricor Investor Services Limited Level 54 Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE IN THE CAYMAN ISLANDS

Cricket Square
Hutchins Drive
PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman
KY1-1111, Cayman Islands

HEADQUARTERS AND REGISTERED OFFICE IN THE PRC

Unit 407, Building B
Zensun International Plaza
101 Hanghai East Road
Guancheng District, Zhengzhou City
Henan Province
China

PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

24th Floor Wyndham Place 40-44 Wyndham Street, Central Hong Kong

WEBSITE

www.xingyewulian.com *

STOCK CODE

Stock Exchange: 9916

* Information on the website does not form part of this annual report

律師

何韋律師行

合規顧問

中泰國際融資有限公司

主要往來銀行

中國建設銀行(航海東路支行) 中國 河南省 鄭州市 航海東路63號

香港股份過戶登記處

卓佳證券登記有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心 54樓

開曼群島註冊辦事處

Cricket Square Hutchins Drive PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands

總部及中國註冊辦事處

中國河南省鄭州市管城區航海東路101號正商國際廣場 B座407室

香港營業地點

香港 中環雲咸街40-44號 雲咸商業中心 24樓

網站

www.xingyewulian.com*

股份代號

聯交所:9916

· 此網站上之資料並不構成本年報一部分



FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS 財務摘要

RESULTS HIGHLIGHTS

業績摘要

For the year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

		2021 二零二一年 RMB'000	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000
	North Tab Media	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Key financial information	主要財務資料		
Revenue	收益	281,660	213,188
Gross profit	毛利	93,806	86,739
Net profit for the year	年度純利	54,528	43,503
Core net profit note	核心純利附註	54,528	49,468
Key financial ratios	主要財務比率		
Gross profit margin (%)	毛利率(%)	33.3%	40.7%
Net profit margin (%)	淨盈利率(%)	19.4%	20.4%
Earnings per share	每股盈利		
– Basic and diluted (RMB cents)	- 基本及攤薄(人民幣分)	13.6	11.4

Note: The core net profit represents the Group's net profit for the year excluding the effect of listing expenses.

附註: 核心純利指本集團不計上市開支影響 的年度純利。

SUMMARY OF BALANCE SHEET

資產負債表概要

At 31 December 於十二月三十一日

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Total assets	資產總值	532,229	430,254
Cash and cash equivalent	現金及現金等價物	399,132	369,166
Total liabilities	負債總額	161,721	113,910
Shareholders' equity	股東權益	370,508	316,344
Current ratio (times)	流動比率(倍)	3.4	3.9



BUSINESS OVERVIEW

Established in 1999, we are a reputable property management service provider in Henan Province with a particular focus on offering property management and value-added services. We provide a wide range of property management services which include, among others, security, cleaning, greening and gardening, parking space management, repair and maintenance for common areas and customer services, and value-added services which include repair and maintenance for exclusive use areas, renovation waste clearance, intermediary leasing services, etc. We also provide our customers with property engineering services which include the planning, design and installation of security and surveillance systems, access control systems, carpark management systems and construction site management systems, in order to enhance the quality of the property management systems of our customers.

During the Year, the Group continuously gained recognition in the industry, and was recognised by the China Index Academy ("CIA") as one of the top 100 property management service companies on the annual rating of property management companies in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") ("Top 100 Property Management Service Companies") in terms of business size, operational efficiency, service quality, growth potential and social responsibility for six years in a row. The Group's ranking in the Top 100 Property Management Service Companies as published by CIA improved from the 60th in 2020 to the 49th in 2021.

During the Year, the Group adjusted its business strategies to diversify its portfolio of pipeline properties from non-residential properties and also residential properties in provision of property management and value-added services. Thus, our portfolio of properties under management expanded during the Year from gross floor area ("GFA") of approximately 3.1 million sq.m. as at 31 December 2020 to approximately 6.6 million sq.m. as at 31 December 2021. As at 31 December 2021, our portfolio of contracted properties covered GFA of approximately 10.6 million sq.m. in aggregate.

業務概覽

於本年度,本集團持續在業界獲得認可,且在業務規模、營運效率、服務質量、增長潛力及社會責任方面,連續六年獲中國指數研究院(「中國指數研究院」)選入物業管理服務公司百強排名」)。本集團在中國指數研究院發佈的物業管理服務公司百強排名從二零二零年的第60位提升到二零二一年的第49位。

於本年度,本集團調整其業務策略,將 提供物業管理及增值服務的非住宅物業 及住宅物業的管線內物業類型多元化。 因此,於本年度,我們的在管物業組合 的建築面積(「建築面積」)由二零二零 十二月三十一日約3.1百萬平方米擴張至 二零二一年十二月三十一日約6.6百萬平 方米。於二零二一年十二月三十一日, 我們合約物業組合的總建築面積約為10.6 百萬平方米。

During the Year, the Group maintained similar scale of property engineering services performed for the customers as compared with 2020. During the Year, we have entered into 40 new property engineering contracts with an aggregated contract amount of approximately RMB46.1 million. As at 31 December 2021, the total contract sum for contracted engineering services with remaining performance obligations amounted to contract sum for RMB86.5 million, which will contribute to the Group's revenue in the future.

於本年度,本集團向客戶提供的物業工程服務表現與二零二零年相若。於本年度,我們已訂立40份新物業工程合約,合約總金額為約人民幣46.I 百萬元。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,餘下履約責任的合約工程服務合約總額約為人民幣86.5百萬元,未來將為本集團貢獻收益。

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue

Our Group's revenue was primarily generated from (i) property management and value-added services and (ii) property engineering services.

For the Year, our Group's total revenue was approximately RMB281.7 million, representing an increase of approximately 32.1% as compared to approximately RMB213.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2020. Such increase of approximately RMB68.5 million was primarily attributable to the increase in segment revenue from property management and value-added services.

The following table sets out the breakdown of our revenue by type of services during the years:

財務回顧

收益

本集團的收益主要來自(i)物業管理及增值服務以及(ii)物業工程服務。

本集團年內收益總額約為人民幣281.7百萬元,較截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度約人民幣213.2百萬元增加約32.1%。約人民幣68.5百萬元的增幅主要是由於物業管理及增值服務的分部收益增加。

下表載列於年度按服務類別劃分的收益明細:

		2021	2021 二零二一年		10
		二零二一			二零二零年
		RMB'000	%	RMB'000	%
		人民幣千元	%	人民幣千元	%
Property management and	物業管理及增值服務				
value-added services					
 Property management services 	-物業管理服務	223,335	79.3	157,937	74.1
 Value-added services 	一增值服務	5,039	1.8	7,071	3.3
		228,374	81.1	165,008	77.4
Property engineering services	物業工程服務	45,722	16.2	45,904	21.5
Others	其他	7,564	2.7	2,276	1.1
Total	總計	281,660	100.0	213,188	100.0



The following table sets out the breakdown of our revenue between a person(s) or company(ies) who/which is or are independent of and not connected with our Company and our connected persons and related parties ("Independent Third Parties") during the years:

下表載列於本年度,我們來自獨立於本公司及我們的關連人士及關聯方且與之並無關連的人士或公司(「獨立第三方」)的收益明細:

		2021	2021 2020		
		二零二一	二零二一年 二零二零年		§ 年
		RMB'000	%	RMB'000	%
		人民幣千元	%	人民幣千元	%
Independent Third Parties	獨立第三方	191,359	67.9	139,320	65.4
Related parties	關聯方	90,301	32.1	73,868	34.6
Total	總計	281,660	100.0	213,188	100.0

Property management and value-added services

Our Group's revenue generated from property management and value-added services increased by approximately RMB63.4 million or 38.4% from approximately RMB165.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2020 to approximately RMB228.4 million for the Year. This increase was primarily as a result of the expansion of properties under management with GFA of approximately 3.5 million sq.m. through (i) a newly diversified property portfolio of both non-residential and residential properties which brought income of approximately RMB30.7 million and (ii) expansion of provision of property management services to sales offices and show flats for property projects developed by our related parties which commenced in the fourth quarter of 2020 with full-year revenue contribution of approximately RMB28.9 million.

Property engineering services

During the Year, the Group provided a similar scale of property engineering services performed for the customers, and maintained a stable level of revenue from property engineering services during the Year of approximately RMB45.7 million as compared to RMB45.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2020.

物業管理及增值服務

本集團來自物業管理及增值服務的收益 由截至二零年十二月三十一日止年 度約人民幣165.0百萬元增加約人民幣 63.4百萬元或38.4%至本年度約人民幣 228.4百萬元。該增加主要是由於通過(i) 非住宅物業及住宅物業的新多元化物業 組合帶來收入約人民幣30.7百萬元;及(ii) 於二零二零年第四季度開始擴入物業 理服務,向關聯方開發的物業項目之實 理服務,向關聯方開發的物業項目 建處及樣板房提供服務,全年收益 對人民幣28.9百萬元,共擴大在管物業建 築面積約3.5百萬平方米。

物業工程服務

於本年度,本集團向客戶提供相等規模的物業工程服務履約,並於本年度自物業工程服務錄得穩定收益約人民幣45.7百萬元,對比截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度則為人民幣45.9百萬元。



Cost of Sales

Our Group's cost of sales consists of subcontracting costs, staff costs and materials and consumables. We recorded an increase in cost of sales of approximately RMB61.4 million or 48.6% from approximately RMB126.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2020 to approximately RMB187.9 million for the Year. Such increase was generally in line with our growth in revenue during the Year associated with the expansion in our properties under management.

Gross Profit and Gross Profit Margin

Our gross profit increased by approximately RMB7.1 million or 8.2% from approximately RMB86.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2020 to approximately RMB93.8 million for the Year. Our gross profit margin was approximately 33.3% for the Year as compared to that of approximately 40.7% for the year ended 31 December 2020. The decrease in gross profit margin was as a result from change in contribution from different revenue types in respect of our overall increase in revenue mainly contributed by (i) new income stream arising from property management services to sales offices and show flats which were primarily charged with cost mark-up basis; and (ii) new income stream arising from property management and value-added services to residential properties which generally have a lower gross profit margin as compared to those charged to non-residential properties.

Other Income, Other Gains and Losses

Other income, other gains and losses mainly comprised government grants and interest income. Our other income, other gains and losses increased by approximately RMB7.1 million or 75.6% from approximately RMB9.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2020 to approximately RMB16.6 million for the Year. Such increase was mainly attributable to more government grants received and the increase in interest income during the Year.

銷售成本

本集團銷售成本包括分包成本、員工成本以及材料及消耗品。我們錄得銷售成本由截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度約人民幣126.4百萬元增加約人民幣61.4百萬元或48.6%至本年度約人民幣187.9百萬元。有關增幅一般與我們於本年度擴大在管物業相關的收益增長一致。

毛利及毛利率

我們的毛利由截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度約人民幣86.7百萬元增加約人民幣7.1百萬元或8.2%至本年度約人民幣93.8百萬元。於本年度,我們的毛利率約為33.3%,而截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度則約為40.7%。毛利率減少乃由於就整體收益增加而言不同主要,該等收益主要的貢獻產生變動,該等收益主要,該等收益至理人,之前,向售樓處及樣板房提供物業管理及增值服務產生的新收入來源,其毛利率一般較向非住宅物業收取者為低。

其他收入、其他收益及虧損

其他收入、其他收益及虧損主要包括政府補助及利息收入。我們的其他收入、 其他收益及虧損由截至二零二零年十二 月三十一日止年度的約人民幣9.4百萬元 增加約人民幣7.1百萬元或75.6%至本年度 的約人民幣16.6百萬元。有關增幅乃主要 由於本年度收到更多政府補助及利息收 益增加。



Selling and Marketing Expenses

Our selling and marketing expenses primarily comprised marketing expenses and staff costs for our marketing personnel. Our selling and marketing expenses remained relatively stable between the years at approximately RMB1.5 million for the Year and approximately RMB1.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2020, respectively.

Administrative Expenses

Our administrative expenses mainly comprised staff costs of our administrative staff at our headquarters, office expenses and professional fees. Our administrative expenses increased by approximately RMB2.4 million or 7.1% from approximately RMB33.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2020 to approximately RMB35.7 million for the Year. Such increase was a result of the combined effect of (i) the increase in research and development expense of approximately RMB2.0 million mainly in respect of our property engineering services; (ii) increase in administrative staff cost of approximately RMB4.9 million; and (iii) increase in anti-epidemic and other general administrative expenses and anti-epidemic expenses associated with the growth in properties under management of approximately RMB3.2 million, which was offsetted by the reduction in listing expense of approximately RMB8.0 million in connection with the the global offering (the "Global Offering") in connection with the listing of the Company's shares ("Shares") on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") incurred during 2020.

Finance Costs

Our finance costs represented the imputed interest generated from rights of use assets in connection with the lease contract payments for our lease properties.

Income Tax Expenses

Our income tax expenses increased by approximately RMB1.0 million or 5.9% from approximately RMB17.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2020 to approximately RMB18.2 million for the Year which was in line with the growth in profit before tax brought from the increase in revenue during the Year.

銷售及營銷開支

我們的銷售及營銷開支主要包括營銷開支及營銷人員的員工成本。我們的銷售及營銷開支於年內保持相對穩定,於本年度約為人民幣1.5百萬元,而於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度則約為人民幣1.7百萬元。

行政開支

我們的行政開支主要包括總部行政人員的員工成本、辦公室開支及專業用,我們的行政開支由截至二零二零年十一月三十一日止年度的約人民幣33.4百萬元。該增加乃人民幣35.7百萬元。該增加乃在軍人民幣35.7百萬元。該增加乃大民幣3.7百萬元。該增加於大民幣4.9百萬元;(ii)行政人員成本增加約人民幣4.9百萬元;及(iii)與在管物業增長有關的研發開支增加約人民幣4.9百萬元;及其他一般行政開支增加約人民幣3.2 球售有關本公司股份於香港聯合交百萬元,被於二零二產生的與多有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市的上市域少約人民幣8.0百萬元所抵銷。

財務成本

我們的財務成本指與租賃物業的租賃合 約付款有關的使用權資產所產生的推算 利息。

所得税開支

我們的所得税開支由截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度約人民幣17.2百萬元增加約人民幣1.0百萬元或5.9%至本年度約人民幣18.2百萬元,與本年度收益增加帶來的除稅前溢利增長一致。

年報 2021 興業物聯服務集團有限公司



Profit for the Year

As a result of the foregoing, our profit attributable to the owners of the parent increased by approximately RMB11.0 million or 25.3% from approximately RMB43.5 million for the year ended 31 December 2020 to approximately RMB54.5 million for the Year.

Dividend for the Year

The Board recommends the payment of a final dividend in respect of the Year of HK2.50 cents (equivalent to approximately RMB2.045 cents) per share out of the Company's share premium account, amounting to a total dividend of HK\$10.0 million (equivalent to approximately RMB8.2 million).

FINANCIAL POSITION

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment of our Group primarily represented machinery and electronic equipment used in our headquarters and the management centres in our properties under management. There was no material additions during the Year and subject to the annual depreciation, the carrying value of property, plant and equipment remained relatively stable and amounted to approximately RMB1.7 million as at 31 December 2021 as compared to approximately RMB2.1 million as at 31 December 2020.

Trade Receivables

Our total trade receivables was approximately RMB40.6 million and trade receivable net of loss allowance was approximately RMB40.0 million as at 31 December 2021, as compared to that of approximately RMB38.8 million and RMB38.4 million, respectively, as at 31 December 2020.

Our trade receivables from related parties of approximately RMB31.4 million as at 31 December 2021, representing an decrease of approximately RMB3.0 million or 8.8% as compared to approximately RMB34.4 million as at 31 December 2020, were associated with outstanding property management fees generated from unsold properties under management and property engineering services rendered to the related parties.

年內溢利

由於上述因素,我們的母公司擁有人應 佔溢利由截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度約人民幣43.5百萬元增加約人民 幣 I I.0百萬元或25.3%至本年度約人民幣 54.5百萬元。

本年度股息

董事會建議就本年度末期股息自本公司股份溢價賬派付每股股份2.50港仙(相當於人民幣2.045分),股息總額約為10.0百萬港元(相當於人民幣8.2百萬元)。

財務狀況

物業、廠房及設備

本集團的物業、廠房及設備主要指我們總部及在管物業管理中心使用的機械及電子設備。於本年度並無重大添置,並須每年計提折舊,我們的物業、廠房及設備賬面價值保持相對穩定,於二零二一年十二月三十一日約為人民幣1.7百萬元,而於二零二零年十二月三十一日則約為人民幣2.1百萬元。

貿易應收款項

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,我們的 貿易應收款項總額及扣除虧損撥備的貿 易應收款項分別約為人民幣40.6百萬元及 人民幣40.0百萬元,而於二零二零年十二 月三十一日則分別約為人民幣38.8百萬元 及人民幣38.4百萬元。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,我們的應收關聯方貿易款項約為人民幣31.4百萬元,較二零二零年十二月三十一日的約人民幣34.4百萬元減少約人民幣3.0百萬元或8.8%,其與在管未出售物業產生的未繳物業管理費以及提供給關聯方的物業工程服務有關。



Our trade receivables from Independent Third Parties amounted to approximately RMB9.2 million as at 31 December 2021, representing an increase of approximately RMB4.8 million or 108.0% as compared to approximately RMB4.4 million as at 31 December 2020, which was in line with the growth in properties under management.

Trade Payables

Our trade payables primarily consisted of payables to our suppliers for their products and our subcontractors for their provision of labour or services for property management and value-added services and property engineering services. Our trade payables amounted to approximately RMB22.5 million as at 31 December 2021, representing a decrease of approximately RMB2.8 million or 11.0% as compared to approximately RMB25.3 million as at 31 December 2020. The decrease in trade payables was as a result of the timely settlement of our trade payables during the Year.

Other Payables and Accruals

Our other payables and accruals mainly comprised other payables, payroll payables, deposits, tax payables other than income tax and amounts due to related parties. Our other payables and accruals amounted to approximately RMB55.2 million as at 31 December 2021 representing an increase of approximately RMB19.5 million or 54.7% as compared to approximately RMB35.7 million as at 31 December 2020. The increase was attributable to the increase in other payables associated with property maintenance fund and utilities receipts collected from property owners in relation to water, electricity and heating costs as a result of the growth in properties under management.

Contract Liabilities

Our contract liabilities represented advanced receipts for property management and value-added services. Our contract liabilities increased from approximately RMB40.2 million as at 31 December 2020 to approximately RMB74.0 million as at 31 December 2021. The increase was attributable to the growth in properties under management by our Group.

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,我們應 收獨立第三方貿易款項約為人民幣9.2百 萬元,較二零二零年十二月三十一日約 人民幣4.4百萬元增加約人民幣4.8百萬元 或108.0%,與在管物業的增長一致。

貿易應付款項

我們的貿易應付款項主要包括向提供產品的供應商及就物業管理及增值服務以及物業工程服務提供勞動力或服務的分包商應付款項。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,我們的貿易應付款項約為人民幣22.5百萬元,較二零二零年十二月三十一日的約人民幣25.3百萬元減少約人民幣2.8百萬元或II.0%。我們本年度貿易應付款項的及時結算導致貿易應付款項減少。

其他應付款項及應計費用

合約負債

我們的合約負債為物業管理及增值服務 預收款項。我們的合約負債由二零二零 年十二月三十一日約人民幣40.2百萬元增 加至二零二一年十二月三十一日約人民 幣74.0百萬元。該等增加乃主要由本集團 在管物業增加所致。



Indebtedness

As at 31 December 2021, we had no outstanding borrowings and unutilised banking facilities (2020: Nil). The Group's lease liabilities amounted to approximately RMB5.1 million as at 31 December 2021 and remained stable with approximately the same amount as at 31 December 2020.

Liquidity, Financial Resources and Capital Structure

Our Group maintained a healthy financial position. As at 31 December 2021, the current assets amounted to approximately RMB526.0 million, representing an increase of approximately 24.3% as compared to approximately RMB423.1 million as at 31 December 2020 As at 31 December 2021, cash and cash equivalents of our Group amounted to approximately RMB399.1 million, representing an increase of approximately RMB30.0 million or 8.1% as compared to approximately RMB369.2 million as at 31 December 2020. As at 31 December 2021, the cash and cash equivalents of the Group were mainly denominated in RMB and Hong Kong dollars.

Gearing ratio is calculated based on the total debt (of which debt represents interest-bearing borrowings) divided by the total equity as at the end of the reporting period. As at 31 December 2021, our Group has no interest-bearing borrowings and hence the gearing ratio was nil.

The capital structure of our Group is primarily equity which comprises issued share capital and reserves.

Current Ratio

Current ratio is calculated based on the total current assets divided by the total current liabilities at the end of the reporting period. The current ratio of our Group as at 31 December 2021 was approximately 3.4 times as compared to that of approximately 3.9 times as at 31 December 2020.

債務

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,我們並無未償還借款及未動用銀行融資(二零二零年:無)。本集團於二零二一年十二月三十一日的租賃負債約為人民幣5.1百萬元,與二零二零年十二月三十一日的金額幾乎相同,維持穩定。

流動資金、財務資源及資本架構

本集團的財務狀況保持良好。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,流動資產約為人民幣526.0百萬元,較二零二零年十二月三十一日的約人民幣423.1百萬元增加約24.3%。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團的現金及現金等價物約為人民幣30.0百萬元或8.1%。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團的現金及現金等價物以人民幣及港元結算。

資產負債比率按債務總額(其中債務即計息借款)除以報告期末的權益總額計算。 於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團 並無計息借款,因此並無計算資產負債 比率。

本集團的資本架構主要為股本,包括已 發行股本及儲備。

流動比率

流動比率按流動資產總值除以報告期末的流動負債總額計算。本集團的流動比率於二零二一年十二月三十一日約3.4倍,而於二零二零年十二月三十一日約3.9倍。



Charge of Group's Assets

As at 31 December 2021, one of the Company's subsidiaries in the PRC had pledged bank deposits amounting to RMB50.0 million to guarantee the bills acceptance granted by a bank under a bills acceptance agreement ("Bills Acceptance Agreement") to a related party which is a member of the Zensun Development Group and controlled by Ms. Zhang, the non-executive Director. In March 2022, such pledge was terminated between the Company's subsidiary and the bank and all pledged bank deposits amounting to RMB50.0 million was released from the financial guarantee provided by the Group for indebtedness of the related party.

Contingent Liabilities

As at 31 December 2021, one of the Company's subsidiaries in the PRC had pledged bank deposits amounting to RMB50.0 million to guarantee the bills acceptance granted by a bank under the Bills Acceptance Agreement to a related party which is a member of the Zensun Development Group and controlled by Ms. Zhang, the non-executive Director. In March 2022, such pledge was terminated between the Company's subsidiary and the bank and all pledged bank deposits amounting to RMB50.0 million was released from the financial guarantee provided by the Group for indebtedness of the related party. The Board consider that the possibility of default in payment regarding the indebtedness of the related party is remote as the above pledge was terminated between the Company's subsidiary and the bank and all pledged bank deposits was released from the financial guarantee provided for the indebtedness of the related party before the date of this annual report, and therefore, no provision has been made in the consolidated financial statements for the contingent liability associated with the financial guarantee provided by the Group to guarantee the bills acceptance granted by the bank to the related party.

Capital Commitments

As at 31 December 2021, the Group did not have any material capital commitments.

集團資產抵押

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本公司 在中國的附屬公司有受押銀行存款為人 民幣50.0百萬元作為一間銀行根據承兑 票據協議(「承兑票據協議」)向關聯方(為 正商發展集團的成員公司且受非執行董 事張女士控制)授出的承兑票據提供的擔 保。於二零二二年三月,本公司附屬公 司已與銀行終止此抵押,且人民幣50.0百 萬元之受押銀行存款已悉數從本集團對 關聯方債務提供的財務擔保中解除。

或有負債

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本公司 在中國的附屬公司有受押銀行存款為人 民幣50.0百萬元作為一間銀行根據承兑 票據協議(「承兑票據協議」)向關聯方(為 正商發展集團的成員公司且受本公司非 執行董事張女士控制)授出的承兑票據提 供的擔保。於二零二二年三月,本公司 附屬公司已與銀行終止此抵押,且人民 幣50.0百萬元之受押銀行存款已悉數從本 集團對關聯方債務提供的財務擔保中解 除。董事會認為,由於在本報告日期之 前,本公司附屬公司已與銀行終止有關 抵押,且所有受押銀行存款已悉數從對 關聯方債務的財務擔保中解除,就關聯 方發生債務付款違約可能性為低,故概 無於綜合財務報表內就與本集團就一間 銀行向關聯方授出的承兑票據提供的財 務擔保有關的或有負債作出撥備。

資本承擔

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團 並無任何重大資本承擔。



Foreign Exchange Risks

Our Group mainly operates in the PRC with most of the transactions settled in Renminbi. Therefore, the Group is not exposed to significant foreign currency exchange risk except certain bank balances denominated in Hong Kong dollars were held by the Company. Currently, the Group did not entered into contracts to hedge its exposure to foreign exchange risk, but the management will continue to monitor the foreign exchange exposure, and take prudent measures to reduce the foreign exchange risk.

EMPLOYMENT AND REMUNERATION POLICY

As at 31 December 2021, our Group had 571 employees. We generally determine employees' compensation based on their qualification, position, seniority and performance. Pursuant to relevant laws and regulations in the PRC, we participate in various employee social security plans that are organised by applicable local municipal and provincial governments, including pension, medical, maternity, work-related injury and unemployment benefit plans. Total staff-related cost, including Directors' emoluments, was approximately RMB43.3 million (2020: RMB28.3 million) during the Year.

MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES

During the Year, our Group did not have any material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS

As at 31 December 2021, the Group did not have any significant investments accounting for more than 5% of the Group's total assets.

FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS OR CAPITAL ASSETS

There was no specific plan for material investments or capital assets as at 31 December 2021. In the event that the Group is engaged in any plan for material investments or capital assets, the Company will make announcement(s) and comply with relevant rules under the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") as and when appropriate.

外匯風險

本集團主要在中國經營業務,大部分交易以人民幣結算。因此,除本公司持有的以港元計值的若干銀行結餘外,本集團並無面臨重大外匯風險。目前,本集團並未訂立合約對沖其外匯風險,但管理層將繼續監控外匯風險,並採取審慎措施降低外匯風險。

僱傭及薪酬政策

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團有571名員工。我們一般根據僱員資歷、職位、年資及表現釐定薪酬。按照中國相關法律法規,我們參與由相關地方市及省政府組織的多項僱員社會保障計劃,包括養老金、醫療、生育、工傷及失業福利計劃。於本年度,與員工相關的成本總額(包括董事酬金)約為人民幣43.3百萬元(二零二零年:人民幣28.3百萬元)。

重大收購及出售附屬公司、聯營 公司及合營企業

於本年度,本集團並無任何重大收購及 出售附屬公司、聯營公司及合營企業。

重大投資

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團 並無任何重大投資佔本集團資產總值的 5%以上。

重大投資或資本資產的未來計劃

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,並無有關重大投資或資本資產的任何具體計劃。倘本集團參與任何重大投資或資本資產計劃,本公司將於適當時候作出公告並遵守聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)項下的相關規則。



FUTURE OUTLOOK

Our Group plans to strengthen our position in the property management service and property engineering service industry by implementing the following strategies: (i) undertake additional property management projects with a focus on mid to high-end non-residential properties; (ii) selectively pursue merger and acquisition opportunities within the property management industry; (iii) participate in an early stage of construction projects with a view to winning the property management agreement tender at a later stage of the projects; (iv) continue to develop our mobile application to enhance our customer and user experience; (v) continue to enhance our property management services and property engineering services; and (vi) continue to upgrade our information technology systems to enhance our operational efficiency in our property management business.

In view of the intensifying competition in the property management services industry amidst the uncertain economic outlook due to the COVID-19 pandemic, our Group is in the midst of adjusting its business strategies to diversify its portfolio of pipeline properties to also include residential properties by means of submitting tenders or quotations for provision of property management services for such properties or mergers and acquisitions of property management services providers or project companies. The Directors believes that such diversification will enable our Group to optimize its overall operational efficiency to achieve a sustainable income growth and maximize returns to shareholders of the Company ("Shareholders").

未來展望

本集團計劃通過實施以下策略來加強我們在物業管理服務及物業工程服務行業中的地位:(i)承接更多物業管理項目,注發展中高端非住宅物業;(ii)選擇性自財階段參與建設項目以於競標中,贏得與實別數數應用程序以提升客戶理服務;(v)繼續加強我們的物業管理服務;及(vi)持續升級我們的物業工程服務;及(vi)持續升級我們的的營運效率。

鑒於COVID-19疫情使經濟前景不明朗,物業管理服務行業競爭加劇,本集團正在調整業務策略,納入住宅物業使管線內物業類型多元化,通過向相關物業是交供應物業管理服務標書或報價或業併收購物業管理服務供應商或項目公司的整體營運效率提升,從而實現可持續收入增長並增加本公司股東(「股東」)回報。

ZHU JIE

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Zhu Jie (朱杰) ("Mr. Zhu"), aged 45, was appointed as our Director on 12 August 2019 and was re-designated as our executive Director, chairman of our Board and our chief executive officer on 17 September 2019. Mr. Zhu is the chairman of the nomination committee of the Company ("Nomination Committee"). Mr. Zhu joined our Group in April 2015 and is primarily responsible for the overall management and strategic planning of our Group's business operations. Mr. Zhu is currently the chairman of the board of directors and general manager of Henan Xingye Internet of Things Management Technology Co., Ltd.* (河南興業物聯網管理科技有限公司) ("Xingye IOT Management") and the executive director and general manager of Henan Xingye Internet of Things Information Consulting Co., Ltd.* (河南興業物聯信息諮詢有限公司) ("Xingye Consulting"), each a subsidiary of our Company.

Mr. Zhu has over 20 years of experience in the real estate and property management industry. Mr. Zhu served as a deputy general manager of Xingye IOT Management from April 2015 to May 2017 and was subsequently appointed as the chairman of the board of directors and general manager of Xingye IOT Management in May 2017. He has been the executive director and general manager of Xingye Consulting since its establishment in April 2018. Prior to joining our Group, from August 1997 to March 2001, Mr. Zhu served as a supervisor in Henan Zhengzhou Jianguo Restaurant Co., Ltd.* (河南鄭州建國飯 店有限公司), which is principally engaged in catering, entertainment and hotel consulting. From March 2001 to August 2004, Mr. Zhu served as a manager of Henan Xin Changcheng Shiye Restaurant Co., Ltd.* (河南新長城實業有限公 司長城飯店), which is principally engaged in the provision of catering services and property management. From August 2004 to August 2013, Mr. Zhu served as a deputy general manager of Henan Taiping Shijia Property Management Co., Ltd.* (河南太平世家物業服務有限公司), which is principally engaged in the provision of property management services. From September 2013 to March 2015, Mr. Zhu served as a deputy general manager in Xuchang Huiyu Real Estate Co., Ltd.* (許昌滙裕地產有限公司), which is principally engaged in real estate development and sales.

Mr. Zhu obtained a diploma in refrigeration and air conditioning from Henan Textile Industry College (河南紡織工業學校) in the PRC in June 1997.

朱杰

主席兼行政總裁

朱杰先生(「朱先生」),45歲,於二零一九年八月十二日獲委任為董事,於二零一九年九月十七日調任為執行事、董事會主席兼行政總裁。朱先生於二零一五年四月加體主席。朱先生於二零一五年四月加體理及策略規劃。朱先生目前為為門之司(「興業諮詢」)的董事會主席兼總經理及河前屬公司(「興業諮詢」)(多本公司附屬公司)執行董事兼總經理及司附屬公司的關公司)執行董事兼總經理及高

朱先生擁有逾20年房地產及物業管理行 業經驗。朱先生由二零一五年四月至二 零一七年五月擔任興業物聯管理副總經 理,其後於二零一十年五月獲委任為興 業物聯管理董事會主席兼總經理。自興 業諮詢於二零一八年四月成立開始,朱 先生一直擔任其執行董事兼總經理。加 入本集團前,朱先生由一九九七年八月 至二零零一年三月,在河南鄭州建國飯 店有限公司(主要從事餐飲、娛樂及酒店 顧問)擔任監事。由二零零一年三月至二 零零四年八月,朱先生在河南新長城實 業有限公司長城飯店(主要從事提供餐飲 服務及物業管理)擔任經理。由二零零四 年八月至二零一三年八月,朱先生在河 南太平世家物業服務有限公司(主要從事 提供物業管理服務)擔任副總經理。由二 零一三年九月至二零一五年三月,朱先 生在許昌滙裕地產有限公司(主要從事房 地產開發及銷售)擔任副總經理。

朱先生於一九九七年六月獲得中國河南 紡織工業學校空調製冷文憑。



ZHANG HUIQI

Non-executive Director

Ms. Zhang Huiqi (張惠琪) ("Ms. Zhang"), aged 32, was appointed as our Director on 12 August 2019 and was re-designated as our non-executive Director on 17 September 2019. Ms. Zhang joined our Group as a supervisor from September 2013 to May 2017 and re-joined our Group in 12 August 2019 and is primarily responsible for our Group's business development and investor relations.

Ms. Zhang obtained a bachelor's degree in business administration (economic information management) from Beijing Forestry University (北京林業大學) in the PRC in July 2011, a master of science degree in management from University of Leicester in the United Kingdom in January 2014 and a master of science degree in project and enterprise management from University College London in the United Kingdom in November 2015.

In addition, Ms. Zhang is currently a director of Global Medical REIT Inc., a company listed on the New York Stock Exchange (Stock Code: GMRE) which is principally engaged in the real estate investment business in the United States.

Ms. Zhang is the sole director of Foison Amber Development Limited ("Foison Amber Development") and Fast Achieve Global Limited ("Fast Achieve"), which are immediate shareholder and intermediate holding company of our Group, respectively and interested in 56.59% of the issued share capital of our Company by virtue of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO"). Ms. Zhang is also the protector and a discretionary beneficiary of the family trust ("Blossom Trust") established on 16 August 2019 by Ms. Huang Yanping as settlor, which ultimately owns 56.59% of our Group. Ms. Zhang is entitled to control the exercise of approximately 56.59% of the total issued share capital of our Company by virtue of the SFO.

張惠琪

非執行董事

張惠琪女士(「張女士」),32歲,於二零一九年八月十二日獲委任為董事,並於二零一九年九月十七日調任為非執行董事。張女士於二零一三年九月至二零一七年五月加入本集團擔任監事及於二零一九年八月十二日再次加入本集團,主要負責本集團業務發展及投資者關係。

張女士於二零一一年七月獲得中國北京 林業大學工商管理(經濟信息管理方向) 學士學位,於二零一四年一月獲得英國 萊斯特大學管理學理學碩士學位,並於 二零一五年十一月獲得英國倫敦大學學 院項目及企業管理理學碩士學位。

此外,張女士目前為Global Medical REIT Inc.的董事,該等公司於美國從事房地產 投資信託,而其股份於紐約證券交易所 上市(股票代號:GMRE)。

張女士為榮珀發展有限公司(「榮珀發展」)和速達環球有限公司(「速達」)的唯一董事,該等公司分別為本集團的直接股東和間接控股公司並根據證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部第2及3分部,對本公司已發行股本中擁有56.59%權益。張女士亦為由黃燕萍女士作為財產授予人於二零一九年八月十六日成立的家族信託(「豐華信託」,最終擁有本集團56.59%權益)的保護人及酌情受益人。根據證券及期貨條例,張女士有權控制行使本公司已發行股本總額約56.59%。

年報 2021 興業物聯服務集團有限公司



WANG JINHU

Non-executive Director

Mr. Wang Jinhu (王金虎) ("Mr. Wang"), aged 51, was appointed as our Director on 12 August 2019 and was re-designated as our non-executive Director on 17 September 2019. Mr. Wang joined our Group in May 2017 and is primarily responsible for providing strategic advice to our Board. Mr. Wang is currently a vice president of Henan Zensun Real Estates Co., Ltd.* (河南正商置業有限公司).

Mr. Wang has over 28 years of experience in the real estate and property management industry. Mr. Wang has been serving as a director of Xingye IOT Management since May 2017. Prior to joining our Group, Mr. Wang served as the construction supervisor from September 1993 to June 1995, then the statistical officer from July 1995 to February 1997 of Zhengzhou Huayu Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.* (鄭州華裕房地產開發有限公司), which is principally engaged in real estate development and operation. From March 1997 to December 1997, from January 1998 to March 1999, from April 1999 to October 2000, Mr. Wang served as a sales personnel, a manager of the strategic planning department and a manager of the real estate management service department, respectively, in Henan Xingye Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.* (河南興業房地產開發有限公司), which is principally engaged in real estate development. From November 2000 to January 2003, Mr. Wang served as the head of the landscape and decoration department; from January 2003 to January 2005, he served as a general manager of the project department; from January 2005 to June 2006, he served as an assistant to the chief executive officer; from June 2006 to October 2008, he served as a marketing director and as an assistant to the executive officer; from October 2008 to April 2009, he served as an assistant to the executive officer, the head of the landscape support center and technology centre and in April 2009, he was promoted to the position of vice president in Henan Zensun Real Estates Co., Ltd.* (河南正商置業有限公司), which is principally engaged in real estate development.

王金虎

非執行董事

王金虎先生(「王先生」),51歲,於二零一九年八月十二日獲委任為董事,並於二零一九年九月十七日調任為非執行董事。王先生於二零一七年五月加入本集團,主要負責向董事會提供策略意見。王先生目前為河南正商置業有限公司副總裁。

王先生擁有逾28年房地產及物業管理 行業經驗。王先生由二零一七年五月起 一直擔任興業物聯管理董事。加入本 集團前,王先生由一九九三年九月至 一九九五年六月在鄭州華裕房地產開發 有限公司(主要從事房地產開發及營運) 擔任建築監工,及後由一九九五年七月 至一九九七年二月擔任統計主任。由 一九九七年三月至一九九七年十二月、 由一九九八年一月至一九九九年三月及 由一九九九年四月至二零零零年十月, 王先生在河南興業房地產開發有限公司 (主要從事房地產開發)的職位分別為銷 售人員、戰略策劃部經理及房地產管理 服務部經理。由二零零零年十一月至二 零零三年一月,王先生曾任景觀及裝飾 部主管;由二零零三年一月至二零零五 年一月,彼曾任項目部總經理;由二零 零五年一月至二零零六年六月,彼曾任 行政總裁助理;由二零零六年六月至二 零零八年十月,彼曾任營銷總監兼總裁 助理;由二零零八年十月至二零零九年 四月,彼曾任總裁助理兼景觀配套中心 及技術中心主管,並於二零零九年四月 晉升至河南正商置業有限公司(主要從事 房地產開發)副總裁一職。



Mr. Wang graduated from University of Henan (河南大學) in the PRC in July 1993 with a major in geography and completed a senior management business administration course at Tsinghua University (清華大學) in the PRC in October 2010. Mr. Wang also obtained the certificate of senior construction engineer in March 2008 granted by Tianjin Personnel Bureau* (天津市人事局).

王先生於一九九三年七月畢業於中國河南大學地理專業,並於二零一零年十月在中國清華大學完成高級管理業務行政課程。王先生亦於二零零八年三月獲天津市人事局授予高級建築工程師證書。

LIU ZHENQIANG

Non-executive Director

Mr. Liu Zhenqiang (劉振強) ("Mr. Liu"), aged 62, was appointed as our Director on 12 August 2019 and was re-designated as our non-executive Director on 17 September 2019. Mr. Liu joined our Group in May 2017 and is primarily responsible for providing strategic advice to our Board. Mr. Liu is currently a vice president of Henan Zensun Real Estates Co., Ltd.* (河南正商置業有限公司).

Mr. Liu has over 17 years of experience in the property management and real estate industry. Mr. Liu has been serving as a director of Xingye IOT Management since May 2017. Prior to joining our Group, Mr Liu served as a deputy general manager and a supervisor of the property management centre from October 2004 to October 2005, a deputy supervisor of the land development committee from January 2007 to August 2008, a deputy director of the land development centre from September 2008 to April 2009, a director of the land development centre from April 2009 to October 2011, and was further promoted to the position of vice president in October 2011 of Henan Zensun Real Estates Co., Ltd.* (河南正商置業有限公司), which is principally engaged in real estate development. Mr. Liu also served as an assistant to the general manager and head of real estate management service and customer service department of Henan Xingye Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.* (河南興業房地產開發有限公司) from October 2005 to January 2007.

Mr. Liu obtained a bachelor's degree in physics, majoring in radio physics, in June 1983 from the University of Zhengzhou (鄭州大學) in the PRC and graduated from the University of Zhengzhou (鄭州大學) in the PRC in November 2006 with a major in business administration. Mr. Liu also obtained the certificate of senior engineer of construction and installation in the PRC granted by Tianjin Personnel Bureau* (天津市人事局) in March 2008.

劉振強

非執行董事

劉振強先生(「劉先生」),62歲,於二零 一九年八月十二日獲委任為董事,並於 二零一九年九月十七日調任為非執行董 事。劉先生於二零一七年五月加入本集 團,主要負責向董事會提供策略意見。 劉先生目前為河南正商置業有限公司副 總裁。

劉先生擁有逾17年物業管理及房地產行 業經驗。劉先生由二零一七年五月起一 直擔任興業物聯管理董事。加入本集團 前,劉先生由二零零四年十月至二零零 五年十月,在河南正商置業有限公司(主 要從事房地產開發)擔任物業管理中心副 總經理兼監事,由二零零七年一月至二 零零八年八月擔任土地發展委員會副主 管,由二零零八年九月至二零零九年四 月擔任土地發展中心副總監,由二零零 九年四月至二零一一年十月擔任土地發 展中心總監,並於二零一一年十月進一 步升遷至副總裁一職。由二零零五年十 月至二零零七年一月,劉先生亦在河南 興業房地產開發有限公司擔任總經理助 理以及房地產管理服務及客戶服務部主 管。

劉先生於一九八三年六月在中國鄭州大學獲得物理學士學位(主修無線電物理學)及於二零零六年十一月畢業於中國鄭州大學工商管理專業。劉先生亦於二零零八年三月獲中國天津市人事局授予建造及安裝高級工程師證書。



XU CHUN

Independent non-executive Director

Mr. Xu Chun (徐春) ("Mr. Xu"), aged 45, was appointed as our Director on 9 September 2019 and was re-designated as our independent non-executive Director on 17 September 2019. Mr. Xu is a member of the Nomination Committee, the audit committee ("Audit Committee") and the remuneration committee ("Remuneration Committee") of the Company. He is mainly responsible for supervising and providing independent advice to our Board.

Mr. Xu has more than 17 years of experience in the real estate industry. From August 1999 to August 2004, Mr. Xu worked as a deputy chief of technical quality division of Jiangsu Huajian Construction Co., Ltd. (Shenzhen branch)* (江蘇省華建建設股份有限公司深圳分公司), which is principally engaged in building construction. From September 2004 to December 2004, he worked as a civil engineer of Shenzhen Hongwei Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.* (深圳鴻威房地產開發有限公司), which is principally engaged in real estate development. From December 2004 to April 2013, he worked in the Longban area in Shenzhen Wanke Development Co., Ltd.* (深圳市萬科發展有限公 司) (formerly known as Shenzhen Wanke Real Estate Co., Ltd.* (深圳市萬 科房地產有限公司)), which is principally engaged in real estate development with his last position as a general manager. From April 2013 to April 2020, he worked as a vice president in Zhuoyue Real Estate Holdings Co., Ltd.* (卓越置 業集團有限公司), which is principally engaged in real estate development. From May 2020 to May 2021, Mr. Xu was appointed as the vice president of Sinic Holdings (Group) Company Limited, a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 2103), and also served as the chairman of the board of Shenzhen, Dongguan and Huizhou regions, and with his last position as vice president and the chairman of the board of Bay Area Regions (including Shenzhen, Dongguan, Huizhou, Zhongshan and Zhuhai regions). From June 2021, he was appointed as the chairman of Huachuang Chengkai Holding (Shenzhen) Group Co. Ltd.* (華創城開控股(深圳)集團有限公司) and Shenzhen Huaan Investment Development Co. Ltd.* (深圳市華安投資發展有限公司).

徐春

獨立非執行董事

徐春先生(「徐先生」),45歲,於二零一九年九月九日獲委任為董事,並於二零一九年九月十七日調任為獨立非執行董事。徐先生為提名委員會、本公司審核委員會(「審核委員會」)及本公司薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」)成員。彼主要負責監督董事會並向其提供獨立建議。

徐先生在房地產行業積逾17年經驗。於 一九九九年八月至二零零四年八月,徐 先生在江蘇省華建建設股份有限公司深 圳分公司擔任技術質量部副部長,該公 司主要從事房屋建築。於二零零四年九 月至二零零四年十二月,彼在深圳鴻威 房地產開發有限公司擔任土木工程師, 該公司主要從事房地產開發。於二零零 四年十二月至二零一三年四月,彼在深 圳市萬科發展有限公司(前稱深圳市萬 科房地產有限公司,該公司主要從事房 地產開發)龍坂片區工作,離職前任總 經理。於二零一三年四月至二零二零年 四月,彼擔任卓越置業集團有限公司副 總裁,該公司主要從事房地產開發。於 二零二零年五月至二零二一年五月,徐 先生獲委任為新力控股(集團)有限公司 (其股份於聯交所主板上市(股份代號: 2103))副總裁,並兼任其深莞惠區域公 司董事長,離職前任副總裁兼灣區公司 (包括深圳、東莞、惠州、中山及珠海地 區)董事長。自二零二一年六月,徐先生 獲委任華創城開控股(深圳)集團有限公 司及深圳市華安投資發展有限公司董事 長。



Mr. Xu obtained a bachelor's degree in construction engineering from China University of Mining and Technology (中國礦業大學) in the PRC in July 1999, a master of construction and civil engineering degree in Southeast University (東南大學) in the PRC in April 2005. Mr. Xu has also obtained an executive master of business administration degree from Tsinghua University (清華大學) in the PRC in January 2019.

徐先生於一九九九年七月在中國獲得中國礦業大學建築工程學學士學位、於二零零五年四月在中國獲得東南大學建築和土木工程碩士學位。徐先生亦於二零一九年一月在中國獲得清華大學高級工商管理碩士學位。

FENG ZHIDONG

Independent non-executive Director

Mr. Feng Zhidong (馮志東) ("Mr. Feng"), aged 48, was appointed as our Director on 12 August 2019 and was re-designated as our independent non-executive Director on 17 September 2019. Mr. Feng is the chairman of the Audit Committee and a member of the Remuneration Committee. He is mainly responsible for supervising and providing independent advice to our Board.

Mr. Feng has more than 21 years of experience in financial management, capital operations and managing investor relations. In particular, Mr. Feng was a deputy general manager of the capital department of Yue Xiu Enterprises (Holdings) Limited from December 2009 to July 2016. Mr. Feng was also a general manager of the investor relations department of a group company of Yuexiu Property Company Limited, a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 123) from April 2012 to April 2016. Mr. Feng was an independent non-executive director of OKG Technology Holdings Limited (formerly known as LEAP Holdings Group Limited), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1499), a company principally engaged in the provision of foundation works and ancillary services from August 2015 to November 2017.

In addition, Mr. Feng has served as (i) the chairman of the board and a director of Guangzhou Yueting Network Technology Co., Ltd.* (廣州悦停網絡科技有限公司), which is principally engaged in internet parking services, since June 2016; and (ii) the chairman of the board and a director of Guangzhou Yueting Capital Management Co., Ltd.* (廣州悦停資本管理有限公司), which is principally engaged in parking management and corporate management services, since August 2018.

馮志東

獨立非執行董事

馮志東先生(「馮先生」),48歲,於二零一九年八月十二日獲委任為董事,並於二零一九年九月十七日調任為獨立非執行董事。馮先生為審核委員會之主席及薪酬委員會之成員。彼主要負責監督董事會及向其提供獨立建議。

馮先生在財務管理、資本運作及投資者關係管理方面擁有逾21年經驗。具體體,馬先生於二零零九年十二月至二十二月在越秀企業(集團)有限公司,擔任資本經營部副總經理。馮先生於二零一二年四月至二零一六年2月在國子中,股份代號:123)擔任五年以月至二零一七年十一月在歐科上市公司,聯交所主板上市公司,聯交所主板上市公司,聯交所主极上市公司,聯交所主极上市公司,聯交所主极上市公司,股份代號:1499,為主要從事提供地基工程及配套服務的公司)擔任獨立非執行董事。

此外,馮先生(i)自二零一六年六月起擔任廣州悦停網絡科技有限公司董事長兼董事,該公司主要從事網絡停車服務;及(ii)自二零一八年八月起在廣州悦停資本管理有限公司擔任董事長兼董事,該公司主要從事停車場管理及企業管理服務。

年報 2021 興業物聯服務集團有限公司



Mr. Feng obtained a bachelor's degree in international accounting from the Renmin University of China (中國人民大學) in the PRC in July 1995 and obtained a master's degree in business administration from South China University of Technology (華南理工大學) in the PRC in February 2004. Mr. Feng has also completed the mergers and acquisitions executive program from the Business School of Sun Yat-sen University (中山大學) in the PRC in March 2015 and the Global Entrepreneur Leadership Program from the PBC School of Finance at Tsinghua University (清華大學五道口金融學院) in the PRC in July 2019. In addition, Mr. Feng obtained the certificate of specialty and technology (intermediate level) in accounting in the PRC granted by the Ministry of Finance of the PRC in May 1999.

馮先生於一九九五年七月在中國獲得中國人民大學國際會計學士學位,並於二零零四年二月獲得中國華南理工大學工商管理碩士學位。馮先生亦於二零一五年三月在中國中山大學商學院完成併購行政人員課程,並於二零一九年七月在中國清華大學五道口金融學院完成全球創業領袖項目。此外,馮先生於一九九九年五月在中國取得財政部頒發的會計專業技術(中級)資格證書。

ZHOU SHENG

Independent non-executive Director

Mr. Zhou Sheng (周勝) ("Mr. Zhou"), aged 49, was appointed as our Director on 12 August 2019 and was re-designated as our independent non-executive Director on 17 September 2019. Mr. Zhou is the chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee. He is mainly responsible for supervising and providing independent advice to our Board.

Mr. Zhou has more than 22 years of experience in the legal field in the PRC. From July 1999 to February 2002 and from March 2002 to November 2006, Mr. Zhou worked as an associate in Beijing Weiheng Law Firm (北京市煒衡律師事務所) and Beijing Saide Tianqin Law Firm* (北京市賽德天勤律師事務所), respectively, both located in Beijing, China. Mr. Zhou started as an associate at Beijing City Zhong Zhou Law Firm* (北京市中洲律師事務所), a law firm located in Beijing, China, in November 2006 and is currently a senior partner of the law firm.

Mr. Zhou obtained a bachelor's degree in materials engineering from Jiangxi University of Science and Technology (江西理工大學) (formerly known as Nanfang Yejin College (南方冶金學院)) in the PRC in June 1995. He also obtained a bachelor's degree in law from China University of Political Science and Law (中國政法大學) in the PRC in July 1999. He further obtained a master's degree in business administration from Peking University (北京大學) in the PRC in July 2013.

周勝

獨立非執行董事

周勝先生(「周先生」),49歲,於二零一九年八月十二日獲委任為董事,並於二零一九年九月十七日調任為獨立非執行董事。周先生為薪酬委員會之主席以及審核委員會及提名委員會之成員。彼主要負責監督董事會並向其提供獨立建議。

周先生在中國法律領域擁有逾22年經驗。由一九九九年七月至二零零二年二月以及由二零零二年三月至二零零六年十一月,周先生分別在北京市煒衡律師事務所以及北京市賽德天勤律師事務所擔任專職律師,此兩所律師事務所均位於中國北京市。周先生於二零零六年十一月開始擔任北京市中洲律師事務所(位於中國北京市的律師事務所)專職律師,現為該律師事務所的高級合夥人。

周先生於一九九五年六月在中國獲得江 西理工大學(前稱南方冶金學院)材料 工程學士學位。彼亦於一九九九年七月 在中國的中國政法大學獲得法學學士學 位。彼其後於二零一三年七月在中國獲 得北京大學工商管理碩士學位。



Mr. Zhang Yong (張勇) ("Mr. Zhang"), aged 39, joined our Group in March 2015 and is primarily responsible for our Group's financing activities and capital operation.

Mr. Zhang has over 9 years of experience in the real estate and property management industry. Mr. Zhang served as an executive director and general manager of Xingye IOT Management from March 2015 to April 2017. He was a secretary of the board of directors of Xingye IOT Management from May 2017 to September 2019. He has been a deputy general manager of Xingye IOT Management since May 2017. Prior to joining our Group, from August 2006 to April 2011, Mr. Zhang served as an engineer of Zhejiang Electric Power Company Jinshuitan Hydropower Plant* (浙江省電力公司緊水灘水力發電廠), which is principally engaged in hydroelectric power. From May 2011 to March 2013 and from April 2013 to March 2015, Mr. Zhang served as a specialist of capital operations and a manager of capital securities department, respectively, in Henan Zensun Real Estates Co., Ltd.* (河南正商置業有限公司), which is principally engaged in real estate development and operation. Mr. Zhang served as a supervisor in Henan Zhengshang Donghua Real Estate Co., Ltd.* (河南 正商東華置業有限公司) from January 2016 to December 2020 and Henan Zhengshang Shangbin Real Estate Co., Ltd.* (河南正商尚濱置業有限公司) from July 2016 to November 2018, respectively, both of which are principally engaged in real estate development. Mr. Zhang obtained a bachelor's degree in agricultural hydraulics engineering from North China University of Water Resources and Electric Power (華北水利水電學院) in the PRC in July 2004 and further obtained a master's degree in engineering from Wuhan University (武漢 大學) in the PRC in June 2006.

張勇先生(「張先生」),39歲,於二零 一五年三月加入本集團,主要負責本集 團融資活動及資本經營。

張先生擁有逾9年房地產及物業管理行業 經驗。由二零一五年三月至二零一七年 四月, 張先生在興業物聯管理擔任執行 董事兼總經理。由二零一七年五月至二 零一九年九月,彼擔任興業物聯管理董 事會秘書。彼自二零一十年五月以來一 直擔任興業物聯管理的副總經理。加入 本集團前,張先生由二零零六年八月至 二零一一年四月在浙江省電力公司緊水 灘水力發電廠(主要從事水力發電)任職 工程師。由二零一一年五月至二零一三 年三月及二零一三年四月至二零一五年 三月,張先生分別在河南正商置業有限 公司(主要從事房地產開發及營運)擔任 資本運作專員及資本證券部經理。張先 生分別於二零一六年一月至二零二零年 十二月在河南正商東華置業有限公司以 及二零一六年七月至二零一八十一月在 河南正商尚濱置業有限公司(兩家公司均 主要從事房地產開發)擔任監事。張先生 於二零零四年七月獲得中國華北水利水 電學院農業水力工程學士學位,於二零 零六年六月進一步獲得中國武漢大學工 程碩士學位。



Ms. Guo Hong (郭紅) ("Ms. Guo"), aged 49, joined our Group in January 2016 and is primarily responsible for our Group's daily operations.

Ms. Guo has over 13 years of experience in the real estate and property management industry. Ms. Guo served as a manager in the general administrative department of Xingye IOT Management from January 2016 to July 2017 and served as a supervisor from May 2017 to September 2019. She was also promoted to the position of supervisor in November 2017 in Henan Wuxiang Intelligent Technology Co., Ltd.* (河南物象智能科技有限公司). She has been a deputy general manager of Xingye IOT Management since August 2017. Prior to joining our Group, Ms. Guo served as a sales consultant and sales manager in Henan Minghui Real Estates Co., Ltd.* (河南省明輝置業有限公司), which is principally engaged in real estate development and operation, from May 1997 to September 1998 and from September 1998 to September 2000, respectively. From July 2001 to September 2004 and from September 2004 to September 2011, Ms. Guo served as an assistant to the general manager and deputy general manager, respectively, in Henan Runhua Shangwu Service Co., Ltd.* (河南潤華 商務服務有限公司), which is principally engaged in housing rental and business information consulting services. From May 2011 to December 2015, Ms. Guo served as a manager in the general department of Henan Jianzheng Real Estate Co., Ltd.* (河南建正房地產有限公司), which is principally engaged in real estate development and operation.

Ms. Guo obtained a bachelor's degree in labour economics management from Henan University of Economics and Law (河南財經政法大學) (formerly known as Henan College of Economics (河南財經學院)) in the PRC in December 1999.

郭紅女士(「郭女士」),49歲,於二零 一六年一月加入本集團,主要負責本集 團的日常營運。

郭女士擁有逾13年房地產及物業管理行 業經驗。由二零一六年一月至二零一七 年十月,郭女士在興業物聯管理綜合管 理部門擔任經理,並由二零一七年五月 至二零一九年九月擔任監事。彼亦於二 零一十年十一月升遷為河南物象智能科 技有限公司的監事。彼自二零一七年八 月以來一直擔任興業物聯管理的副總經 理。加入本集團前,郭女士由一九九七 年五月至一九九八年九月及由一九九八 年九月至二零零零年九月,分別在河南 省明輝置業有限公司(主要從事房地產開 發及營運)擔任銷售顧問及銷售經理。郭 女士分別於二零零一年七月至二零零四 年九月及由二零零四年九月至二零一一 年九月在河南潤華商務服務有限公司(主 要從事房屋租賃及商業信息諮詢服務)擔 任總經理助理及副總經理。由二零一一 年五月至二零一五年十二月,郭女士在 河南建正房地產有限公司(主要從事房地 產開發及營運)擔任總務部經理。

郭女士於一九九九年十二月獲得中國河 南財經政法大學(前稱河南財經學院)勞 動經濟管理學士學位。



Mr. Luo Shudan (羅書丹) ("Mr. Luo"), aged 46, joined our Group in October 2016 and is primarily responsible for the overall management of our property management services and property engineering services. Mr. Luo has over 12 years of experience in the property management and property engineering services industry. Mr. Luo has been serving as an engineering manager and an assistant to the general manager of Xingye IOT Management since October 2016. Prior to joining our Group, from October 1997 to May 2008, Mr. Luo served different positions (including supervisor of the department of general electrician) in Zhengzhou linlong Cement Co., Ltd.* (鄭州金龍水泥股份有限 公司), which is principally engaged in cement production and sales. From May 2008 to July 2010 and from July 2010 to December 2012, Mr. Luo served as a hydropower engineer and manager of the engineering maintenance department, respectively, of Henan Shanshui Property Management Co., Ltd.* (河南山水物 業管理有限公司), which is principally engaged in property management. From December 2012 to August 2013 and from August 2013 to January 2016, Mr. Luo served as an engineering manager and project manager for Project Olive City Urban Plaza, respectively, of Henan Yaxin Property Service Co., Ltd.* (河南 亞新物業服務有限公司), which is principally engaged in property management.

Mr. Luo obtained a bachelor in law degree from The Communist Party of China Henan Provincial Party School* (中共河南省委黨校) in the PRC in December 2002. In addition, Mr. Luo obtained the certificate of speciality in engineering in the PRC granted by the Shaanxi Provincial Department of Human Resources and Social Security* (陝西省人力資源和社會保障廳) in August 2010.

羅書丹先生(「羅先生」),46歲,於二零 一六年十月加入本集團,主要負責我們 物業管理服務及物業工程服務的整體管 理。羅先生擁有逾12年物業管理及物業 工程服務行業經驗。羅先生自二零一六 年十月起一百在興業物聯管理擔任工程 經理及總經理助理。加入本集團前,羅 先生由一九九七年十月至二零零八年五 月曾擔任多個職務,包括在鄭州金龍水 泥股份有限公司(主要從事水泥生產及銷 售)擔任總電工部主管。由二零零八年五 月至二零一零年七月及由二零一零年七 月至二零一二年十二月,羅先生在河南 山水物業管理有限公司(主要從事物業 管理)分別擔任水力發電工程師及工程維 修部經理。由二零一二年十二月至二零 一三年八月及由二零一三年八月至二零 一六年一月,羅先生在河南亞新物業服 務有限公司(主要從事物業管理)分別擔 任工程經理及橄欖城都市廣場項目的項 目經理。

羅先生於二零零二年十二月獲得中國中 共河南省委黨校法律學士學位。此外, 羅先生於二零一零年八月獲中國陝西省 人力資源和社會保障廳授予工程師資格 證書。



Mr. Xiang Zheng (相征) ("Mr. Xiang"), aged 36, joined our Group in June 2015 and is primarily responsible for the overall management of projects.

Mr. Xiang served as a project manager of Xingye IOT Management from June 2015 to July 2018. He was promoted to the position of assistant to the general manager in July 2018. Prior to joining our Group, he was the administrative personnel and business service manager of Henan Runhua Business Service Co., Ltd.* (河南潤華商務服務有限公司), which is principally engaged in housing rental and business information consulting services from April 2010 to September 2012 and from September 2012 to November 2013, respectively.

Mr. Xiang obtained a bachelor's degree in economic management from Beijing Economic and Technological Research Institute (北京經濟技術研修學院) in the PRC in July 2010.

Ms. Shi Suran (時粟然) ("Ms. Shi"), aged 35, joined our Group as our chief financial officer on 19 September 2020 and is primarily responsible for supervising our Group's financial reporting, corporate finance activities, and investor relations.

Ms. Shi has over 12 years of experience in accounting, auditing and corporate finance. Before joining the Group, Ms. Shi served as the project manager in Zhongrui Yuehua Certified Public Accountants LLP (Special General Partnership) (a member of RSM International) from October 2009 to August 2011. She last served as the senior auditor in the Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Certified Public Accountants LLP Beijing branch during her tenure from August 2011 to October 2015, and as the senior auditing manager in Oceanwide Holdings Co., Ltd., a company listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange (stock code: 000046) from October 2015 to April 2016. Ms. Shi joined Henan Zensun Real Estate Co., Ltd.* (河南正商置業有限公司) and worked as a deputy manager of the capital securities department from April 2016 to May 2019 and thereafter worked as finance manager in Henan Zensun Enterprise Development Group Co., Ltd.* (河南正商企業發展集團有限責任公司) from May 2019 to September 2020.

相征先生(「相先生」),36歲,於二零 一五年六月加入本集團,主要負責項目 的整體管理。

由二零一五年六月至二零一八年七月, 相先生擔任興業物聯管理項目經理理。 於二零一八年七月晉升為總經理助理理 加入本集團前,彼由二零一二年九月及由二零一二年九月及由二零一二年九月 二零一三年十一月分別擔任河南潤華商 務服務有限公司行政人員及業務服務 理,主要從事房屋租賃及商業信息諮詢 服務。

相先生於二零一零年七月獲得中國北京 經濟技術研修學院經濟管理學士學位。

時粟然女士(「時女士」),35歲,於二零二零年九月十九日加入本集團為本集團財務總監,主要負責監督本集團財務報告、企業融資活動及投資者關係。

時女士於會計、審計及企業融資方面擁 有逾12年的經驗。加入本集團前,時女 士於二零零九年十月至二零一一年八月 於中瑞岳華會計師事務所(特殊普通合 夥)(為RSM International的成員事務所)擔 任項目經理。彼於二零一一年八月至二 零一五年十月任職於德勤華永會計師事 務所(特殊普通合夥)北京分所,任期結 束前擔任高級審計員,並於二零一五年 十月至二零一六年四月任職於泛海控股 股份有限公司(一間於深圳證券交易所上 市的公司,股份代號:000046),離職前 擔任高級審計經理。自二零一六年四月 至二零一九年五月,時女士加入河南正 商置業有限公司並擔任資本證券部副經 理,其後,自二零一九年五月至二零二 零年九月,於河南正商企業發展集團有 限責任公司擔任財務經理。



Ms. Shi holds a bachelor's degree in accounting from Henan University of Science and Technology obtained in 2009. Ms. Shi is a member of the Beijing Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

Ms. Leung Ka Ying (梁家凝) ("Ms. Leung") is our Company's company secretary appointed on 9 September 2020 and responsible for the Group's corporate secretarial functions. Ms. Leung has over 13 years of experience in accounting, auditing, financial management and corporate governance matters. Prior to joining the Company, Ms. Leung has over 6 years of working experience in Hong Kong listed companies, and has worked as a manager in PricewaterhouseCoopers. Ms. Leung is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and has obtained her bachelor's degree in Business Administration in Professional Accountancy from the Chinese University of Hong Kong in 2008.

* English translation of company names in Chinese or another language which are marked with "*" are for identification purpose only.

時女士於二零零九年取得河南科技大學 會計學學士學位。時女士現時為北京註 冊會計師協會會員。

梁家凝女士(「梁女士」),於二零二零年九月九日獲委任為本公司的公司秘書並負責本集團之公司秘書事務。梁女士擁有超過13年的會計、審計、財務管理及企業管治經驗。在加入本公司前,經經大方,經濟和超過6年的香港上市公司工作經驗及曾於羅兵咸永道會計師事務所擔任經理。梁女士為香港會計師公會會員工商管理專業會計學之學士學位。



REPORT OF OUR DIRECTORS 董事會報告

Our Directors present their annual report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of our Group for the Year.

董事提呈其年度報告及本集團本年度的經審核綜合財務報表。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Our Company acts as an investment holding company and together with its subsidiaries engages in property management and value-added services and property engineering services. The activities and particulars of our Company's principal subsidiaries are set out in note I to the consolidated financial statements.

An analysis of our Group's revenue and results by principal operating segments for the Year is set out in note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS AND DIVIDEND

The results of our Group for the Year are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on page 92.

The Board recommends the payment of a final dividend in respect of the Year of HK2.50 cents (equivalent to approximately RMB2.045 cents) per share out of the Company's share premium account, amounting to a total dividend of HK\$10.0 million (equivalent to approximately RMB8.2 million).

BUSINESS REVIEW

Our Group was established in 1999, with a particular focus on offering property management and value-added services for non-residential properties.

A detailed business review of our Group for the Year and a discussion of our Group's future business development and the key risks and uncertainties of our Group are set out in "Chairman's Message" on pages 2 to 5, "Management Discussion and Analysis" on pages 9 to 19 and the section headed "Key Risks and Uncertainties".

An analysis of our Group's performance for the Year using financial key performance indicators is provided in the "Chairman's Message" on pages 2 to 5, "Financial Highlights" on page 8 and "Financial Summary" on page 196 of this annual report.

主要業務

本公司為一家投資控股公司,連同其附屬公司從事物業管理及增值服務以及物業工程服務。本公司主要附屬公司的業務及詳情載於綜合財務報表附註1。

本年度按主要經營分部劃分的本集團收益和業績的分析載於綜合財務報表附註 4。

業績及股息

本集團的本年度業績載於第92頁綜合損益及其他全面收益表。

董事會建議就本年度末期股息從本公司股份溢價賬派付每股股份2.50港仙(相當於人民幣2.045分),股息總額約為10.0百萬港元(相當於人民幣8.2百萬元)。

業務回顧

本集團於一九九九年成立,特別致力於 為非住宅物業提供物業管理及增值服務。

本年度的本集團詳細業務回顧以及關於本集團未來業務發展及關鍵風險和不確定性的討論,載於第2至5頁「主席致辭」、第9至19頁「管理層討論及分析」和「關鍵風險及不確定性」一節。

本集團本年度的表現分析(應用財務關鍵表現指標)載於本年報第2至5頁「主席致辭」、「財務摘要」第8頁及第196頁「財務概要」。

REPORT OF OUR DIRECTORS 董事會報告



Key Risks and Uncertainties

The below outlined certain key risks and uncertainties identified by our Group that may affect our Group's business, financial position and results of operations.

Our Group's business performance is primarily susceptible to our portfolio of properties under management for property management services and contracted engineering services for property engineering services. Our Group's business growth on our pipeline properties will likely be affected by the general economic condition affecting the real estate market, delivery and development schedule of our contracted properties by property developers and any change in laws and regulation for our operation in the PRC.

Our Group's current level of profitability also depends on the Group's ability to control operating costs (especially in relation to our labour and subcontracting costs) and the Group's profit margins and results of operations may be materially and adversely affected by the fluctuations in labour or other operating costs in response to the regulatory laws on minimum wages and demand on labour supply, etc). The Group may not be able to procure new property management service contracts as planned or at desirable pace or price; termination or non-renewal of the Group's property management agreements for a significant number of properties could have a material adverse effect on business, financial position and results of operations.

Our Group's financial risks, management objectives (including capital management) and policies are set out in note 34 to the consolidated financial statements.

In response to these possible risks and uncertainties, the Group continues to implement a series of internal controls and strategies to cope with the possible risks and changes. The Group also develops and reviews strategies, policies and guidelines on risk control which enable the Group to monitor closely and formulate business strategies to respond to risks promptly and effectively. The Group also actively proposes measures to minimise any potential business impact on the Group from these possible risks and uncertainties.

關鍵風險及不確定性

下文概述本集團所識別可能影響本集團 業務、財務狀況及經營業績的若干關鍵 風險及不確定性。

本集團的業務業績主要受我們的在管物業管理資產組合(物業管理服務方面)及合約工程服務(物業工程服務方面)所影響。本集團儲備物業的業務增長可能受影響房地產市場的總體經濟狀況、由物業發展商開發合約物業的交付及發展進度以及我們在中國營運的法律法規變化所影響。

有關本集團的財務風險、管理目標(包括 資本管理)及政策載於綜合財務報表附註 34。

為應對該等可能的風險及不確定性,本 集團繼續實施一系列內部控制及策略, 以處理各種可能的風險及變化。本集團 亦制定並檢討有關風險控制的策略 策及指引,使本集團能密切監察並 業務策略以迅速有效地應對風險。本集 團亦積極建議採取措施,以將該等可能 的風險及不確定性對本集團的任何潛在 業務影響減至最低。

年報 2021 興業物聯服務集團有限公司

REPORT OF OUR DIRECTORS 董事會報告



Environmental Policies and Performance

Our Group has established occupational safety and sanitation systems, implemented the national occupational safety and sanitation rules and standards, and provided employees with workplace safety training on a regular basis. We promote the importance of environment protection and implement environmental friendly policies in the operation, including green office measures with accredited international environmental management certification. We are committed to act in an environmentally responsible manner and review our environmental policies and activities from time to time to enhance environmental sustainability.

Our Company will issue separately an Environmental, Social and Governance Report under Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide as specified in Appendix 27 of the Listing Rules.

Relationship with Stakeholders

Our Group recognises that our employees, customers and suppliers are our key stakeholders and are dedicated to maintaining a good relationship with them to build a solid foundation for the sustainable development of our Group.

Our Group offers comprehensive compensation to our employees, including salary, bonuses and cash subsidies, and we also provide on-the-job training to our employees. We generally determine employees' compensation based on their qualification, position, seniority and performance. We have established occupational safety and sanitation systems, implemented the national occupational safety and sanitation rules and standards, and provide employees with workplace safety training on a regular basis.

In order to improve our communication with customers and their satisfaction, our Group has established a mobile phone application "Ai Ban (愛辦)" for our property management services among us and the property users. The advancement in technology facilitates an effective and efficient interaction among us and the users and allows us to respond promptly to the customers' needs, which in turn can also improve our operation planning and efficiency, our service quality and our customers' satisfaction rates.

Our Group has established a long-term and stable working relationship with our suppliers. We will continue to maintain our assessment on the quality of suppliers, review the procurement processes to ensure the supply chain sustainability and uphold high corporate standard when carrying out our services.

環保政策及表現

本集團已建立職業安全及衛生制度,實施國家職業安全與衛生規則及標準,則為員工提供工作場所安全培訓。我們提倡環境保護的重要性,並在運營中實施環保政策,包括通過國際環境管理認證的綠色辦公室措施。我們致力以對環境負責任的方式行事,不時審查我們的環境政策和活動,以加強環境可持續性。

本公司將根據聯交所證券上市規則附錄 二十七所載之《環境、社會及管治報告指 引》發佈一份獨立的環境、社會及管治報 告。

與利益相關者的關係

本集團認同我們的員工、客戶和供應商 是我們的主要利益相關者,並致力於與 他們保持良好關係,為本集團的可持續 發展奠定堅實的基礎。

本集團為僱員提供全面薪酬福利,包括薪金、花紅及現金津貼,我們亦為僱員提供在職培訓。我們一般根據僱員資歷、職位、年資及表現釐定薪酬。我們已建立職業安全及衛生制度,實施國家職業安全與衛生規則及標準,定期為員工提供工作場所安全培訓。

為改善我們與客戶的溝通並提高其滿意 度,本集團已在我們及物業用戶之間建 立一個手機應用程序「愛辦」,用於我們 的物業管理服務。技術的進步促進了我 們與用戶之間的有效、高效互動,讓我 們能夠迅速回應客戶需求,繼而可改 我們的運營規劃及效率、服務質素以及 客戶滿意度。

本集團與供應商建立了長期穩定的工作關係。我們將繼續保持對供應商質量的評估,審查採購流程,以確保供應鏈的可持續性並在執行服務時堅守高企業標準。

REPORT OF OUR DIRECTORS 蓄車會報告



Compliance with Laws and Regulations

During the Year, as far as our Company is aware, save for the non-compliance with Listing Rules as detailed in the section headed "Connected Transactions" and "Advance to an Entity", our Group has complied with applicable laws and regulations promulgated by the relevant regulatory bodies which are significant to the operations of our Group.

IMPACT OF COVID-19 PANDEMIC ON OUR BUSINESS

Since the outbreak of COVID-19 pandemic, the Group has prepared itself to adapt to the ever-changing challenges and environment. Epidemic precautionary and control measures were carried out from time to time in all our working locations to ensure that we continued to provide uninterrupted quality services to our customers. Other than the necessary measures to prevent the potential crisis, the Group will also pay close attention to the development of the COVID-19 outbreak and government announcement to assess our strategies and promptly respond to any changes in order to safeguard our community. In light of the current situation under the COVID-19 pandemic in relation to epidemic control measures launched by governments, it appeared that the pandemic impact on residential properties were limited.

During the Year, our Group implemented strategy in expanding our pipeline property portfolio to provide property management and value-added services also to residential properties in order to diversify our income streams and leverage the risk and rewards from non-residential properties under the uncertain economic environment. As at 31 December 2021, our Group has sufficient cash and cash equivalents, which amounted to approximately RMB399.1 million (equivalent to almost 1.8 times of the total expenses comprising cost of sales, selling and marketing expenses, administrative expenses and finance costs incurred for the Year). Therefore, in the unlikely event that the operation of our Group is temporarily suspended, our Group has sufficient working capital to satisfy our requirement.

遵守法律及法規

於本年度,據本公司所知,除「關連交易」及「向實體作出的墊款」一節所詳述有關未能遵守上市規則事件外,本集團已遵守相關監管機構制定的對本集團的營運而言屬重大的適用法律及法規。

COVID-19疫情對我們業務的影響

自COVID-19疫情爆發以來,本集團已做好準備應對不斷變化的挑戰及環境。我們不時在所有工作地點實施疫情防控措施,以確保繼續為客戶提供不間斷的優質服務。除防止潛在危機的必要措施外,本集團亦將密切關注COVID-19疫情爆發的發展及政府公告,以評估我們的策略並及時應對任何變化,以保護我們的社區。鑒於當前COVID-19疫情下有關政府實施疫情控制措施,疫情對住宅物業的影響似乎有限。

於本年度,本集團實施策略擴大我們的 物業產品組合,為住宅物業提供物業管 理及增值服務,以在經濟環境不確定的 情況下使我們的收入來源多樣化。 非住宅物業的風險及回報。於二零之一 年十二月三十一日,本集團擁有充足幣399.1百 萬元(相等於接近本年度產生的總開支 (包括銷售成本、銷售及營銷開支 開支及融資成本)的1.8倍)。因此,倘本 集團暫停營運(此情況發生的可能性較 小),本集團有充足營運資金滿足我們的 需求。

年報 2021 興業物聯服務集團有限公司



The Group will monitor and evaluate any potential impact as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic on our financial position and operating results from time to time. The Group was not aware of risks or uncertainties that would cause material adverse effects on the Group's operations, financial performance and the financial position as a result of the COVID-19 outbreak during the Year and up to the date of this annual report.

The Group will continue to adopt the necessary measures, pay close attention to the development of the COVID-19 outbreak and evaluate its impact on the financial position and operating results of the Group from time to time.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the movements in our Company's share capital during the Year are set out in note 25 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of our Company during the Year are set out in note 26 to the consolidated financial statements.

Distributable reserves of the Company at 31 December 2021 amounted to approximately RMB254.5 million.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under our Company's articles of association ("Articles of Association") or the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands which would oblige our Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing Shareholders.

TAX RELIEF

The Company is not aware of any relief from taxation available to the Shareholders by reason of their shareholding in the Company.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and assets and liabilities of our Group for each of the last five financial years is set out on page 196 of this annual report.

本集團將不時監察及評估COVID-19疫情對我們的財務狀況及經營業績造成的任何潛在影響。於本年度及直至本報告日期,本集團並不知悉因COVID-19疫情爆發而對本集團營運、財務表現及財務狀況造成重大不利影響的風險或不確定因素。

本集團將繼續採納所需措施、密切關注 COVID-19疫情發展及不時評估其對本集 團財務狀況及經營業績的影響。

股本

本公司股本於本年度的變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註25。

儲備

本公司儲備於本年度的變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註26。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本公司 的可分派儲備約為人民幣254.5百萬元。

優先購買權

本公司組織章程細則(「組織章程細則」) 或開曼群島《公司法》概無有關優先購買權之條文,致使本公司須按比例向現有 股東發售新股份。

税收减免

本公司並不知悉公司股東因持有本公司 股權而可獲得任何税項減免。

財務概要

本集團過去五個財政年度各年之業績及 資產及負債概要載於本年報第196頁。



PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

Neither our Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of our Company's listed securities during the Year.

DIRECTORS

The Directors of our Company during the Year and up to the date of this annual report are:

Executive Director:

Zhu Jie (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Non-executive Directors:

Zhang Huiqi Wang Jinhu Liu Zhengiang

Independent non-executive Directors:

Xu Chun Feng Zhidong Zhou Sheng

In accordance with Article 84(I) and (2) of the Articles of Association, Mr. Liu Zhenqiang, Mr. Wang Jinhu and Mr. Xu Chun will retire by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting of our Company to be held on Tuesday, 28 June 2022 (the "2022 AGM") and, being eligible, will offer themselves for reelection. Details of the Directors to be re-elected at the 2022 AGM are set out in the circular to the Shareholders sent together with this annual report.

Our Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and our Company considers that all of the independent non-executive Directors are independent.

購買、出售或贖回上市證券

本年度本公司或其任何附屬公司均無購買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

董事

於本年度直至本年報日期,本公司董事 為:

執行董事:

朱杰(主席兼行政總裁)

非執行董事:

張惠琪 王金虎 劉振強

獨立非執行董事:

徐春 馮志東 周勝

根據組織章程細則第84(I)及(2)條,劉振強先生、王金虎先生及徐春先生將於二零二二年六月二十八日(星期二)舉行的應屆股東週年大會(「二零二二年股東週年大會」)上輪值退任,且彼等符合資格並願意重選連任。有關於二零二二年股東週年大會上重選的董事之詳情載於隨本年報一併寄發予股東之通函內。

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事按照上 市規則第3.13條發出的年度獨立性確認 書,而本公司認為,全體獨立非執行董 事均為獨立人士。



Each of our Directors has entered into a service agreement with our Company for a term of three years. No Director being proposed for re-election at the 2022 AGM has a service contract with our Company or any of its subsidiaries which are not determinable within one year without payment of compensation, other than normal statutory obligations.

The biographical details of our Directors and senior management of our Group are set out on pages 20 to 31.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

During the Year, the Group was engaged in provision of property management and value-added services and property engineering services to Henan Zensun Corporate Development Group Co., Ltd.* (河南正商企業發展集團有限責任公司) ("Zensun Development") and its subsidiaries (the "Zensun Development Group"), Zensun Enterprises Limited ("Zensun Enterprises") and its subsidiaries (the "Zensun Enterprises Group"), Ever Diamond Global Company Limited ("Ever Diamond") and its subsidiaries (the "Ever Diamond Group", together with Zensun Development Group and Zensun Enterprises Group, collectively as the "Zensun Group").

During the Year, Xingye IOT Management entered into a pledge agreement (the "Pledge Agreement") pursuant to which certain bank deposits had been pledged by Xingye IOT Management as security to guarantee the bills acceptance granted by a bank to Henan Zhengyang Construction Engineering Group Co., Ltd.* (河南正陽建設工程集團有限公司) ("Henan Zhengyang"), a directly wholly owned subsidiary of Zensun Development.

Ever Diamond and Zensun Enterprises are ultimately owned as to 100% and 71.99% by a discretionary trust established by Ms. Huang Yanping ("Ms. Huang") as settlor and protector. As Ms. Huang is the mother of Ms. Zhang, our non-executive Director, both Zensun Enterprises Group and Ever Diamond Group are connected entities of Ms. Zhang. Additionally, Zensun Development Group are connected entities of Ms. Zhang as Ms. Zhang is entitled to control more than 30% of voting power at a general meeting of members of Zensun Development Group. Therefore, Ms. Zhang is considered interested in the transactions with Zensun Development Group, Zensun Enterprises Group and Ever Diamond Group.

各董事已與本公司訂立服務協議,為期 三年。擬在二零二二年股東週年大會上 重選連任之董事概無與本公司或其任何 附屬公司訂有不可於一年內終止而無需 賠償(一般法定賠償除外)的服務合約。

本集團董事及高級管理層的履歷詳情載 於第20至31頁。

董事於重大交易、安排或合約中 的權益

於本年度,本集團為河南正商企業發展集團有限責任公司(「正商發展」)及其附屬公司(「正商發展集團」)、正商實業有限公司(「正商實業」)及其附屬公司(「正商實業集團」)、永鑽環球有限公司(「永鑽集團」)(建同正商發展集團及正商實業集團,統稱「正商務展集團」)提供物業管理及增值服務以及物業工程服務。

於本年度,興業物聯網管理訂立了抵押協議(「抵押協議」),據此部分銀行存款被興業物聯網抵押,作為銀行授予河南正陽建設工程集團有限公司(「河南正陽」,為正商發展直接全資附屬公司)承兑匯票的擔保。

永鑽及正商實業由黃燕萍女士(「黃女士」)作為財產授予人及保護人成立立。 權信託最終擁有100%及71.99%權益。 於黃女士為非執行董事張女士母親, 的實業集團及永鑽集團均為張女士內關 連實體。此外,正商發展集團乃正商發 集團成員的股東大會上有權控制超過30% 投票權。因此,張女士被視為於與正商 發展集團、正商實業集團及永鑽集團的 交易中擁有權益。



Our Group's transactions with Zensun Group are set out in notes 29 and 31 to the consolidated financial statements. For details of the particulars of the transactions with Zensun Group, please refer to the sections headed "Connected Transactions" and "Continuing Connected Transactions".

Save as disclosed above, no transactions, arrangements and contracts of significance in relation to our Group's business to which our Company, its holding company, fellow subsidiaries or subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director or any entity connected with a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the Year.

Save as disclosed above, there was no contract of significance between our Company or any of its subsidiaries, and a controlling shareholder of our Company or any of its subsidiaries at the end of the Year or at any time during the Year. Additionally, no contract of significance for the provision of services to our Company or any of its subsidiaries by a controlling shareholder of our Company or any of its subsidiaries was entered into during the Year.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of our Company's business were entered into or existed during the Year.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Under the Company's Articles of Association, and subject to the applicable laws and regulations, the Directors and officers of the Company shall be indemnified out of the assets and profits of the Company from or against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them may incur or sustain in or about the execution of their duty in their offices. Such permitted indemnity provision has been in force throughout the Year. Our Company has arranged for appropriate insurance coverage for Directors' and officers' liabilities in respect of potential legal actions against our Directors and senior management arising from corporate activities.

本集團與正商集團的交易載於綜合財務報表附註29及31。有關與正商集團的交易詳情,請參閱「關連交易」及「持續關連交易」一節。

除上文所披露者外,於年末或本年度內任何時間,概無董事或任何與董事有關連之實體直接或間接於本公司、其控股公司、同系附屬公司或附屬公司所訂立與本集團業務有關之重大交易、安排或合約中擁有重大權益。

除上文所披露者外,於本年度末或本年度內任何時間,本公司或其任何附屬公司與本公司的控股股東或其任何附屬公司之間並無重大合約。此外,本年度內,本公司控股股東或其任何附屬公司未與本公司或其任何附屬公司簽署任何向其提供服務之重大合約。

管理合約

於本年度,本公司並無就有關整體全部 或任何重要部份業務的管理及行政工作 簽訂或訂有任何合約。

獲准許彌償條文

根據本公司的組織章程細則,並受適用法律及法規所規限,本公司董事及高級職員基於其職位履行其職務而可能產生、蒙受或就此蒙受的所有訴訟、權明、收費、損失、損害及開支,有權從本公司資產及溢利中獲得彌償。該等獲准許的彌償條文已於整個本年度內強一方。本公司已就董事及高級管理人員內方。



DIRECTORS EMOLUMENTS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

Details of the remuneration of our Directors, together with those of the five highest paid employees of our Group for the Year are set out in notes 8 and 9 to the consolidated financial statements.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SECURITIES

As at 31 December 2021, the interests and short positions of our Directors and chief executive of our Company in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of our Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were notified to our Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or any interest or short positions which were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or any interests and short positions which have to be notified to our Company and the Stock Exchange, pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules, were as follows:

董事薪酬及五名最高薪酬僱員

本年度董事薪酬以及本集團五名最高薪 酬僱員的詳情載於綜合財務報表附註8及 9。

董事及最高行政人員於證券中的 權益及淡倉

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本公司董事及最高行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的股份、相關股份及債權證中擁有任何根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部須知會本公司及聯交所(包括根據證券及期貨條例的規定彼等擁有或被視為持有權益及淡倉),或根據證券及期貨條例有權益及淡倉),或根據證券及期貨條例第352條須記入上文所提及的登記冊內,或根據上市規則附錄十所載上市公司養持交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)須知會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉如下:



Long Positions

(i) Interests in Shares

好倉

(i) 於股份中的權益

Name of Director	Capacity in which the interests are held	Number of Share held	Approximate percentage of the issued share capital (%) 佔已發行股本概約百分比(%)
董事姓名	權益持有者身份	所持股份數目	
Ms. Zhang 張女士	Interest of controlled corporation (Note) 於受控法團的權益(附註)	226,350,000	56.59

Note: 226,350,000 Shares are directly held by Foison Amber Development, which is indirectly wholly-owned by Vistra Trust (BVI) Limited, the trustee of the Blossom Trust. The Blossom Trust is a discretionary trust established by Ms. Huang as the settlor, with Ms. Zhang acting as the protector and Ms. Zhang and her descendants being the discretionary beneficiaries. Foison Amber Development is wholly-owned by Fast Achieve. Fast Achieve is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Glory Reach Enterprises Limited ("Glory Reach"), which in turn is wholly-owned by Vistra Trust (BVI) Limited, as the trustee of the Blossom Trust. Foison Amber Development, Fast Achieve and Glory Reach are holding companies of the Company, each of them is an associated corporation of the Company under the SFO. Pursuant to the trust instrument governing the Blossom Trust, Ms. Zhang as the protector of the Blossom Trust has the control over the Blossom Trust. Accordingly, Ms. Zhang as protector of the Blossom Trust is considered to be interested in the Shares held by Foison Amber Development.

附註:226.350.000股股份由榮珀發展 直接持有,而榮珀發展由Vistra Trust (BVI) Limited(豐華信託的受 託人)間接全資擁有。豐華信託 是由黃女士作為財產授予人成立 的全權信託,張女士擔任保護人 以及張女士及其後裔為酌情受益 人。榮珀發展由速達全資擁有。 速達為榮達企業有限公司(「榮 達」)的全資附屬公司,而榮達則 由Vistra Trust (BVI) Limited(作為 豐華信託的受託人)全資擁有。 榮珀發展、速達及榮達均為本公 司的控股公司,根據證券及期貨 條例彼等各自均為本公司的相聯 法團。根據規管豐華信託的信託 文據,張女士作為豐華信託的保 護人對豐華信託擁有控制權。因 此,張女士作為豐華信託的保護 人被視為在榮珀發展所持股份中 擁有權益。



(ii) Interests in ordinary shares of associated corporations of our Company

(ii) 於本公司相聯法團普通股中的權益

Name of Director 董事姓名	Name of associated corporation 相聯法團名稱	Capacity in which the interests are held 權益持有者身份	Number of shares held 所持股份數目	Approximate percentage of the issued share capital (%) 佔已發行股本概約百分比(%)
Ms. Zhang	Glory Reach	Interest in controlled corporation (Note 1)	100	100
張女士	榮達	於受控法團的權益(附註1)		
Ms. Zhang	Fast Achieve	Interest in controlled corporation (Note 1)	100	100
張女士	速達	於受控法團的權益(附註1)		
Ms. Zhang 張女士	Foison Amber Development 榮珀發展	Beneficial owner (Note I) 實益擁有人(附註I)	50,000	100

Notes:

- 226,350,000 Shares are directly held by Foison Amber Development, which is indirectly wholly-owned by Vistra Trust (BVI) Limited, the trustee of the Blossom Trust. The Blossom Trust is a discretionary trust established by Ms. Huang as the settlor, Ms. Zhang acting as the protector and Ms. Zhang and her descendants being the discretionary beneficiaries. Foison Amber Development is wholly-owned by Fast Achieve. Fast Achieve is a whollyowned subsidiary of Glory Reach, which in turn is wholly-owned by Vistra Trust (BVI) Limited, as the trustee of the Blossom Trust. Foison Amber Development, Fast Achieve and Glory Reach are holding companies of our Company, each of them is an associated corporation of our Company under the SFO. Pursuant to the trust instrument governing the Blossom Trust, Ms. Zhang as the protector of the Blossom Trust has the control over the Blossom Trust. Accordingly, Ms. Zhang as protector of the Blossom Trust is considered to be interested in the Shares held by Foison Amber Development and the total issued share capital of Foison Amber Development, Fast Achieve and Glory Reach.
- (2) Ms. Zhang is a director of both Fast Achieve and Foison Amber Development.

附註:

- (1) 226,350,000股股份由榮珀發展 直接持有,而榮珀發展由Vistra Trust (BVI) Limited(豐華信託的受 託人)間接全資擁有。豐華信託為 由黃女士作為財產授予人成立的 全權信託,由張女士擔任保護人 以及張女士及其後裔獲委任為酌 情受益人。榮珀發展由速達全資 擁有。速達為榮達的全資附屬公 司,而榮達則由Vistra Trust (BVI) Limited(作為豐華信託的受託人) 全資擁有。榮珀發展、速達及榮 達為本公司的控股公司, 根據證 券及期貨條例彼等各自均為本公 司的相聯法團。根據規管豐華信 託的信託工具,張女士作為豐華 信託的保護人對豐華信託擁有控 制權。因此,張女士作為豐華信 託的保護人被視為在榮珀發展所 持股份及榮珀發展、速達及榮達 的已發行股本總額中擁有權益。
- (2) 張女士為速達及榮珀發展之董事。



Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2021, none of our Directors or chief executive of our Company had any interests or short positions in the Shares, underlying Shares or debentures of our Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which: (a) were notified to our Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); (b) were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (c) have to be notified to our Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules.

ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Neither our Company nor any of its subsidiaries were a party to any arrangements to enable our Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of Shares in, or debentures of, our Company or any other body corporate and neither our Directors nor any of their spouses or children under the age of 18, had any right to subscribe for the securities of our Company, or had exercised any such right at any time during the Year.

購買股份或債權證的安排

於本年度內任何時間,本公司或其任何 附屬公司概無訂立任何安排,致使董事 可透過購買本公司或任何其他公司的股 份或債券而獲益,亦無董事或任何彼等 的配偶或十八歲以下子女擁有任何可認 購本公司證券的權利,或已行使任何該 等權利。



CAPITAL RAISING ACTIVITIES AND THE USE OF PROCEEDS FROM GLOBAL OFFERING

On the 9 March 2020 (the "Listing Date"), the Shares of our Company were listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange and 100,000,000 new Shares were issued in the Global Offering. After deducting the underwriting fees and commissions and other estimated expenses in connection with the Global Offering of ordinary Shares of par value HK\$0.01 each of our Company, including, a public offering in Hong Kong of 50,000,000 Shares and an international offering of 50,000,000 Shares, in each case at a price of HK\$1.99 per Share, net proceeds from the Global Offering amounted to approximately HK\$167.8 million (equivalent to RMB149.6 million). As at 31 December 2021, our Group had utilised approximately RMB36.2 million of the capital raised as follows:

資本籌集活動及全球發售所得款 項用途

本公司股份於二零二零年三月九日(「上市日期」)於聯交所主板上市,且已於全球發售發行100,000,000股新股。扣除與本公司每股面值0.01港元的普通股(包括香港公開發售50,000,000股及國際發售50,000,000股,以每股股份1.99港元的價格計算)於全球發售相關的包銷費用及佣金以及其他估計開支後,全球發售所得款項淨額約為167.8百萬港元(相當於人民幣149.6百萬元)。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團已按如下所示動用所籌集的資金中的約人民幣36.2百萬元:

	ended use of the net proceeds 計款項淨額的擬定用途	Percentage 百分比	Planned amount of the net proceeds for its intended use 計劃用作擬定 用途的所得款 項淨額金額 RMB million 人民幣百萬元	Utilised net proceeds as at 3 I December 2020 於二零二年十一日的已動用所得款項淨額 RMB million 人民幣百萬元	Net proceeds utilised during the Year 本年度已動用 所得款項淨額 RMB million 人民幣百萬元	Unutilised net proceeds as at 31 December 2021 於二零二一年十二月三十一日的未動用所得款項爭額 RMB million 人民幣百萬元	Expected timeline for the usage of the unutilised net proceeds 未動用 所得款項淨額的預期使用時間期限 RMB million 人民幣百萬元
(1)	Acquisition of suitable acquisition targets 收購合適併購標的	72.3%	108.2	-	-	108.2	Within three years upon the Listing Date 自上市日期起三年內
(2)	Enhancing our property engineering services 提升我們的物業工程服務	7.2%	10.8	3.1	7.7	-	N/A 不適用
(3)	Enhancing our property management services 提升我們的物業管理服務	10.5%	15.7	3.0	7.5	5.2	Within three years upon the Listing Date 自上市日期起三年內
(4)	General working capital 一般營運資金	10.0%	14.9	14.9	-	_	N/A 不適用
Tota 總計		100.0%	149.6	21.0	15.2	113.4	



Given the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic on the macro-economic environment, the Group will continue to seek suitable targets for acquisitions and investments or cooperation. We will adopt a prudent manner in identifying potential targets so as to utilize the net proceeds from the Global Offering effectively and efficiently for the long term benefit and development of the Group.

鑒於COVID-19疫情對宏觀經濟環境的影響,本集團將繼續尋求合適的收購及投資或合作目標。我們將採取審慎方式物色潛在目標,以有效地動用全球發售所得款項淨額,為本集團的長遠利益及發展作出貢獻。

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

Major Customers

For the Year, the revenue attributable to the largest customer of the Group accounted for approximately 16.6% of our Group's total revenue of the Year and the five largest customers of the Group accounted for approximately 34.9% of our Group's total revenue of the Year.

During the Year, save for Ms. Zhang's interests in Zensun Group, none of our Directors, or any of their close associates, or any of the Shareholders (who to the best knowledge of our Directors own more than 5% of our Company's issued share capital) had any interest in our Group's five largest customers. For details of the interest of Ms. Zhang in the transactions with Zensun Group, please refer to the section headed "Continuing Connected Transactions".

Major Suppliers

For the Year, the purchases from the largest supplier of our Group accounted for approximately 48.3% of our Group's total purchases in the Year and the five largest suppliers of the Group accounted for approximately 51.1% of our Group's total purchases in the Year.

During the Year, none of our Directors, or any of their close associates, or any of the Shareholders (which to the best knowledge of the Directors own more than 5% of our Company's issued share capital) had any interest in our Group's five largest suppliers.

主要客戶及供應商

主要客戶

於本年度,本集團最大客戶應佔收益佔本集團本年度總收益的約16.6%,而本集團五大客戶佔本集團本年度總收益的約34.9%。

於本年度,除張女士在正商集團擁有權益外,概無董事、任何彼等的緊密聯繫人或任何股東(據董事所知擁有本公司的已發行股本的5%以上)於本集團五大客戶中擁有權益。有關張女士於與正商集團交易中的權益,請參閱「持續關連交易」一節。

主要供應商

於本年度,本集團最大供應商的採購額 佔本集團本年度總採購額的約48.3%,而 本集團五大供應商佔本集團本年度總採 購額的約51.1%。

於本年度,概無董事、任何彼等的緊密 聯繫人或任何股東(據董事所知擁有本公 司的已發行股本的5%以上)於本集團五大 供應商中擁有權益。

年報 2021



RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Details of the related party transactions undertaken in the normal course of business are provided under notes 20 and 31 to the consolidated financial statements of this annual report. Save as disclosed in the sections headed "Connected Transactions" and "Continuing Connected Transactions", the Board confirmed that none of these related party transactions constitute a connected transaction or a continuing connected transaction as required to be disclosed under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

The Pledge Agreement

On 31 December 2021, Xingye IOT Management, an indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into the Pledge Agreement with Hua Xia Bank Co., Limited, Zhengzhou branch (the "Bank"), pursuant to which bank deposits of RMB50 million had been pledged ("Pledged Deposits") by Xingye IOT Management in favour of the Bank as security to guarantee the bills acceptance for the amount of RMB50 million ("Bills Acceptance") granted by the Bank to Henan Zhengyang. There was no interest or collateral provided by Henan Zhengyang to Xingye IOT Management for the provision of the Pledged Deposit by Xingye IOT Management to the Bank under the Pledge Agreement. The Company considered that the entering into of the Pledge Agreement was an inadvertent mistake by Xingye IOT Management and therefore took active steps to terminate the transaction. On 29 March 2022, Xingye IOT Management entered into a supplemental agreement with the Bank and Henan Zhengyang pursuant to which it was agreed that the Pledge Agreement would be terminated subject to Henan Zhengyang placing a deposit of RMB50 million in the Bank as cash collateral for the Bills Acceptance, and on the same day, Xingye IOT Management was informed by the Bank that the Pledge Agreement was terminated and the Pledged Deposit has been released.

As the Pledge Agreement is given by Xingye IOT Management to guarantee Bills Acceptance granted by the Bank to Henan Zhengyang, it constitutes provision of financial assistance by the Group to Henan Zhengyang.

關聯方交易

於日常業務過程中進行的關聯方交易之 詳情載於本年報綜合財務報表附註20及 31。除「關連交易」及「持續關連交易」一 節所披露者外,董事會確認,概無該等 關聯方交易構成上市規則第14A章規定之 須予披露關連交易或持續關連交易。

關連交易

抵押協議

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,興業物 聯網管理(本公司間接全資附屬公司)與 華夏銀行股份有限公司(鄭州分行)銀行 (「銀行」)訂立抵押協議,據此以銀行為 受益人,將銀行存款人民幣50百萬元予 以抵押(「抵押存款」),作為銀行授予河 南正陽人民幣50百萬元承兑匯票(「承兑 匯票」)的擔保。河南正陽並無就興業物 聯網管理根據抵押協議向銀行提供抵押 存款而向興業物聯網管理提供任何利息 或抵押品。本公司認為訂立抵押協議乃 屬興業物聯網管理的不慎失誤,因此已 採取積極措施終止交易。於二零二二年 三月二十九日, 興業物聯網管理與銀行 及河南正陽訂立補充協議,據此約定於 河南正陽向銀行存入人民幣50百萬元存 款作為承兑匯票的現金抵押品後,該抵 押協議將予終止,及同日,興業物聯網 管理獲銀行告知,抵押協議已終止且抵 押存款已解除。

由於抵押協議乃由興業物聯網管理為擔 保銀行授予河南正陽的承兑匯票,其構 成本集團向河南正陽提供的財務資助。



Given that one or more of the applicable percentage ratios in relation to the Pledge Agreement is more than 5% but less than 25%, the transactions contemplated under the Pledge Agreement constitutes a discloseable transaction of the Company and is subject to notification and announcement requirements under Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules.

Henan Zhengyang is directly wholly owned by Zensun Development and a 30%-controlled company of Ms. Zhang, our controlling shareholder and therefore, Henan Zhengyang is a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules. The transactions under the Pledge Agreement constitutes a connected transaction for the Company and is subject to the announcement, circular and Shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

Due to inadvertent oversight, the Company failed to comply with (i) the notification and announcement requirements under Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules; and (ii) the announcement, circular and Shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules in a timely manner at the relevant time of the entering into of the Pledge Agreement. The Company was not aware of such non-compliance of the Listing Rules until recently in the course of preparing the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021.

Given that as at the date of this annual report, the Pledge Agreement has been terminated and the pledged deposit has been released by the Bank, the Directors are of the view that the risk of any enforcement action by the Bank under the Pledge Agreement is remote.

鑑於有關抵押協議的一項或多項適用百分比率超過5%但低於25%,故抵押協議項下擬進行的交易構成本公司的須予披露交易,並須遵守上市規則第14章項下通知及公告的規定。

河南正陽由正商發展直接全資擁有,及 為本公司控股股東張女士間接持有30%的 公司,因此,根據上市規則,河南正陽 為本公司的關連人士。抵押協議項下的 交易構成本公司的關連交易,須遵守上 市規則第14A章項下的公告、通函及股東 批准規定。

然而,由於不慎疏忽,本公司未能遵守(i) 上市規則第14章通知及公告的規定:及 (ii)於訂立抵押協議的相關時間及時遵守 上市規則第14A章項下公告、通函及股東 批准的規定。本公司直至近期編製本公 司截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年 度的綜合財務報表時方才獲悉該等尚未 遵守上市規則的情況。

鑑於於本報告日期,抵押協議已終止且銀行已解除抵押存款,故董事認為,銀行根據抵押協議採取任何強制行動的風險甚微。



CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Pursuant to Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules, the following transactions are continuing connected transactions which are subject to the disclosure requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

I. Master Property Management Framework Agreements

On 18 February 2020, the Company entered into a master property management framework agreement with each of Ever Diamond (the "Ever Diamond Master Property Management Framework Agreement"), Zensun Development (the "Zensun Development Master Property Management Framework Agreement") and Zensun Enterprises (the "Zensun Enterprises Master Property Management Framework Agreement"), respectively (collectively, the "Master Property Management Framework Agreements"), pursuant to which we agreed to provide property management and value-added services to Ever Diamond Group, Zensun Development Group and Zensun Enterprises Group, for a term commencing from the Listing Date to 31 December 2022.

On 28 August 2020, the Company entered into a supplemental agreement with each of Ever Diamond (the "Ever Diamond Supplemental Agreement") and Zensun Enterprises (the "Zensun Enterprises Supplemental Agreement") respectively (collectively, the "Supplemental Agreements") to amend certain terms of the Ever Diamond Master Property Management Framework Agreement and the Zensun Enterprises Master Property Management Framework Agreement including (i) expanding the property management services provided by the Group to Ever Diamond Group and Zensun Enterprises Group to include, among others, security, cleaning, greening and gardening, parking space management, repair and maintenance and customer services to sales offices and show flats developed by, and exclusive use areas designated by, Ever Diamond Group and Zensun Enterprises Group; and (ii) revising the annual caps for the respective transactions contemplated under the Ever Diamond Master Property Management Framework Agreement and the Zensun Enterprises Master Property Management Framework Agreement for each of the three financial years ended/ending 31 December 2022.

持續關連交易

根據上市規則第14A章,下列交易為須受 上市規則第14A章披露規定所規限之持續 關連交易。

Ⅰ. 物業管理總框架協議

於二零二零年八月二十八日,本公 司分別與永鑽(「永鑽補充協議」) 及正商實業(「正商實業補充協議」) 訂立補充協議(統稱「補充協議」), 以修訂永鑽物業管理總框架協議及 正商實業物業管理總框架協議的若 干條款,包括(i)擴展本集團向永鑽 集團及正商實業集團提供的物業管 理服務至包括(其中包括)對由永鑽 集團及正商實業集團開發的售樓處 及樣板房的保安、清潔、綠化及園 藝、停車位管理、維修保養及客戶 服務,以及由永鑽集團及正商實業 集團指定的專用區域;及(ii)修訂永 鑽物業管理總框架協議及正商實業 物業管理總框架協議項下擬進行的 相關交易於截至二零二二年十二月 三十一日止三個財政年度各年的年 度卜限。



The revised annual caps for each of the three financial years ended/ending 31 December 2022 are set out as below, which was duly passed during the extraordinary general meeting held on 20 October 2020.

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止 三個財政年度各年的經修訂年度上 限載列如下,其已於二零二零年十 月二十日舉行的股東特別大會上正 式通過。

		For the year ended/ending 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度		
		2020	2021	2022
		二零二零年	二零二一年	二零二二年
		RMB' million	RMB' million	RMB' million
		人民幣百萬元	人民幣百萬元	人民幣百萬元
Ever Diamond Master Property	永鑽物業管理	24.0	42.0	45.5
Management Framework Agreement	總框架協議			
Zensun Development Master Property	正商發展物業管理	3.0	3.0	3.5
Management Framework Agreement	總框架協議			
Zensun Enterprises Master Property	正商實業物業管理	21.0	66.0	66.0
Management Framework Agreement	總框架協議			
Aggregate revised annual caps	經修訂年度上限總額	48.0	111.0	115.0

Details of the Master Property Management Framework Agreements and the Supplemental Agreements have been set out in the prospectus of the Company dated 25 February 2020 (the "Prospectus"), the announcement and circular dated 28 August 2020 and 28 September 2020, respectively.

During the Year, the actual transaction amounts paid and payable by Ever Diamond Group, Zensun Development Group and Zensun Enterprises Group to the Group for the property management and value-added services were RMB12.7 million, RMB0.2 million and RMB29.1 million, respectively.

物業管理總框架協議及補充協議的 詳情載於本公司日期為二零二零年 二月二十五日的招股章程(「招股 章程」)以及日期分別為二零二零年 八月二十八日及二零二零年九月 二十八日的公告及通函內。

於本年度,永鑽集團、正商發展集團及正商實業集團就物業管理及增值服務已付及應付本集團的實際交易金額分別為人民幣12.7百萬元、人民幣0.2百萬元及人民幣29.1百萬元。



2. Master Property Engineering Framework Agreements

On 18 February 2020, we entered into a master property engineering framework agreement with each of Ever Diamond (the "Ever Diamond Master Property Engineering Framework Agreement"), Zensun Development (the "Zensun Development Master Property Engineering Framework Agreement") and Zensun Enterprises (the "Zensun Enterprises Master Property Engineering Framework Agreement"), respectively (collectively, the "Master Property Engineering Framework Agreements"), pursuant to which we agreed to provide property engineering services which include the planning, design and installation of security and surveillance systems, access control systems, carpark management systems and construction site management systems to Ever Diamond Group, Zensun Development Group and Zensun Enterprises Group, for a term commencing from the Listing Date to 31 December 2022.

The annual caps for each of the three financial years ended/ending 31 December 2022 are set out as below.

2. 物業工程總框架協議

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止 三個財政年度各年的年度上限載列 如下。

		For the year ended/ending 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度		
		2020	2021	2022
		二零二零年	二零二一年	二零二二年
		RMB' million	RMB' million	RMB' million
		人民幣百萬元	人民幣百萬元	人民幣百萬元
Ever Diamond Master Property	永鑽物業工程	22.5	21.5	22.5
Engineering Framework Agreement	總框架協議			
Zensun Development Master Property	正商發展物業工程	22.0	22.0	21.0
Engineering Framework Agreement	總框架協議			
Zensun Enterprises Master Property	正商實業物業工程	18.5	26.5	34.0
Engineering Framework Agreement	總框架協議			
Aggregate annual caps	年度上限總額	63.0	70.0	77.5

Details of the Master Property Engineering Framework Agreements have been set out in the Prospectus.

物業工程總框架協議的詳情載於招 股章程內。



During the Year, the actual transaction amounts paid and payable by Ever Diamond Group, Zensun Development Group and Zensun Enterprises Group to the Group for the property engineering services were RMB11.3million, RMB17.6 million and RMB16.9 million, respectively.

Ms. Zhang is our non-executive Director and one of our controlling shareholders and therefore is a connected person of our Company. As at the date of this annual report, 100% of the number of issued shares in Ever Diamond and 71.99% of the number of issued shares in Zensun Enterprises are ultimately owned by a discretionary trust established by Ms. Huang, who is the mother of Ms. Zhang, as settlor and protector, with Vistra Trust (Singapore) Pte. Limited as trustee and Ms. Huang and Ms. Zhang as beneficiaries under the discretionary trust. In addition, Zensun Development is a 30%-controlled company held indirectly by Ms. Zhang. Accordingly, Ever Diamond Group, Zensun Development Group and Zensun Enterprises Group are considered associates of Ms. Zhang and connected persons of our Company under the Listing Rules. Accordingly, the transactions under the Master Property Management Framework Agreements, the Supplemental Agreements and the Master Property Engineering Framework Agreements constitute continuing connected transactions for our Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

Pursuant to Rule 14A.55 of the Listing Rules, each of the aforesaid continuing connected transactions have been reviewed by independent non-executive Directors of the Company. The independent non-executive Directors confirmed that each of the aforesaid continuing connected transactions of the Group for the Year have been entered into:

- (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- (ii) on normal commercial terms; and
- (iii) in accordance with the relevant agreements governing them and on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Shareholders as a whole.

於本年度,永鑽集團、正商發展集 團及正商實業集團就物業工程服務 已付及應付本集團的實際交易金額 分別為人民幣II.3百萬元、人民幣 I7.6百萬元及人民幣I6.9百萬元。

張女士為我們的非執行董事及其中 一名控股股東,因此為本公司的關 連人士。於本年報日期,永鑽已發 行股份數目的100%及正商實業已發 行股份數目的71.99%乃由張女士的 母親黃女士(作為財產授予人及保 護人)及Vistra Trust (Singapore) Pte. Limited(作為受託人)成立的全權信 託最終擁有,而黃女士和張女士作 為全權信託的受益人。此外,正商 發展為一間由張女士間接持有的 30%控股公司。因此,根據上市規 則,永鑽集團、正商發展集團及正 商實業集團被視為張女士的聯繫人 及本公司的關連人士。因此,根據 上市規則第14A章,物業管理總框 架協議、補充協議及物業工程總框 架協議項下的交易將構成本公司的 持續關連交易。

根據上市規則第14A.55條,上述各 持續關連交易已經本公司獨立非執 行董事審閱。獨立非執行董事確 認,本集團於本年度之上述各持續 關連交易乃:

- (i) 於本集團一般及正常業務過程 中訂立:
- (ii) 按一般商業條款訂立;及
- (iii) 根據規管該等交易之相關協議 以及按屬公平合理,並符合股 東整體利益之條款訂立。



Pursuant to Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules, the Company has engaged the auditor of the Company to conduct certain procedures in respect of the continuing connected transactions of the Group in accordance with the Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagement 3000 (Revised) "Assurance Engagement Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The Board has received a letter from the auditor containing the findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions disclosed by the Group and confirming the matters set out in Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules. A copy of the auditor's letter has been provided by the Company to the Stock Exchange.

In accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagement 3000 (Revised) "Assurance Engagement Other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information", the auditor has also reported to the Board that for the Year, nothing has come to their attention that any of the aforesaid continuing connected transactions:

- (i) have not been approved by the Board;
- (ii) were not, in all material respects, in accordance with the pricing policies of the Group;
- (iii) were not entered into, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant agreement governing such transactions; and
- (iv) have exceeded the relevant annual caps for the Year as set by the Company.

根據香港核證委聘準則第3000號 (經修訂)「審核或審閱過往財務資 料以外之核證委聘」,核數師亦已向 董事會報告,於本年度,概無有關 上述任何持續關連交易之下列事項 須提請彼等垂注:

- (i) 未取得董事會批准;
- (ii) 於所有重大方面並未符合本集 團之定價政策;
- (iii) 於所有重大方面並未根據規管 該等交易之相關協議訂立:及
- (iv) 超出本公司擬定本年度之相關 年度 F限。



ADVANCE TO AN ENTITY

The Pledge Agreement given by Xingye IOT Management to guarantee Bills Acceptance granted by the Bank to Henan Zhengyang constitutes an advance to an entity under the Listing Rules.

As the advance to an entity under the Pledge Agreement exceeds 8% under the assets ratio defined under Rule 14.07(1) of the Listing Rules, the Pledge Agreement was subject to the general disclosure obligations under Rules 13.13 and 13.15 of the Listing Rules. Due to inadvertent oversight, the Company failed to comply with the general disclosure obligations under Rules 13.13 and 13.15 of the Listing Rules.

The details of the Pledge Agreement was disclosed in the section headed "Connected Transactions". As at 31 December 2021, the Pledged Deposit under the Pledge Agreement was subsisting, however, as at the date of this annual report, the Pledge Agreement has been terminated and the Pledged Deposit has been released.

向實體作出的墊款

抵押協議乃由興業物聯網管理為擔保銀 行授予河南正陽的承兑匯票,根據上市 規則其構成向河南正陽提供的財務資助。

由於抵押協議作為向實體作出的塾款超過上市規則第14.07(1)條所界定的資產比率的8%,故抵押協議須遵守上市規則第13.13及13.15條項下的一般披露責任。然而,由於不慎疏忽,本公司未能遵守上市規則第13.13及13.15條項下的一般披露責任。

抵押協議的詳情已於「關連交易」一節所 披露。於二零二一年十二月三十一日, 抵押協議項下的抵押存款仍然存續,然 而,於本報告日期,抵押協議已終止且 抵押存款已解除。



SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at the 31 December 2021, according to the register of interest in Shares and underlying Shares and short positions kept by our Company pursuant to Section 336 of Part XV of the SFO and so far as is known to or can be ascertained after reasonable enquiries by our Directors, the persons (other than our Directors or chief executive of our Company) who were directly or indirectly interested in 5% or more in the Shares and underlying Shares of our Company are as follows:

Long positions in the Shares of our Company

主要股東

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,根據本公司遵照證券及期貨條例第XV部第336條存置之股份及相關股份權益及淡倉登記冊,以及據董事目前所知或於作出合理查詢後所確定,直接或間接擁有本公司股份及相關股份5%或以上權益之人士(董事或本公司最高行政人員除外)如下:

於本公司股份之好倉

Name of shareholder	Nature of interests	Number of Shares held	Approximate percentage of the issued share capital of our Company (%) 佔本公司已發行
股東名稱	權益性質	所持股份數目	股本概約百分比(%)
Vistra Trust (BVI) Limited	Trustee of a trust (Note) 信託受託人(附註)	226,350,000	56.59
Glory Reach 榮達	Interest in controlled corporation (Note) 於受控法團的權益(附註)	226,350,000	56.59
Fast Achieve 速達	Interest in controlled corporation (Note) 於受控法團的權益(附註)	226,350,000	56.59
Foison Amber Development 榮珀發展	Beneficial owner (Note) 實益擁有人(附註)	226,350,000	56.59
Eco-Victory Limited 盈域有限公司	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	73,650,000	18.41

Note: 226,350,000 Shares are directly held by Foison Amber Development, which is indirectly wholly-owned by Vistra Trust (BVI) Limited, the trustee of the Blossom Trust. The Blossom Trust is a discretionary trust established by Ms. Huang as the settlor, with Ms. Zhang acting as the protector and Ms. Zhang and her descendants being the discretionary beneficiaries. Foison Amber Development is wholly-owned by Fast Achieve. Fast Achieve is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Glory Reach, which in turn is wholly-owned by Vistra Trust (BVI) Limited, as the trustee of the Blossom Trust.

附註: 226,350,000股股份由榮珀發展直接 持有,而榮珀發展由Vistra Trust (BVI) Limited(豐華信託的受託人)間接全資 擁有。豐華信託為由黃女士作為財產 授予人成立的全權信託,由張女士擔 任保護人以及張女士及其後裔為酌情 受益人。榮珀發展由速達全資擁有。 速達為榮達的全資附屬公司,而榮達 則由Vistra Trust (BVI) Limited(作為豐華 信託的受託人)全資擁有。



Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2021, no person other than our Directors whose interests are set out in the above section headed "Directors' and Chief Executive's Interests and Short Positions in Securities", had registered an interest of 5% or more in the issued share capital of our Company, and short positions in the Shares and underlying Shares, that was required to be recorded in the register of interest pursuant to Section 336 of Part XV of the SFO.

除上文所披露者外,於二零二一年十二 月三十一日,概無任何人士(董事除外, 有關之權益已載於上文「董事及最高行政 人員於證券中的權益及淡倉」一節內)登 記於本公司已發行股本中5%或以上之權 益及股份或相關股份中之淡倉,而根據 證券及期貨條例第XV部第336條該等權 益或淡倉須記入權益登記冊。

DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN A COMPETING BUSINESS

In order to avoid any future competition with our Group, on 18 February 2020, the controlling shareholders, Ms. Zhang, Foison Amber Development, Glory Reach and Fast Achieve (the "Controlling Shareholder(s)"), entered into a deed of non-competition (the "Deed of Non-Competition") in favour of our Company and its subsidiaries. Pursuant to the Deed of Non-Competition, each of the Controlling Shareholders has undertaken and covenanted with the Company that, she/it shall not, and shall procure that her/its close associates and entities or companies controlled by her/it (other than a member of the Group) not to, at any time during the restricted period, among other things, directly or indirectly, either on her/its own account or in conjunction with or on behalf of any person, firm or company (in each case whether as a shareholder, partner, agent, employee or otherwise) carry on, engage, participate, be concerned or interested in or in any way assist in or provide support (whether financial, technical or otherwise) to any business similar to or which competes (either directly or indirectly) or is likely to compete with any business which is the same as, similar to or in competition with the current business of our Group, namely the engagement of business as the property management and value-added service provider to non-residential properties and property engineering service provider in Zhengzhou, Henan Province and any parts of the world where our Group or any member of our Group conducts or will conduct its business (the "Restricted Business").

董事於競爭業務之權益

為避免日後與本集團出現任何競爭,於 二零二零年二月十八日,控股股東、張 女士、榮珀發展、榮達和速達(「控股 股東」)以本公司及其附屬公司為受益人 與本公司訂立不競爭契據(「不競爭契 據」)。根據不競爭契據,各控股股東已 與本公司承諾及訂下契諾,於受限制期 間的任何時間,其將不會,並促使其緊 密聯繫人及受其控制之實體或公司(本集 團成員公司除外)不會(其中包括)自行或 連同或代表任何人士、商號或公司(在 各情況下不論是否為股東、合夥人、代 理、僱員或其他人士)直接或間接經營、 從事、參與、涉及或於當中擁有利益或 以任何方式協助或提供支持(無論在財 務、技術或其他方面)予任何與本集團當 前業務(即向河南省鄭州市及本集團或本 集團任何成員公司於全球任何地方開展 或將要開展業務的地區的非住宅物業及 物業工程服務供應商提供物業管理及增 值服務)相同、類似或構成競爭的任何業 務相似或構成競爭(無論直接或間接)或 很可能構成競爭的業務(「受限制業務」)。



Each of the Controlling Shareholders had undertaken and covenanted with the Company that if any new business opportunity which directly or indirectly competes, or may lead to competition with the Restricted Business is made available to any of our Controlling Shareholders, her/its close associates and/or any company or entity controlled by her/it, directly or indirectly, whether individually or together (other than our Group), she/it will or will direct or procure the relevant close associates and/or controlled company to direct such business opportunity to our Group with such required information to enable our Group to evaluate the merits of the relevant business opportunity. The relevant controlling shareholder will provide or procure the relevant close associates and/or controlled company to provide our Group with all such reasonable assistance to secure such business opportunity.

The independent board committee of our Company comprising all independent non-executive Directors will be responsible for deciding and given the authority to decide, without attendance by any Directors with beneficial or conflicting interest in the new business opportunities referred to our Group by our Controlling Shareholders (or their respective close associates or controlled companies/entities other than members of our Group), the exercise of the preemptive right under the Deed of Non-Competition. None of our Controlling Shareholders and their relevant close associates and controlled companies (other than our Group) shall pursue the relevant business opportunity unless our Company decides not to pursue such business opportunity.

During the Year, the Company had not received any information from any of the Controlling Shareholders in respect of any new business opportunity which directly or indirectly competes, or may lead to competition with the Restricted Business which were made available to any of our Controlling Shareholders, her/ its close associates and/or any company or entity controlled by her/it, directly or indirectly, whether individually or together (other than our Group). Further, each of the Controlling Shareholders has made an annual declaration to the Company that she/it had fully complied with her/its obligations under the Deed of Non-Competition during the Year. The independent non-executive Directors had reviewed the compliance of the terms of the Deed of Non-Competition and the enforcement of undertakings under the Deed of Non-Competition, and based on the above, confirm that each of the Controlling Shareholders have complied with her/its obligations under the Deed of Non-Competition during the Year.

由全體獨立非執行董事組成的本公司獨立董事委員會將在控股股東(或其各自的緊密聯繫人或受控制公司/實體(本集團成員公司除外))轉介本集團的新商權為或利益衝突的任何權格。 出席的情況下負責決定,並獲授權作出決定行使不競爭契據的優先購買權。 非本公司決定不尋求有關商機,否受控制公司(本集團除外)一概不得尋求有關商機。



Ms. Zhang, our non-executive Director and one of our Controlling Shareholders, and her close associates have been conducting other business or holding interest in Henan Zensun Property Management Co., Ltd.* (河南正商物業管理有限公司) ("Zensun PM"), a company established in the PRC and indirectly whollyowned by Zensun Development as at the Listing Date, which focused primarily on property management services for residential properties.

In the fourth quarter of 2020, Zensun Development Group sold 91% of its shareholding in Zensun PM to an Independent Third Party. Following the disposal, Zensun Development Group remained 9% shareholding interest in Zensun PM and Ms. Zhang ceased to be a substantial shareholder of Zensun PM. During the Year, none of our Directors were interested in any business apart from our Group's business, which competed or was likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with our Group's businesses.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENT

No equity-linked agreements were entered into by our Group during the Year or subsisted at the end of the Year.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Detailed information on our Company's corporate governance practices is set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 61 to 83.

PUBLIC FLOAT

As at the latest practicable date prior to the issue of this annual report, our Company has maintained the prescribed public float under the Listing Rules, based on the information that is publicly available to our Company and within the knowledge of our Directors.

我們的非執行董事及其中一名控股股東 張女士及其緊密聯繫人一直從事其他業 務或於河南正商物業管理有限公司(「正 商物業管理」,一家於中國成立的公司, 於上市日期由正商發展間接全資擁有)持 有權益,該公司主要專注於住宅物業的 物業管理服務。

於二零二零年第四季,正商發展集團向一名獨立第三方出售其於正商物業管理之91%股權。自出售後,正商發展集團只維持正商物業管理的9%股權,且張女士不再為正商物業管理的主要股東。於本年度,概無董事於與本集團業務直接或間接競爭的任何業務中擁有權益。

股票掛鈎協議

本集團於本年度期間並無訂立或於本年 度末存續任何股票掛鈎協議。

企業管治

本公司企業管治常規的詳情載於第61至 83頁企業管治報告。

公眾持股量

根據本公司所得公開資料及據董事所知,截至本年報刊發前的最後實際可行 日期,本公司已維持上市規則規定之公 眾持股量。

年報 2021



EMOLUMENT POLICY

The emolument policy of the employees of the Group is set up by the Board on the basis of the merit, qualifications and competence of the employees. The emoluments of the Directors are decided by the Board after recommendation from the Remuneration Committee, having regard to the time commitment and responsibilities of the directors, the Company's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics.

RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEMES

Details of the retirement benefit schemes for the employees of the Group are disclosed in the section headed "Other employee benefits – Pension schemes" set out in note 2.4 to the consolidated financial statements.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Save as disclosed in the above sections, there was no other significant event after the reporting period and up to the date of this annual report.

FINAL DIVIDEND

The Board recommends the payment of a final dividend in respect of the Year of HK2.50 cents in the form of cash per share to be distributed out of the Company's share premium account to Shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on Wednesday, 7 July 2022 (record date). Subject to the approval of the eligible Shareholders at the 2022 AGM, it is expected that the final dividend will be paid to the eligible Shareholders on or around Friday, 12 August 2022.

There is no arrangement that any Shareholder has waived or agreed to waive any dividend.

酬金政策

本集團的僱員酬金政策由董事會按僱員 的表現、資歷及能力而訂立。董事酬金 乃經薪酬委員會建議後,由董事會參照 有關董事所付出的時間及職責、本公司 的經營業績、個人表現以及可資比較的 市場統計數據釐定。

退休福利計劃

本集團為僱員提供之退休福利計劃詳情 於綜合財務報表附註2.4內「其他僱員福 利一退休金計劃」一節披露。

報告期後事項

除上文等章節所披露者外,報告期後及 直至本報告日期並無其他重大事件。

末期股息

董事會建議以現金形式向於二零二二年七月七日(星期三)(記錄日期)名列本公司股東名冊的股東按每股股份2.50港仙派付本年度的末期股息,有關股息將自本公司股份溢價賬派付。待合資格股東於本公司二零二二年股東週年大會上批准後,預期末期股息將於二零二二年八月十二日(星期五)或前後派付予合資格股東。

股東概無訂立任何放棄或同意放棄任何 股息的安排。



ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The 2022 AGM will be held on Tuesday, 28 June 2022 and the notice of 2022 AGM will be published and despatched to the Shareholders in the manner as required by the Listing Rules in due course.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The register of members of the Company will be closed for the following periods:

(a) For the purpose of determining the Shareholders who are entitled to attend and vote at the 2022 AGM expected to be held on Tuesday, 28 June 2022, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Thursday, 23 June 2022 to Tuesday, 28 June 2022, both days inclusive. In order to qualify for attending and voting at the 2022 AGM, all transfer documents should be lodged for registration with the Company's Hong Kong Share Registrar, Tricor Investor Services Limited at Level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Wednesday, 22 June 2022.

(b) For the purpose of determining will Shareholders who qualify for the final dividend, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, 5 July 2022 to Thursday, 7 July 2022 both days inclusive. In order to qualify for the final dividend, all transfer documents should be lodged for registration with the Company's Hong Kong Share Registrar, Tricor Investor Services Limited at Level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Monday, 4 July 2022.

股東週年大會

二零二二年股東週年大會將於二零二二年六月二十八日(星期二)舉行,而本公司將於適當時候根據上市規則規定之方式刊發及向股東寄發二零二二年股東週年大會通告。

暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

本公司將於下列期間暫停辦理股份過戶 登記手續:

- (b) 為釐定符合資格收取末期股息的股東,本公司預期將於二零二二年七月上日(星期二)至二等二二年七月七日(星期四)(包括首尾兩日)暫理股份過戶登記手續。為符合資格收取末期股息,所有股份過戶致格收取末期股息,所有股份過戶文件須於二零二二年七月四日(星期一)下午四時三十分前送交本公司的香港股份過戶登記處卓佳證券登記有限公司以供登記,地址為香港皇后大道東183號合和中心54樓。

AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements have been audited by Ernst & Young, who will retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for reappointment at the 2022 AGM.

On behalf of the Board

ZHU JIE

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer
30 March 2022

核數師

綜合財務報表由安永會計師事務所審 核,其將退任並符合資格於二零二二年 股東週年大會重選連任。

承董事會命

主席兼行政總裁

朱杰

二零二二年三月三十日



Our Company is committed to maintain a high standard of corporate governance. The Board believes that the adoption and adherence to the recognised standards of corporate governance principles and practices are one of the key factors to the success of our Company. Good corporate governance provides a framework for our Group to safeguard the interests of our Shareholders, enhance corporate value, improve its accountability and transparency in operations, and formulate its business strategies and policies.

本公司致力維持高水平的企業管治。董事會相信,採納及遵守企業管治原則及常規的公認標準是本公司成功的關鍵因素之一。良好的企業管治為本集團提供框架,以維護其股東的利益,提高企業價值,改善其問責制和運營透明度,以及制訂其業務戰略和政策。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

Our Company is committed to achieving and maintaining high standards of corporate governance consistent with the needs and requirements of our business and the Shareholders.

The Board has reviewed our Company's corporate governance practices and is satisfied that our Company has been in compliance with the code provisions ("Code Provision(s)") set out in the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules effective up to 31 December 2021 ("2021 CG Code") and, where applicable, the recommended best practices of the 2021 CG Code, throughout the Year, save and except for the deviations which are explained below:

Pursuant to Code Provision A.I.I of the 2021 CG Code (currently numbered as C.5.I), Board meetings should be held at least four times a year at approximately quarterly internals. Although only two regular Board meetings were held during the Year, the Board considered that sufficient meetings had been held as business operations were under the management and the supervision of the executive Directors. In addition, senior management of the Group has provided to the Directors the information in respect of the Group's business development and activities from time to time and, when required, ad hoc Board meetings were held to discuss matters.

企業管治常規

本公司致力達到並維持符合業務及股東 需求和要求的高水平企業管治。

董事會已檢視本公司企業管治常規,並信納本公司於本年度一直遵守上市規則附錄十四所載自二零二一年十二月三十一日起生效的企業管治守則(「二零二一年企業管治守則」)所載守則條文(「守則條文」)及(如適用)二零二一年企業管治守則的建議最佳慣例,除下述偏離外:

根據二零二一年企業管治守則之守則條 文第A.I.I條(目前編號為第C.5.I條),董 事會議應每年舉行至少四次,大約 季度舉行一次。儘管於本年度僅舉行行 次定期董事會會議,但由於業務會認 執行董事管理及監督,故董事會認為管理 舉行足夠會議。此外,本集團高級管理 歷已不時向董事提供有關本集團業務 展及活動的資料,並於有需要時舉行特 別董事會會議以討論事宜。



Pursuant to Code Provision A.2.1 of the 2021 CG Code (currently numbered as C.2.1), the roles of chairman and chief executive of our Company should be segregated. Our Company is of the view that it is beneficial to the management of our Group that Mr. Zhu Jie, with his extensive expertise in the property management industry, shall continue in his dual capacity as chairman and chief executive officer. The balance of power and authority is ensured by the operation of the senior management and our Board, both of which comprise experienced and high-caliber individuals.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS AND RELEVANT EMPLOYEES

Our Company has adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules. Our Company has made specific enquiries with all Directors and each of them confirmed that they have compiled with the required standards set out in the Model Code during the Year.

Our Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the relevant employees of our Group who are considered likely to be in possession of unpublished inside information of our Company or its securities on no less exacting terms than the Model Code in relation to their dealings in the securities of our Company pursuant to Code Provision A.6.4 of the 2021 CG Code (currently numbered as C.I.3). To the best knowledge and belief of our Directors, all relevant employees have fully complied with the required standard of such code.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Overall Accountability

The Board is accountable to the Shareholders and in discharging its corporate accountability, every Director is required to pursue excellence in the interests of our Shareholders and fulfil his or her fiduciary duties by applying the required level of skills, care and diligence to a standard in accordance with the statutory requirements.

根據二零二一年企業管治守則守則條文 第A.2.1條(目前編號為第C.2.1條),本公 司主席及行政總裁的角色應有區分。本 公司認為朱杰先生的物業管理行業經驗 豐富,由彼繼續兼任主席及行政總裁乃 有利於本集團管理。高級管理層及董事 會(雙方均由經驗豐富及優秀個人組成) 運作將確保權力及授權分佈均衡。

董事及相關僱員進行證券交易的 標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載的標準守則。本公司已向全體董事作出特定 查詢,而各董事確認彼等於本年度已遵 守標準守則所載的所需標準。

根據二零二一年企業管治守則守則條文 A.6.4條(目前編號為第C.I.3條),本公司 已對被視為可能擁有未經發佈本公司或 其證券內幕消息之本集團相關僱員就彼 等買賣本公司證券採納一套證券交易行 為守則,條款之嚴謹程度不遜於標準守 則。據董事所深知及確信,所有相關僱 員已全面遵守該守則所載之規定標準。

董事會

整體問責性

董事會須向股東負責,並履行其企業責任,每名董事須追求卓越,符合股東利益,按法規規定應用所需技能、謹慎且 竭盡所能達成其誠信責任。



Board Responsibilities and Delegation

Our Company is headed by an effective Board which is responsible for leadership and control of our Company and formulating strategic directions and monitoring performance of our business. The executive Director is delegated with the authorities and responsibilities for the day-to-day management of our Group, operational and business decisions within the control and delegation framework of our Group. The non-executive Directors ("NEDs") (including independent non-executive Directors ("INEDs")) of the Company contribute valuable views, professional opinions and proposals for the Board's deliberation and decisions.

The Board is also responsible for maintaining and reviewing the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of our Group. It has carried out review of the existing implemented systems, including control measures of financial and operational compliance of our Group.

The Board has established Board committees and has delegated various responsibilities to these Board committees as set out in their respective terms of reference.

Daily management and administration functions are delegated to the management. The Board delegated various responsibilities to the senior management of our Company. These responsibilities include implementing decisions of the Board, directing and coordinating day-to-day operation and management of our Company in accordance with the management strategies and plans approved by the Board, formulating and monitoring the operation and production plans and budgets, and supervising and monitoring the control systems.

The Board reserves for its decisions all major matters of our Company, including appointment of new Directors, approval of financial statements, dividend policy, significant accounting policies, material contracts, significant appointments such as company secretary and external auditors, terms of reference of Board committees, major corporate policies such as code of conduct, and other significant financial and operational matters.

董事會的責任及授權

本公司由有效率之董事會領導,其負責領導和控制本公司,並制訂戰略方向和監督業務表現。執行董事獲授予於本集團的監控及授權框架內對本集團進行日常管理及作出經營及業務決策的權力及責任。本公司非執行董事(「獨立非執行董事」))貢獻寶貴見解、專業意見及建議,供董事會考慮及決策。

董事會亦負責維持及審閱本集團風險管 理及內部監控系統的效能,並已對現時 實行的系統進行審閱程序,其中包括審 閱本集團財務和經營合規的監控措施。

董事會已設立董事委員會,並賦予該等 董事委員會不同責任,詳情載於其各自 的職權範圍。

管理層獲委派日常管理和行政職能。董事會將若干職責委派給本公司的高級管理層。這些職責包括執行董事會的決策,根據董事會批准的管理策略和計劃指導和協調本公司的日常營運和管理,制訂和監控營運及生產計劃和預算,以及監督和監控控制系統。

董事會亦保留對本公司所有重大事宜的決定,包括委任新董事、批准財務報表、股息政策、重大會計政策、重大合約、如委任公司秘書及外聘核數師等重大委任、董事委員會之職權範圍、主要公司政策如行為守則等,以及其他重要財務及營運事宜。



All Directors have full and timely access to all the information of our Company and may, upon request, seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances at our Company's expenses for discharging their duties to our Company. The Directors having material interest in the matter shall abstain from voting at such Board meeting and the INEDs with no conflict of interest shall attend at such meeting to deal with the matters. All Directors ensure that they can give sufficient attention to discharge their responsibilities to the affairs of our Company and our Directors have disclosed to our Company the identity and nature of offices held in any public organisation and other significant commitments on an annual basis.

Composition of the Board

The Board currently comprises seven Directors including one executive Director, three NEDs and three INEDs. Among our seven Directors, one of the Directors is female and the rest of them are male. The biographical details of our Directors and the senior management of our Group are set out on pages 20 to 31 of this annual report. The Board members do not have any family, financial, business or other material/relevant relationship(s) with each other.

Executive Director, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

As at the date of this annual report, there is one executive Director, namely Mr. Zhu Jie. He is also the Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of our Company. He is primarily responsible for the overall management and strategic planning of our Group's business operations. He provides strategic direction to our Group, takes primary responsibility for ensuring good corporate governance practices with necessary procedures established and ensures the effective implementation of corporate strategy and policies.

Non-executive Directors

As at the date of this annual report, there are three NEDs, namely Ms. Zhang Huiqi, Mr. Wang Jinhu and Mr. Liu Zhenqiang. Ms. Zhang Huiqi is primarily responsible for our Group's business development and investor relations. Mr. Wang Jinhu and Mr. Liu Zhenqiang are primarily responsible for providing strategic advice to the Board.

所有董事均可充分、及時獲取本公司的 所有資料,並可應要求在適當情況下專 履行其對本公司的職責而尋求獨有事立 意見,費用由本公司承擔。 會議放棄投票,而沒有關對方有關的 會議放棄投票,而沒有會議以處 事宜。全體董事保證彼等可 報 事宜。全體董事保證被等可 報 事宜。全體董事保證 每年向本公司披露於任何公共組織 每年向本公司披露於任何公共組織 任職位的身份及性質以及其他重大承擔。

董事會的組成

董事會目前由七名董事組成,包括一名 執行董事、三名非執行董事和三名獨立 非執行董事。在我們的董事當中,其中 一名董事為女性,其餘均為男性。董事 及本集團高級管理層之履歷詳情載於本 年報第20至31頁。董事會成員之間概 無存在任何家屬、財務、業務或其他重 大/相關關係。

執行董事、主席兼行政總裁

於本年報日期,本公司有一名執行董事 朱杰先生。彼亦為本公司董事會主席兼 行政總裁。彼主要負責本集團業務營運 的整體管理及策略規劃。彼為本集團提 供策略方向,主要負責確保已設立良好 企業管治常規及所需程序,並確保有效 執行企業策略及政策。

非執行董事

於本年報日期,本公司有三名非執行董 事張惠琪女士、王金虎先生和劉振強先 生。張惠琪女士主要負責本集團業務發 展及投資者關係。王金虎先生及劉振強 先生主要負責向董事會提供策略意見。



Independent Non-executive Directors and their Independence

As at the date of this annual report, there are three INEDs including Mr. Xu Chun, Mr. Feng Zhidong and Mr. Zhou Sheng. Our Company has appointed a sufficient number of INEDs in accordance with Rules 3.10(1) and 3.10A of the Listing Rules. With Mr. Feng Zhidong's working experience and academic background in accounting, our Company considers that he possesses the appropriate professional qualifications, accounting and related financial management expertise as required under Rule 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules.

Our Company has already received annual confirmation letters of independence from all the INEDs and each of them have declared fulfilment of all the guidelines for assessing independence in accordance with Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. Accordingly, the Board considers that all INEDs are independent as defined in the Listing Rules.

All our Directors, including the NEDs and INEDs, have entered into service agreements with our Company for an initial term of three years commencing on the Listing Date. Pursuant to the Articles of Association of the Company, all Directors must retire by rotation at least once every three years.

In compliance with Code Provision A.3.2 of the 2021 CG Code (currently numbered as B.1.2), an updated list of our Directors identifying their role and function are available on the websites of our Company (www.xingyewulian.com) and the Stock Exchange (www.hkex.com.hk). Our Company will review the composition of the Board from time to time to ensure that the Board possesses the appropriate and necessary expertise, skill and experience to meet the needs of our Group's business and to enhance the Shareholders' value.

獨立非執行董事及彼等之獨立性

於本年報日期,本公司有三名獨立非執行董事,包括徐春先生、馮志東先生和周勝先生。本公司已根據上市規則第3.10(1)及3.10A條委任足夠數目之獨立非執行董事。憑藉馮志東先生的工作經驗以及彼於會計之學歷,本公司認為彼擁有上市規則第3.10(2)條規定的適當專業資格、會計及相關財務管理專業知識。

本公司已向所有獨立非執行董事取得年度獨立性確認書,而彼等各自均聲明已符合所有根據上市規則第3.13條評估獨立性之指引。因此,董事會認為所有獨立非執行董事均為上市規則所界定之獨立人士。

所有董事(包括非執行董事及獨立非執行董事)已與本公司訂立服務協議,初始期限為自上市日期起計三年。根據本公司組織章程細則,所有董事必須最少每三年輪值退任一次。

為遵守二零二一年企業管治守則守則條 文第A.3.2條(目前編號為第B.1.2條),列 明其角色及職能之最新董事名單,可在 本公司網站(www.xingyewulian.com)及聯交 所網站(www.hkex.com.hk)查閱。本公司將 不時檢討董事會之組成,確保董事會擁 有適當及所需之專長、技能及經驗,以 滿足本集團業務需要,並提升股東價值。



Board Meetings and Directors' Attendance Records

Regular Board meetings should be held at least four times a year involving active participation, either in person or through electronic means of communication, of a majority of Directors. At least 14 days' notice for each regular meeting should be given to all Directors. All such minutes should be kept by our Company Secretary and are open for inspection at any reasonable time on reasonable notice by any Director. Apart from regular Board meetings, the Chairman should at least annually hold meetings with the INEDs without the presence of other Directors.

During the Year, two regular Board meetings of the Company were held to review, consider and approve, among others, annual and interim results and to review the business operations, corporate governance and the effectiveness of internal control systems and risk management of the Group.

Liability Insurance for our Directors

Our Company has arranged for appropriate liability insurance to indemnify its Directors against liabilities arising out of legal action on corporate activities. Such insurance coverage will be reviewed on an annual basis.

DIRECTORS' TRAINING AND CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Directors shall keep abreast of regulatory developments and changes in order to effectively perform their responsibilities and to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. Each newly appointed Director is provided with necessary induction and information to ensure that he/she has a proper understanding of our Company's operations and businesses as well as his/her responsibilities under relevant statues, laws, rules and regulations.

All Directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. Internally-facilitated briefings for Directors would be arranged and training materials or briefings on relevant topics such as updates on the Listing Rules and relevant financial or accounting standards would be provided to Directors where appropriate.

董事會會議及董事的出席記錄

董事會例會應每年至少舉行四次,大部分董事親身或透過電子通訊方法積極的與。每次舉行例會前,全體董事均須會前,每次舉行例會前,至數須由本公司秘書保管,可供任明司部。除董事會例會外,主席須在其也也,主以不可以會議。

於本年度,本公司董事會舉行兩次例會,以審閱、考慮及批准(其中包括)年度及中期業績,以及檢討本集團之業務運作、企業管冶及內部監控制度之成效以及風險管理。

董事之責任保險

本公司已為董事安排合適的責任保險, 以彌償其董事因企業活動的法律訴訟承 擔責任。該等保險覆蓋的保障按年檢討。

董事培訓及持續專業發展

董事須掌握監管動向,以有效執行彼等的職責及確保彼等對董事會作出知情及相關的貢獻。每名新委任的董事均獲提供必要的入職培訓及資料,確保其對本公司的營運及業務以及其於相關法規、法例、規則及規例下的責任有適當程度的了解。

所有董事應參與持續專業發展以建立和 更新本身的知識及技能。本公司為董事 安排內部簡介會,並在適當情況下向董 事提供相關主題(例如上市規則及相關財 務或會計準則的更新)的培訓材料或簡介 會。



During the Year, all Directors (including Mr. Zhu Jie, Ms. Zhang Huiqi, Mr. Wang Jinhu, Mr. Liu Zhenqiang, Mr. Feng Zhidong, Mr. Zhou Sheng and Mr. Xu Chun) participated in continuous professional development activities by reading newspaper, journals and materials and attending training sessions relating to directors' duties and responsibilities, corporate governance and regulatory updates. Our Company updates Directors constantly on the latest developments regarding the Group's business and other applicable regulatory requirements, to ensure compliance and enhance their awareness of good corporate governance practices. All Directors have provided to our Company with their training records on a regular basis, and such records have been maintained by the Company for accurate and comprehensive record keeping.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established three Board committees including the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee to assume responsibilities for and to oversee particular aspects of our Company's affairs. All Board committees of our Company are established with specific written terms of reference which deal clearly with their authorities and duties. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee are posted on our Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website and are available to Shareholders upon request.

All Board committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties and are empowered to obtain independent' professional advice at our Company's expenses in appropriate circumstances.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee consists of three INEDs, namely Mr. Feng Zhidong, Mr. Zhou Sheng and Mr. Xu Chun. Mr. Feng Zhidong, the chairman of the Audit Committee, possesses the appropriate professional qualifications, accounting and related financial management expertise as required under Rule 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules.

董事委員會

董事會已設立三個董事委員會,包括審核委員會、薪酬委員會和提名委員會,以承擔本公司特定方面的事務之職責責事。本公司所有董事委員會均設有特定書面職權範圍,明確指員其職權及職責。審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會職權範圍刊登於本股東齊閱。

所有董事委員會已獲提供充足資源,以 履行其委員會的職責,且授權在合適的 情況下諮詢獨立專業意見,費用由本公 司承擔。

審核委員會

審核委員會由三名獨立非執行董事組成,即馮志東先生、周勝先生及徐春先生。審核委員會主席馮志東先生擁有上市規則第3.10(2)條規定的適當專業資格、會計及相關財務管理專業知識。



The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are in compliance with the 2021 CG Code. The primary duties of the Audit Committee are, among others, to review the financial information, oversee the financial reporting system, risk management and internal control procedures, and to be primarily responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of the external auditor.

During the Year, two Audit Committee meetings were convened. The Audit Committee had performed the followings tasks, among others:

- (i) reviewed the annual results for the year ended 31 December 2020 and interim results for the six months ended 30 June 2021;
- (ii) reviewed the appropriateness and effectiveness of risk management and internal control systems for the Year;
- (iii) discussed with the auditor of the Company and reviewed their audit findings;
- (iv) reviewed the auditor's remuneration;
- reviewed all non-audit services provided by the auditors (if any) to determine the provision of such services would affect the independence of the auditors; and
- (vi) performed the corporate governance functions and reviewed the corporate governance policies and practices.

審核委員會之職權範圍符合二零二一年 企業管治守則。審核委員會主要職責乃 (其中包括)審閱財務資料、監察財務報 告制度、風險管理及內部監控程序,並 主要負責就外聘核數師的委任、重新委 任及罷免向董事會提供建議。

於本年度,審核委員會已舉行兩次會 議。審核委員會已進行以下工作,其中 包括:

- (i) 審閱截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度之年度業績及截至二零 二一年六月三十日止六個月之中期 業績;
- (ii) 檢討本年度風險管理及內部監控制 度之合適性及有效性;
- (iii) 與本公司之核數師討論及檢討其審 核發現;
- (iv) 檢討核數師之薪酬;
- (v) 檢討所有由核數師提供之非審核服務(如有)以釐定所提供該等服務是 否將影響核數師之獨立性:及
- (vi) 履行企業管治職能並檢討企業管治 政策及常規。



After due and careful consideration with all necessary financial information, and reports from management and the external auditors, the Audit Committee noted that no suspected fraud or irregularities, significant internal control deficiencies, or suspected infringement of laws, rules, or regulations had been found in respect of the Group save as disclosed in the sections headed "Connected Transactions" and "Advance to an Entity" in the Report of our Directors, at the Audit Committee meeting held on 30 March 2022. Details of the review over the Group's risk management and internal control systems conducted by the Audit Committee was disclosed in the section headed "Risk Management and Internal Control".

On 30 March 2022, the Audit Committee meeting was convened to review our Group's consolidated financial statements for the Year, including the accounting principles and practices, in conjunction with our Company's management and external auditor; and appropriateness and effectiveness of risk management and internal control systems. The Audit Committee endorsed the accounting treatment adopted by our Company, and the Audit Committee had to the best of its ability assured itself that the disclosure of the financial information in this annual report has complied with the applicable accounting standards and the Listing Rules and the Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong). The Audit Committee therefore resolved to recommend for the Board's approval the consolidated financial statements for the Year.

The Audit Committee also recommended to the Board the reappointment of Ernst & Young as the auditor of our Company and that the relevant resolution shall be put forth for its Shareholders' consideration and approval at the 2022 AGM.

於二零二二年三月三十日,審核委員會舉行會議,聯同本公司的管理層及外聘審計師審閱本集團本年度的綜合財務,包括會計準則及慣例,以及檢討風險管理及內部監控制度是否合適的財務管理及內部監控制度是否合適的財務資料符合適用的會計準則及香港法例第622章公司條例之規定。因此,審核委員會決議建議董會批准通過本年度的綜合財務報表。

審核委員會亦向董事會建議續聘安永會 計師事務所為本公司核數師,並建議將 有關決議案於二零二二年股東週年大會 上提呈予股東審議及批准。

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee consists of three INDEs, namely Mr. Zhou Sheng, Mr. Feng Zhidong, and Mr. Xu Chun. Mr. Zhou Sheng is the chairman of the Remuneration Committee.

The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are in compliance with the 2021 CG Code. The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee include but are not limited to (I) making recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all Directors' and senior management's remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy; (2) reviewing and approving the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives; (3) making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of non-executive Directors; (4) reviewing and approving compensation payable to executive Directors and senior management of the Company for any loss or termination of office or appointment to ensure that it is consistent with contractual terms and is otherwise fair and not excessive; (5) determining the criteria for assessing employee performance, which should reflect the Company's business objectives and targets; and (6) ensuring that no Director or any of his/her associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) is involved in deciding his/her own remuneration.

During the Year, one Remuneration Committee meetings was held to review and approve the remuneration of the executive Director, the NEDs and INEDs.

Details of our Directors' remuneration are set out in note 8 to the consolidated financial statements.

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會由三名獨立非執行董事組成,即周勝先生、馮志東先生及徐春先生。周勝先生為薪酬委員會主席。

薪酬委員會之職權範圍符合二零二一年 企業管治守則。薪酬委員會主要職責包 括但不限於:(1)就本公司全體董事及 高級管理人員的薪酬政策及架構,及就 設立正規而具透明度的程序制訂薪酬政 策,向董事會提出建議;(2)因應董事會 所訂企業方針及目標而檢討及批准管理 層的薪酬建議;(3)就非執行董事的薪酬 向董事會提出建議;(4)檢討及批准向本 公司執行董事及高級管理人員就其喪失 或終止職務或委任而須支付的賠償,以 確保該等賠償與合約條款一致;若未能 與合約條款一致,賠償亦須公平合理, 不致過多;(5)釐定評估僱員表現的準 則,有關準則須反映本公司的業務目的 及目標;及(6)確保任何董事或其任何聯 繫人(定義見上市規則)不得參與釐定其 自己的薪酬。

於本年度,薪酬委員會舉行了一次會議 以審議及批准執行董事、非執行董事及 獨立非執行董事的薪酬。

董事薪酬詳情載於綜合財務報表附註8。



Pursuant to Code Provision B.1.5 of the 2021 CG code, the remuneration of the senior management by band for the Year is set out as below:

根據二零二一年企業管治守則守則條文 第B.I.5條文,本年度高級管理層的薪酬 範圍載列如下:

Remuneration band	薪酬範圍	N umber of individuals 人數
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零至1,000,000港元	4

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee consists of three members, being one executive Director, namely Mr Zhu Jie and two INEDs, namely Mr. Zhou Sheng and Mr. Xu Chun. Mr. Zhu Jie is the chairman of the Nomination Committee.

The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are in compliance with the 2021 CG Code. The primary duties of the Nomination Committee include but are not limited to (1) reviewing the structure, size and composition (including without limitation, gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service) of the Board at least annually and making recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy; (2) identifying individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and selecting or making recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships; (3) assessing the independence of independent non-executive Directors; and (4) making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors, in particular the chairman and the chief executive officer, taking into account the Company's corporate strategy and the mix of skills, knowledge, experience and diversity needed in the future, together with the Board, as appropriate.

提名委員會

提名委員會由三名成員組成,即一名執 行董事朱杰先生及兩名獨立非執行董事 周勝先生及徐春先生。朱杰先生為提名 委員會主席。

提名委員會之職權範圍符合二零二一年 企業管治守則。提名委員會主要職責包 括但不限於:(1)至少每年檢討董事會的 架構、人數及組成(包括但不限於性別、 年齡、文化及教育背景、種族、專業經 驗、技能、知識及服務年期方面),並就 任何為配合本公司的公司策略而擬對董 事會作出的變動提出建議;(2)物色具備 合適資格可擔任董事會成員的人士,並 挑選提名有關人士出任董事或就此向董 事會提供意見;(3)評核獨立非執行董事 的獨立性;及(4)因應本公司的公司策略 及日後需要的技能、知識、經驗及多元 化組合,與董事會(如適用)就董事委任 或重新委仟以及董事(尤其是主席及行政 總裁)繼任計劃向董事會提出建議。

Nomination Policy

In identifying suitable candidates, the Nomination Committee shall consider candidates on merit and against the objective criteria such as integrity, experience, skill and ability to commit time and effort to carry out the duties and responsibilities, with due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board. The recommendations of the Nomination Committee will then be put to the Board for decision.

During the Year, one Nomination Committee was held to review the current structure and composition of the Board and recommended Mr. Zhu Jie, Ms. Zhang Huiqi and Mr. Zhou Sheng to retire, and being eligible, offered themselves for re-election in the Company's annual general meeting held on 3 June 2021 pursuant to Article 84(1) and (2) of the Articles of Association and Code Provision A.4.2 of the 2021 CG Code.

Under Article 84(1) and (2) of the Articles of Association, at each AGM, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to one-third) shall retire from office by rotation. According to Article 83(3) of the Articles of Association, any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy or by way of addition to their number shall hold office only until the next following AGM, and shall then be eligible for reappointment. Every Director shall be subject to retirement at least once every three years by rotation or offers herself/himself for re-election.

提名政策

於識別合適人選時,提名委員會應以用 人唯賢的準則,根據客觀標準考慮有關 人選,例如誠信、經驗、技能以及為履 行責任及職責所付出之時間及努力,並 適當考慮董事會成員多元化的好處。提 名委員會之建議將於其後提交董事會以 作決定。

於本年度,提名委員會舉行了一次會議,以檢討董事會目前的架構及組成,並建議朱杰先生、張惠琪女士及周勝先生根據組織章程細則第84(I)及(2)條及二零二一年企業管治守則守則條文第A.4.2條於二零二一年六月三日本公司舉行的股東週年大會上退任,且彼等符合資格並願意重選連任。

根據組織章程細則第84(I)及(2)條,於各股東週年大會上,當時三分之一董事(或倘其數目並非三之倍數,則為最接近三分之一之數目)須輪席告退。根據組織章程細則第83(3)條,任何獲董事會委任以填補臨時空缺,或藉增設數目之方式。任之董事僅將持有職務至下屆股東軍任之董事僅將持有職務至下屆股東軍大會為止,屆時彼將合資格重新委任。各董事將須最少每三年輪席告退或膺選連任一次。



Board Diversity Policy

Our Company recognises and embraces the benefit of having a diverse Board and considers the increasing diversity at the Board level as an essential element in supporting the attainment of our strategic objectives and its sustainable development. Our Company has adopted a board diversity policy which sets out the objective and approach to achieve and maintain diversity of the Board (the "Board Diversity Policy").

The Nomination Committee is delegated by the Board to be responsible for reviewing and ensuring the effectiveness and compliance with the Board Diversity Policy. The Nomination Committee will consider the Board diversity from a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service.

The Nomination Committee shall consider candidates on Board appointments on merit and against objective criteria, with due regard for the benefits and diversity on the Board. Having reviewed the Board Diversity Policy and the Board's composition, our Company is satisfied that the composition of the Board satisfies the Board Diversity Policy.

Corporate Governance Functions

The Board is responsible for performing the functions set out in the Code Provision D.3.1 of the 2021 CG Code (currently numbered as A.2.1). During the Year, the Board had reviewed our Company's corporate governance policies and practices, training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management, our Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements and our Company's compliance with the 2021 CG Code and disclosure in this Corporate Governance Report.

董事會多元化政策

本公司認同並深信董事會多元化裨益良多,並認為在董事會層面提升多元化為支持我們實現策略目標及其可持續發展的必要元素。本公司已採納董事會多元化政策,其中載列實現及維持董事會多元化的目標及方法(「董事會多元化政策」)。

提名委員會由董事會授權,將負責審閱 及確保董事會多元化政策行之有效及 得到遵從。提名委員會將從多角度考慮 董事會多元化,包括但不限於性別、年 齡、文化及教育背景、族裔、專業經 驗、技能、知識及服務年期。

提名委員會應以用人唯賢的準則,根據 客觀標準考慮董事會委任人選,並適當 考慮董事會的多元化及好處。經審查董 事會多元化政策和董事會組成後,本公 司信納,董事會組成符合董事會多元化 政策。

企業管治職能

年報 2021 異業物聯服務集團有限公司



ATTENDANCE RECORDS OF DIRECTORS

The attendance records of each Director at the Board and Board committee meetings during the Year are set out in the table below:

董事出席記錄

下表載列本年度董事會及董事委員會會議上各董事的出席記錄:

		Attendance/Number of Meetings held 出席情況/已舉行會議次數				
		Board 董事會	Audit Committee 審核委員會	Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會	Nomination Committee 提名委員會	Annual General Meeting 股東週年大會
Executive Director	執行董事					
Mr. Zhu Jie	朱杰先生	2/2	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/1	1/1
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事					
Ms. Zhang Huiqi	張惠琪女士	2/2	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1
Mr. Wang Jinhu	王金虎先生	2/2	不適用 N/A	不適用 N/A	不適用 N/A	1/1
			不適用	不適用	不適用	
Mr. Liu Zhenqiang	劉振強先生	2/2	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/1
Independent non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事					
Mr. Xu Chun	徐春先生	2/2	2/2	1/1	1/1	1/1
Mr. Feng Zhidong	馮志東先生	2/2	2/2	1/1	N/A 不適用	1/1
Mr. Zhou Sheng	周勝先生	2/2	2/2	1/1	1/1	1/1



REMUNERATION OF AUDITORS

The remuneration paid/payable to our Company's external auditors, Ernst & Young, in respect of audit services for the Year amounted to RMB1,450,000. No non-audit services was provided during the Year:

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

Financial Statements and Financial Reporting

Our Directors acknowledge their responsibility for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements of our Group that give a true and fair view in accordance with applicable accounting standards and Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong).

Our Directors also acknowledge their responsibilities to ensure that the announcements in relation to the consolidated financial statements on annual and interim results of our Group are published in a timely manner, within three months and two months respectively of the year end and the half-year period end.

The reporting responsibility of the external auditor of our Company on the consolidated financial statements of our Group are set out in "Independent Auditor's Report" on pages 84 to 91.

Going Concern

Our Directors, having made appropriate enquiries, are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon our Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Our Directors are of the view that our Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and that, for this reason, it is appropriate for our Group to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

核數師薪酬

於本年度,本公司就核數服務已付/應 付本公司外聘核數師安永會計師事務所 的薪酬分別為人民幣1,450,000元。於本 年度,並無提供非核數服務。

問責性及審核

財務報表及財務報告

董事知悉彼等有責任編製本集團之綜合 財務報表,並根據適用會計準則及公司 條例(香港法例第622章)真實而公平地呈 列。

董事亦知悉彼等有責任確保本集團就全年及中期業績之綜合財務報表之公告, 分別於年結日後三個月及半年期結束後兩個月內儘快刊發。

本公司外聘核數師對本集團之綜合財務 報表的申報責任載於第84頁至91頁「獨立 核數師報告」。

持續經營

經作出適當查詢後,董事並不知悉任何 重大不明朗事件或情況可能會影響本集 團持續經營的能力。董事認為本集團擁 有足夠資源在可見未來繼續營運,因此 本集團適宜採納持續經營基準編製綜合 財務報表。

年報 2021 興業物聯服務集團有限公司



RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board recognises its overall responsibilities for maintaining sound and effective risk management and internal control systems including conducting an annual review on their effectiveness for achieving long-term sustainable development of our Group. The risk management and internal control systems, under a defined management structure with limits of authority, are designed for our Group to identify and manage the significant risks to pursue its business objectives, safeguard its assets against unauthorised use or disposition, enhance effectiveness and efficiency of its operations, ensure the maintenance of proper accounting records for reliable financial reporting, and ensure compliance with relevant laws and regulations. Such systems are designed to manage our risk exposures, primarily our operational risk, legal risk and liquidity risk, rather than eliminate risks of failure in the achievement of our Group's business objectives and can only provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Board is responsible for the determination of our Group's risk profile within its acceptable tolerance levels in business operation, oversight of management in the design, implementation and monitoring of overall risk management process from risk identification, risk assessment, establishment of appropriate risk responses and regular risk evaluation and monitoring, so as to ensure the systems are effectively established and maintained.

The internal audit department is responsible for performing independent review of the adequacy and effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems. During the Year, the internal audit department examined key issues in relation to the accounting practices and all material controls and provided its findings and recommendations for improvement to the Audit Committee.

風險管理及內部監控系統

董事會負責為本集團就其業務營運上的 可承受程度而確立風險組合、監督管 理層從風險識別、風險評估、制訂合適 的風險應對措施至定期風險檢討及監察 的整體風險管理流程的設計、實施及監 察,以確保有關系統可有效地制訂及維 持。

內部審核部門負責就風險管理及內部監控系統是否足夠及其成效進行獨立檢討。本年度,內部審核部門審查有關會計慣例及所有重大監控的主要事宜,並向審核委員會提交其發現及提供改進建議。



The Audit Committee assists the Board in establishing formal arrangements to apply financial reporting and internal control principles in accounting and financial matters to ensure compliance with the Listing Rules and all relevant laws and regulations. The Board has authorised the Audit Committee to be responsible for the oversight of our Group's risk management and internal control systems and reviewing the effectiveness of such systems on a yearly basis. Such review covers all important aspects of supervision, including financial, operational and compliance monitoring. Subject to recommendation from the Audit Committee, our Company will appoint external internal control advisor to perform periodic review of our Company's internal control system to evaluate the effectiveness and formulate plans and recommendations for improvement of its internal control measures and policies.

The Board, as supported by the Audit Committee as well as the internal audit department, reviewed the risk management and internal control systems for the Year. As disclosed in the sections headed "Connected Transaction" and "Advance to an Entity" in the Report of our Directors, due to an inadvertent oversight, the Company failed to comply with (i) the general disclosure obligations under Rules 13.13 and 13.15 of the Listing Rules; (ii) the notification and announcement requirements under Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules; and (iii) the announcement, circular and Shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules in a timely manner.

During the Year, the Board and the Audit Committee considers the risk management and internal control systems may require further improvements. The Company takes such incidents of non-compliance of the Listing Rules seriously and will adopt additional remedial measures to prevent the reoccurrence of similar incident, including but not limited to enhancing the Group's internal control system by (i) providing the Directors and all senior managers of the Group with a list of the connected persons of the Company on a regular basis and making timely updates; (ii) requiring pre-approval of the Company for any transactions with connected persons; (iii) monitoring the monthly transactions with connected persons to ensure better coordination and report of connected transactions among various business units of the Company which are responsible for reporting, monitoring and handling connected transactions.

董事會在審核委員會以及內部審核部門的支持下,審閱本年度的風險管理及內部控制系統。根據董事會報告內「關連交易」及「向實體作出的墊款」一節所披露,由於不慎疏忽,本公司未能遵守(i)上市規則第13.13及13.15條項下的一般披露市規則第13.13及13.15條項下的一般披露香任:(ii)上市規則第14章項下通知及公告的規定:及(iii)於訂立抵押協議的相關時間及時遵守上市規則第14A章項下公告、通函及股東批准的規定。

年報 2021 興業物聯服務集團有限公司

The Board and the Audit Committee will arrange for a further review of the existing internal control procedures of the Company to be conducted to identify any deficiencies of our internal control policies and seek recommendations from professional parties on how to enhance the monitoring and effectiveness of the implementation of the internal control policies on connected transaction monitoring and reporting to ensure that current and future transactions will be conducted in compliance with the applicable requirements under Listing Rules and the relevant rules and regulations. The review of the risk management and internal control systems of our Group is an ongoing process and the Board maintains a continuing commitment to strengthen our Group's control environment and processes.

The Company has adopted a code of conduct ("Code of Conduct") for its Directors and relevant employees to ensure that both Directors and relevant employees are kept abreast of and fulfil a set of defined ethical obligations and appropriate behaviours when conducting businesses and/or performing their duties. The Company has also established and implemented procedures for (i) collection, evaluation and publication of information to ensure timely reporting of inside information to the Board and the Shareholders; and (ii) responding to external enquiries about the Group's affairs. With a view to identifying, handling and disseminating inside information in compliance with the SFO, procedures including preclearance on dealing in Company's securities by designated Director, notification of blackout period and securities dealing restrictions to relevant Directors and employees, identification of project by code name and dissemination of information on a need-to-know basis have been implemented by the Group to guard against possible mishandling of inside information within the Group.

董事會及審核委員會將安排進一步檢討本公司現有的內部控制程序,以識別我們內部控制政策的任何缺陷,並就如何加強監控及執行就關連交易監控及報告的內部控制政策的有效性尋求基果人對於不集團的風險管理及內部監控系統之檢討為持續過程,董事會會持續致力於加強本集團之監控環境及流程。



COMPANY SECRETARY

The company secretary is responsible for facilitating the Board process, as well as communication among board members. Ms. Leung Ka Ying has confirmed that she has attended not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the Year. Her biography is set out on page 31 of this annual report in the section headed "Board of Directors and Senior Management".

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

The Board recognises the importance of maintaining a clear, timely and effective communication with the Shareholders and investors of our Company. The Board also recognises that effective communication with our Company's investors is critical in establishing investor confidence and to attract new investors. Therefore, our Group is committed to maintaining a high degree of transparency to ensure the Shareholders and the investors of our Company will receive accurate, clear, comprehensive and timely information of our Group through the publication of annual reports, interim reports, announcements and circulars. Any significant events of our Group fall to be disclosed will be published in a timely, accurate and complete manner through the websites of our Company and the Stock Exchange, so as to safeguard our Shareholders' rights of information and participation.

Convening an Extraordinary General Meeting/Right to call an Extraordinary General Meeting

Pursuant to Article 58 of the Articles of Association, any one or more members holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of our Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of our Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the secretary of our Company, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty-one days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting the requisitionist himself may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist by our Company.

公司秘書

公司秘書負責促進董事會流程以及董事會成員之間的溝通。梁家凝女士確認彼於年內已參加I5小時以上的專業培訓。 其履歷載於本年報第3I頁「董事會及高級管理層」一節。

股東權利

召開股東特別大會/召開股東特別 大會的權利

年報 2021 興業物聯服務集團有限公司



Procedures for putting forward proposals at Shareholders' meeting

There are no provisions allowing Shareholders to propose new resolutions at the general meetings under the Cayman Islands Companies Law, However, Shareholders may request our Company to convene an extraordinary general meeting following the procedures under Article 58 of the Articles of Association as set out above.

Pursuant to Article 85 of the Articles of Association, no person other than a Director retiring at the meeting shall, unless recommended by the Directors for election, be eligible for election as a Director at any general meeting unless a notice signed by a member (other than the person to be proposed) duly qualified to attend and vote at the meeting for which such notice is given of his intention to propose such person for election and also a notice signed by the person to be proposed of his/her willingness to be elected shall have been lodged at the head office or at the registration office. The period for lodgment of the notices required under Article 85 will commence on the day after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than seven days prior to the date of such general meeting and the minimum length of the period during which such notices to our Company may be given will be at least seven days.

If a shareholder wishes to propose a person for election as a Director at a general meeting, he/she shall deposit a written notice at our Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong at 24th Floor, Wyndham Place, 40-44 Wyndham Street, Central, Hong Kong. The written notice must state the full name of the person proposed for election as a Director, including the person's biographical details as required by Rule 13.51(2) of the Listing Rules, and be signed by the Shareholder concerned and that person indicating his/her willingness to be elected.

於股東大會提呈建議之程序

開曼群島公司法並無條文容許股東於股東大會上提呈新決議案。然而,股東可按照上述組織章程細則第58條規定的程序,要求本公司召開股東特別大會。

倘股東有意於股東大會上提名一名人士參選董事,該股東應遞交書面通知至本公司主要營業地點,地址為香港中環雲咸街40-44號雲咸商業中心24樓。該書面通知必須註明所提名之董事候選人的全名及按照上市規則第13.51(2)條規定的履歷詳情,並由有關股東和獲提名人士簽署,證明該人士願意參選。



Putting Forward Enquiries to the Board

For putting forward any enquiries to the Board, Shareholders may send written enquiries to our Company. Our Company will not normally deal with verbal or anonymous enquiries.

A Shareholder may send an enquiry to the Board at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong at 24th Floor, Wyndham Place, 40-44 Wyndham Street, Central, Hong Kong for the attention of the Board in written form, which shall state the nature of the enquiry and the reason for making the enquiry. In addition, Shareholders can contact Tricor Investor Services Limited, the Hong Kong share registrar of our Company, for any questions about their shareholdings.

CHANGE IN CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

There was no change in the memorandum and articles of association of the Company during the Year. A copy of the latest version of our Company's memorandum and articles of association is also available on our Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website.

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTORS/INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Board considers that having active communications with our Shareholders and investors is important and this will enhance transparency and clarity in public disclosures by our Company. Any significant events of our Group fall to be disclosed will be published in a timely, accurate and complete manner through the websites of our Company and the Stock Exchange, so as to safeguard our Shareholders' rights of information and participation.

Our Company endeavours to maintain an on-going dialogue with Shareholders and in particular, through annual general meetings and other general meetings. At the annual general meeting, Directors (or their delegates as appropriate) are available to meet Shareholders and answer their enquiries. The notice of the general meetings together with relevant documents will be sent out to Shareholders at least 20 business days before the annual general meeting and at least 10 business days before all other general meetings. The notice contains details on the procedures for voting by poll as well as other relevant information related to the proposed resolutions.

向董事會提出查詢

股東可將彼等向董事會提出的任何查詢 以書面形式發送至本公司。本公司通常 不會處理口頭或匿名的查詢。

股東可將其向董事會提交之查詢以書面 形式送達本公司主要營業地點,地址為 香港中環雲咸街40-44號雲咸商業中心24 樓。該書面查詢的內容須註明查詢之性 質及提出查詢之理由。此外,股東亦可 就任何有關其股權問題向本公司香港股 份過戶登記處卓佳證券登記有限公司查 詢。

憲章文件的更改

於本年度內,本公司的組織章程大綱及 細則並無變動。本公司組織章程大綱及 細則的最新版本之副本可在本公司網站 及聯交所網站查閱。

與股東及投資者溝通/投資者關 係

董事會認為,積極與股東及投資者之溝 通尤為重要,本公司得以更透明清晰地 向公眾作出披露。本集團任何須予披露 的重大事項將以及時、準確且完整之方 式於本公司及聯交所之網站刊載,以保 障股東的知情權和參與權。



POLICIES RELATING TO SHAREHOLDERS

Dividend Policy

This dividend policy (the "Dividend Policy") sets out the principles and guidelines that the Company will apply when considering the declaration and payment of dividends to the Shareholders.

The Company may, subject to the Cayman Companies Law, from time to time in general meeting declare dividends in any currency to be paid to the Shareholders but no dividend shall be declared in excess of the amount recommended by the Board. The Board may from time to time determine to pay to the Shareholders such interim dividends as appear to the Board to be justified by the profits of the Company and in particular (but without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing) if at any time the share capital of the Company is divided into different classes, the Board may determine to pay such interim dividends in respect of those shares in the capital of the Company which confer on the holders thereof deferred or non-preferential rights as well as in respect of those shares which confer on the holders thereof preferential rights with regard to dividend and provided that the Board acts bona fide the Board shall not incur any responsibility to the holders of shares conferring any preference for any damage that they may suffer by reason of the payment of an interim dividend on any shares having deferred or non-preferential rights and may also pay any fixed dividend which is payable on any shares of the Company half-yearly or on any other dates, whenever such profits, in the opinion of the Board, justifies such payment.

股東相關政策

股息政策

本股息政策(「股息政策」)載列本公司於 考慮向股東宣派及支付股息時將採用的 原則及指引。

根據開曼公司法,本公司可能不時於股 東大會上以任何貨幣向股東宣派股息, 惟所宣派股息不得超過董事會建議的數 額。在董事會認為本公司溢利足以派付 中期股息時,董事會可不時釐定向股東 派付中期股息,尤其是(但並無影響上述 者的一般性)倘本公司股本於任何時候分 為不同類別,則董事會可就本公司股本 中賦予其持有人遞延或非優先權利的股 份,以及就賦予其持有人優先權利收取 股息的股份宣派中期股息,惟在董事會 真誠地行事的情況下,有關任何優先股 持有人因就任何遞延或非優先權利的股 份派付中期股息而蒙受任何損失,則董 事會概不對所產生的損失負責。在董事 認為有關溢利可合理支持該等支付時, 亦可每半年或在任何其他日期就本公司 任何股份支付任何固定股息。



According to the Dividend Policy, in deciding whether to propose a dividend and in determining the dividend amount, the Board shall take into account, inter alia:

根據股息政策,在決定是否建議派發股 息及釐定股息金額時,董事會將考慮(其 中包括):

- (a) financial results of the Group;
- (b) shareholders' interests;
- (c) current and projected financial performance of the Group;
- (d) growth and investment opportunities;
- (e) other macroeconomic and microeconomic factors; and
- (f) other factors that the Board may deem relevant from time to time.

The Board will continually review the Dividend Policy and reserves the right in its sole and absolute discretion to update, amend, modify and/or cancel the Dividend Policy at any time.

DISCLAIMER

The contents of the section headed "Shareholders' Rights" are for reference and disclosure compliance purposes only. The information does not represent and should not be regarded as legal or other professional advice from our Company to the shareholders. Shareholders should seek their own independent legal or other professional advice as to their rights as shareholders. Our Company disclaims all liabilities and losses incurred by the shareholders in reliance on any contents of the section headed "Shareholders' Rights".

- (a) 本集團的財務業績;
- (b) 股東利益;
- (c) 本集團目前及預期財務表現;
- (d) 增長及投資機遇;
- (e) 其他宏觀及微觀經濟因素;及
- (f) 董事會可能不時認為相關的其他因素。

董事會亦將持續檢討股息政策並保留其 唯一及絕對酌情權隨時更新、修訂、修 改及/或取消股息政策。

免責聲明

「股東權利」一節之內容僅供參考及合規 披露。該等資料並不代表且不應被視為 由本公司向股東發出之法律或其他專業 意見。股東須就其作為股東之權利自行 尋求獨立法律或其他專業意見。本公司 並不就股東因依賴「股東權利」一節所載 任何內容而產生之責任及損失負責。

年報 2021 興業物聯服務集團有限公司





Ernst & Young 27/F, One Taikoo Place 979 King's Road Quarry Bay, Hong Kong 安永會計師事務所 香港鰂魚涌英皇道979號 太古坊一座27樓 Tel 電話: +852 2846 9888 Fax 傳真: +852 2868 4432

ey.com

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Xingye Wulian Service Group Co. Ltd.

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Xingye Wulian Service Group Co. Ltd. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 92 to 195, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2021, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

獨立核數師報告

致興業物聯服務集團有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

意見

我們已審計列載於第92頁至195頁的興業物聯服務集團有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表包括二零二一年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表與截至至該合財務狀況表與也全面收益表,以年度的綜合損益及其他全面收益表,以為給合財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策概要。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據國際會計準則理事會(「國際會計準則理事會」)頒佈的《國際財務報告準則》真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於二零二一年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為編製。



BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for* the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審計準則》進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任」一節中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師道德守則》(「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已履行守則中的其他專業道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的意見提供基礎。

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期間綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及出具意見時進行處理的,且我們不會對這些事項提供單獨的意見。就下列各事項而言,我們是在該背景下提供我們在審計中處理該事項的方式。

我們已履行本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任」一節所述的責任,包括與該等事項有關的責任。因此,我們的審計包括執行程序,以應對我們對綜合財務報表中的重大錯誤陳述風險的評估。我們的審計程序(包括為處理下列事項而採取的程序)結果,為我們對隨附綜合財務報表所發表的審計意見提供了基礎。

年報 2021 興業物聯服務集團有限公司

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Cont'd)

關鍵審計事項(續)

Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項 How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們進行審核時如何處理關鍵審計事項

Recoverability of trade receivables and contract assets 貿易應收款項及合約資產的可回收性

As at 31 December 2021, the carrying amounts of trade receivables and contract assets were RMB40,045,000 and RMB21,953,000, respectively, which totally accounted for approximately 12% of the current assets of the Group.

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,貿易應收款項及合約 資產的賬面金額分別為人民幣40,045,000元及人民幣 21,953,000元,合共約佔 貴集團流動資產約12%。

We identified the recoverability of trade receivables and contract assets as a key audit matter due to the significance of the financial impact on the consolidated financial statements and the significant judgements exercised by management in estimating the expected credit losses of trade receivables and contract assets, including the existence of disputes, historical payment record, forward-looking factors and any other available information that may impact the estimated expected credit loss.

我們將貿易應收款項及合約資產的可收回性識別為一項 關鍵審核事項,因為其就綜合財務報表而言整體意義重 大,且管理層於評估貿易應收款項及合約資產的預期信 貸虧損時須作出重大判斷,包括是否存在糾紛、過往支 付紀錄、前瞻性因素及可能影響估計預期信貸虧損的任 何其他可得資料。 We obtained an understanding of how management assessed the expected credit losses of trade receivables and contract assets, and evaluated the design of key control relating to the monitoring of the recoverability of trade receivables and contract assets:

我們了解管理層評估貿易應收款項及合約資產預期信貸 虧損的方式以及評價有關監察貿易應收款項及合約資產 可收回性的關鍵控制措施的設計;

We evaluated and tested the methodologies and data/ parameters used by management, including the ageing of trade receivables and contract assets, historical loss information, probability of default, and expected loss;

我們評估及測試管理層所用方法及數據/參數,包括貿易應收款項及合約資產賬齡、過往虧損資料、違約率及預期虧損;

We reviewed management's assessment of the forward-looking factors, such as the anticipation of the customers' operation, forecast industry situation and overall economic conditions; 我們審閱管理層對前瞻性因素的評估,例如對客戶運營的預期、行業前景預測及整體經濟狀況;

We executed the substantive analytical review procedure by analysing the fluctuations of the balances and the turnover days of trade receivables and contract assets:

我們執行重大分析性審閱程序,方法為分析貿易應收款 項及合約資產餘額及周轉天數的波動情況;



KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Cont'd)

關鍵審計事項(續)

Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項 How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們進行審核時如何處理關鍵審計事項

Recoverability of trade receivables and contract assets 貿易應收款項及合約資產的可回收性

Disclosures of determination of the recoverability of trade receivables and contract assets are included in note 2.4 "Impairment of financial assets", note 3 "Significant accounting judgements and estimates", note 17 "Trade receivables" and note 19 "Contract assets" to the consolidated financial statements.

確定貿易應收款項及合約資產可收回性的披露事項載列 於簡明財務報表附註2.4「金融資產減值」、附註3「重大會 計判斷及估計」、附註17「貿易應收款項」及附註19「合約 資產」。 We checked, on a sample basis, the subsequent settlement of trade receivables and contract assets against cash receipts and the related supporting documentation; and

我們按採樣基準對比現金收據及相關證明文件檢查貿易 應收款項及合約資產的隨後結算情況:及

We also focused on the adequacy of the disclosures of the trade receivables and contract assets in the consolidated financial statements.

我們亦關注綜合財務報表中貿易應收款項及合約資產的 披露是否充分。

OTHER INFORMATION INCLUDED IN THE ANNUAL REPORT

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

年報所載的其他資訊

貴公司董事需對其他信息負責。其他信息包括刊載於年報內的信息,但不包括 綜合財務報表及我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其 他信息,我們亦不對該等其他信息發表 任何形式的鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其他信息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

年報 2021 興業物聯服務集團有限公司



RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRSs issued by the IASB and the disclosure requirements of Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors of the Company are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責 任

貴公司董事須負責根據國際會計準則理 事會頒佈的《國際財務報告準則》及香港 《公司條例》的披露規定編製真實而中肯 的綜合財務報表,並落實董事認為編製 綜合財務報表屬必要之內部控制,以使 綜合財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而 導致之重大錯誤陳述。

在編製綜合財務報表時, 貴公司董事 負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並 在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事 項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除 非 貴公司董事有意將 貴集團清盤或 停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

貴公司董事在審核委員會協助下,須負 責監督 貴集團的財務報告過程。

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔 的責任

我們的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是 否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重 大錯誤陳述取得合理保證,並出具包括 我們意見的核數師報告。我們的報告僅 向 閣下作出,別無其他目的。我們不 會就本報告的內容向任何其他人士負上 或承擔任何責任。



AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔 的責任*(續)*

合理保證是高水平的保證,但不能保證 按照《香港審計準則》進行的審計,在某 一重大錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤 陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起,如果合理 預期它們單獨或匯總起來可能影響綜合 財務報表使用者依賴綜合財務報表所作 出的經濟決定,則有關的錯誤陳述可被 視作重大。

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程 中,我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業 懷疑態度。我們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致 綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的 風險,設計及執行審計程序以應對 這些風險,以及獲取充足和適當的 審計憑證,作為我們意見的基礎、 由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造為內 直遺漏、虛假陳述,或淩閱因欺許不 整調之上,因此未能發現因欺詐而 導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於 能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳 述的風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性 及作出會計估計和相關披露的合理 性。



AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔 的責任*(續)*

- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是否中肯反映相關交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務信息獲取充足、適當的審計憑證,以便對綜合財務報表發表意見。我們負責貴集團審計的方向、監督及執行。我們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

我們與審核委員會溝通計劃的審核範圍、時間安排、重大審核發現等,包括 我們在審核中識別出的內部控制的任何 重大缺陷。



AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Siu Fung Terence Ho.

Ernst & Young

Certified Public Accountants
Hong Kong
30 March 2022

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔 的責任*(續)*

我們還向審核委員會提交聲明,說明我 們已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要 求,並與他們溝通有可能合理地被認為 會影響我們獨立性的所有關係和其他事 項,以及在適用的情況下,消除不利影 響的行動或採取的防範措施。

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們確 定哪些事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計 最為重要,因而構成關鍵審計事項,除 們在核數師報告中描述這些事項,除, 法律法規不允許公開披露這些事項項 在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預期在 我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負定不應 超過產生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在 本報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥 人是何兆烽。

安永會計師事務所

執業會計師 香港 二零二二年三月三十日

年報 2021 異業物聯服務集團有限公司

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 综合損益及其他全面收益表

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

			2021	2020
			二零二一年	二零二零年
		Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註 ————	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
REVENUE	收益	5	281,660	213,188
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(187,854)	(126,449)
Gross profit	毛利		93,806	86,739
Other income, other gains and losses	其他收入、其他收益及 虧損	5	16,569	9,435
Selling and marketing expenses	銷售及營銷開支		(1,472)	(1,713)
Administrative expenses	行政開支		(35,723)	(33,353)
Impairment losses on financial and contract assets	金融及合約資產減值虧損		(206)	(214)
Finance costs	財務成本	7	(205)	(174)
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	除税前溢利	6	72,769	60,720
Income tax expense	所得税開支	10	(18,241)	(17,217)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	年內溢利		54,528	43,503
Attributable to:	以下應佔:			
Owners of the parent	母公司擁有人		54,528	43,503
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS	其他全面虧損			
Other comprehensive loss that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:	往後期間可能不重新分類 至損益之其他全面 虧損:			
Currency translation differences	正兑差額 正兑差額		(364)	(1,243)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE YEAR, NET OF TAX	年內其他全面虧損,扣除 税項		(364)	(1,243)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	年內全面收入總額		54,164	42,260
Attributable to:				
Owners of the parent	母公司擁有人		54,164	42,260
EARNINGS PER SHARE	母公司普通股權益持有人			
ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY	應佔每股盈利			
EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT	++ I 77 I#A ++			
Basic and diluted	基本及攤薄	10		
– For profit for the year (RMB cents)	一年內溢利(人民幣分)	12	13.6	11.4

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

3 | December 202 | 二零二一年十二月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Other intangible asset Deferred tax assets	非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備 使用權資產 其他無形資產 遞延税項資產	13 15 16 14	1,673 3,737 - 799	2,072 4,201 302 566
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值		6,209	7,141
CURRENT ASSETS Trade receivables Contract assets Prepayments, other receivables and other assets Restricted and pledged bank deposits Cash and cash equivalents	流動資產 貿易應收款項 合約資產 預付款項、其他應收款項 及其他資產 受限及受押銀行存款 現金及現金等價物	17 19 18 20 20	40,045 21,953 14,790 50,100 399,132	38,394 10,642 4,911 – 369,166
Total current assets	流動資產總值		526,020	423,113
CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade payables Other payables and accruals Contract liabilities Tax payable Provisions Lease liabilities	流動負債 貿易應付款項 其他應付款項及應計費用 合約負債 應付税項 撥備 租賃負債	21 22 23 24 15	22,506 55,152 74,040 1,234 1,238 1,514	25,282 35,656 40,235 4,966 834 1,104
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		155,684	108,077
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值		370,336	315,036
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	資產總值減流動負債		376,545	322,177
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Provisions Lease liabilities Deferred tax liability	非流動負債 撥備 租賃負債 遞延税項負債	24 15 14	1,857 3,590 590	1,251 3,992 590
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額		6,037	5,833
Net assets	資產淨值		370,508	316,344
EQUITY Equity attributable to owners of the parent Share capital Reserves	權益 母公司擁有人應佔權益 股本 儲備	25 26	3,572 366,936	3,572 312,772
Total equity	權益總額		370,508	316,344

Zhu Jie 朱杰 Director 董事 Zhang Huiqi 張惠琪 Director 董事

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

				Ati	tributable to ow 母公司擁		rent		
		Share capital	Share premium*	Merger reserve *	Statutory surplus reserve* 法定盈餘	Exchange reserve*	Other reserve*	Retained profits*	Total equity
		股本 RMB'000 人民幣千元 Note 25 附註25	股份溢價* RMB'000 人民幣千元 Note 26(i) 附註26(i)	合併儲備* RMB'000 人民幣千元 Note 26(ii) 附註26(ii)	儲備* RMB'000 人民幣千元 Note 26(iii) 附註26(iii)	匯兑儲備* RMB'000 人民幣千元	其他儲備* RMB'000 人民幣千元 Note 26(iv) 附註26(iv)	保留溢利* RMB'000 人民幣千元	權益總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2020 Profit for the year Other comprehensive loss for the year	於二零二零年一月一日 年內溢利 年內其他全面虧損	-	89,755 –	(15,894) –	8,589 –	(3)	1,890 –	29,663 43,503	114,000 43,503
Currency translation differences	匯兑差額	-	_			(1,243)		_	(1,243)
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收入總額	-	-	-	_	(1,243)	_	43,503	42,260
Capitalisation Issue New issue of shares from	資本化發行 就首次公開發售發行新股份	2,675	(2,675)	-	-	-	-	-	-
initial public offering		897	177,591	-	-	-	-	-	178,488
Share issue expenses	股份發行開支	-	(10,164)	-	-	-	-	-	(10,164)
2020 interim dividend paid	已付二零二零年中期股息	-	-	-	-	-	-	(8,240)	(8,240)
Transfer from retained profits	轉撥自保留溢利	-	_	-	4,529	-	_	(4,529)	-
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	3,572	254,507	(15,894)	13,118	(1,246)	1,890	60,397	316,344
At 1 January 2021 Profit for the year Other comprehensive loss for the year	於二零二一年一月一日 年內溢利 · 年內其他全面虧損	3,572	254,507 -	(15,894) -	13,118	(1,246) -	1,890 -	60,397 54,528	316,344 54,528
Currency translation differences	進 兑差額	_	_		_	(364)	_	-	(364)
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收入總額 轉撥自保留溢利	-	-	-	-	(364)	-	54,528	54,164
Transfer from retained profits At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	3,572	254,507	(15,894)	18,613	(1,610)	1,890	109,430	370,508

^{*} These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of RMB366,936,000 in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021 (2020: RMB312,772,000).

該等儲備賬包括於二零二一年十二月 三十一日綜合財務狀況表中的綜合儲備 人民幣366,936,000元(二零二零年:人 民幣312,772,000元)。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 綜合現金流量表

	Year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度				
			2021	2020	
			二零二一年	二零二零年	
		Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000	
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING	經營活動所得現金流量				
ACTIVITIES					
Profit before tax	除税前溢利		72,769	60,720	
Adjustments for:	就以下各項作出調整:				
Democratistics of account of the food and accidence of	物类,或反及乳供长	/	771	705	

		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING	經營活動所得現金流量			
ACTIVITIES				
Profit before tax	除税前溢利		72,769	60,720
Adjustments for:	就以下各項作出調整:			
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	6	771	705
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	6	464	369
Amortisation of other intangible asset	其他無形資產攤銷	6	302	75
Finance costs	財務成本	7	205	174
Interest income	利息收入		_	(6,335)
Impairment losses on trade receivables	貿易應收款項及合約			
and contract assets	資產減值虧損	6	206	214
			74,717	55,922
Increase in restricted bank deposits	受限銀行存款增加		(100)	-
Increase in trade receivables	貿易應收款項增加		(1,742)	(20,379)
(Increase)/decrease in contract assets	合約資產(增加)/減少		(1,426)	778
(Increase)/decrease in prepayments, other	預付款項、其他應收款項		(11,420)	770
receivables and other assets	及其他資產(增加)/減少		(9,879)	2.761
(Decrease)/increase in trade payables	貿易應付款項(減少)/增加		(2,776)	7,059
Increase/(decrease) in other payables	其他應付款項及應計		(2,770)	7,057
and accruals	費用增加/(減少)		23,424	(15,438)
Increase in contract liabilities	合約負債增加		33,805	10,833
Cash generated from operations	經營所得現金		106,023	41,536
Income tax paid	已付所得税		(22,206)	(15,465)
Net cash flows from operating activities	經營活動所得現金流量淨額		83,817	26,071
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING	投資活動所得現金流量			
ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of other intangible asset	購買其他無形資產		_	(377)
Purchases of items of property, plant	購買物業、廠房及設備項目			, ,
and equipment			(372)	(586)
Increase in pledged deposits	受押銀行存款增加		(50,000)	
Net cash flows used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金流量淨額		(50,372)	(963)

年報 2021 興業物聯服務集團有限公司



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

			2021 二零二一年	2020
		Notes	_₹_ + RMB'000	— ₹ — ₹ + RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING	融資活動所得現金流量	,		
ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from issue of shares	股份發行所得款項		_	178,488
Dividends paid	已付股息		_	(8,240)
Share issue expenses paid	已付股份發行開支		(3,354)	(5,038)
Interest received from IPO proceeds	首次公開發售所得款項收到的利息		-	6,335
Net cash flows from financing activities	融資活動所得現金流量淨額		(3,354)	171,545
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH	現金及現金等價物增加淨額			
EQUIVALENTS			30,091	196,653
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	年初現金及現金等價物		369,166	173,147
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net	匯率變動影響,淨額		(125)	(634)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	年末現金及現金等價物			
AT END OF YEAR			399,132	369,166
ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH	現金及現金等價物結餘分析			
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the	綜合財務狀況表所示			
consolidated statement of financial position	現金及現金等價物	20	399,132	369,166

3 | December 202 | 二零二一年十二月三十一日



I. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION

Xingye Wulian Service Group Co. Ltd. (the "Company") is an exempted company with limited liability incorporated under the laws of the Cayman Islands. The Company's share were listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on 9 March 2020 (the "Listing Date"). The address of the registered office of the Company and the address of its principal place of business are disclosed in the section headed "Corporate Information" in the annual report.

The Company is an investment holding company. The Company became the holding company of the subsidiaries now comprising the Group upon completion of the reorganisation in 2019.

The Group is principally engaged in property management and value-added services and property engineering services.

In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the immediate holding company of the Company is Foison Amber Development Limited, a limited liability company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands ("BVI"). The ultimate holding company of the Company is Vistra Trust (BVI) Limited, as the trustee of the Blossom Trust, a discretionary trust established in the BVI on 16 August 2019 by Ms. Huang Yanping ("Ms. Huang") as the settlor, with Ms. Zhang Huiqi ("Ms. Zhang") acting as the protector and her descendants and herself being the discretionary beneficiaries. Ms. Zhang is also a non-executive director of the Company.

I. 公司及集團資料

興業物聯服務集團有限公司(「本公司」)為根據開曼群島法律註冊成立的獲豁免有限公司。本公司股份於二零二零年三月九日(「上市日期」)於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市。本公司的註冊辦事處及其主要營業地點的地址乃披露於本年報中「公司資料」一節。

本公司為一家投資控股公司。本公司於二零一九年完成重組後成為附屬公司的控股公司,附屬公司現時組成本集團。

本集團主要從事物業管理及增值服 務及物業工程服務。

31 December 2021

二零二一年十二月三十一日

I. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (Cont'd)

I. 公司及集團資料(續)

Information about subsidiaries

有關附屬公司的資料

本公司附屬公司的詳情載列如下:

Particulars of the Company's subsidiaries are as follows:

	Place and date of incorporation/ registration and	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered	Percentage interests at to the Co 本公司應佔	tributable ompany 股權百分比	Principal	Legal form
Company name	place of business 註冊成立/註冊地點	share capital 已發行普通股/	Direct	Indirect	business	of entities
公司名稱	及日期以及營業地點	已註冊股本的面值	直接	間接	主要業務	法律形式
Siu Wing Holdings Limited	BVI	United States Dollars	100	-	Investment holding	-
	7 January 2019	("USD")50,000				
兆翔控股有限公司	英屬處女群島	50,000美元	100	-	投資控股	-
	二零一九年一月七日	(「美元」)				
Xingye IOT Company Limited	Hong Kong	Hong Kong Dollars	_	100	Investment holding	_
7 m, 6/0 10 1 00 m pair/ 2 m m to 0	11 April 2019	("HK\$")10,000		100	6	
興業物聯有限公司	香港	10,000港元	_	100	投資控股	_
	二零一九年四月十一日	(「港元」)				
Henan Xingye Internet of Things	People's Republic	RMB100,000,000	-	100	Property	Company of
Management Technology Co., Ltd.*	of China ("PRC")/Mainland China				management	limited liability
("Xingye IOT Management")	20 October 1999					
河南興業物聯網管理科技有限公司	中華人民共和國(「中國」)/	人民幣100,000,000元	_	100	物業管理	有限責任公司
(「興業物聯網管理」)	中國內地					
	一九九九年十月二十日					
Henan Wuxiang Intelligent Technology Co., Ltd.*	PRC/Mainland China	RMB20,000,000	_	100	Property	Company of
("Wuxiang Intelligent")	9 August 2017	. ,			engineering	limited liability
河南物象智能科技有限公司	中國/中國內地	人民幣20,000,000元	-	100	物業工程	有限責任公司
(「物象智能」)	二零一七年八月九日					

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



I. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (Cont'd)

Ⅰ. 公司及集團資料(續)

Information about subsidiaries (Cont'd)

有關附屬公司的資料(續)

	Place and date of incorporation/ registration and	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered	Percentage interests at to the Co 本公司應佔	ttributable ompany	Principal	Legal form
Company name 公司名稱	place of business 註冊成立/註冊地點 及日期以及營業地點	share capital 已發行普通股/ 已註冊股本的面值	Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	business 主要業務	of entities 法律形式
Henan Xingye Internet of Things Information Consulting Co., Ltd.* ("Xingye Consulting")	PRC/Mainland China 20 April 2018	RMB10,000,000	-	100	Intermediary leasing services	Company of
河南興業物聯信息諮詢有限公司 (「興業諮詢」)	中國/中國內地 二零一八年四月二十日	人民幣10,000,000元	-	100	中介租賃服務	有限責任公司
Henan Xingzheng Hotel Management Co., Ltd.*	PRC/Mainland China 9 July 2020	RMB10,000,000	-	100	Hotel and catering operations	Company of limited liability
河南興正酒店管理有限公司	中國/中國內地 二零二零年七月九日	人民幣10,000,000元	-	100	酒店及餐飲營運	有限責任公司

^{*} The English names of the companies registered in the PRC represent the best efforts made by the management of the Company in directly translating the Chinese names of these companies as no English names have been registered.

^{*} 在中國註冊的公司無相應的註冊 英文名稱,其英文名稱為本公司 管理層根據公司註冊中文名稱進 行的直接翻譯。

31 December 2021

二零二一年十二月三十一日

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs"), which comprise all standards and interpretations approved by the International Accounting Standards Board (the "IASB"), and International Accounting Standards ("IASs") and Standing Interpretations Committee interpretations approved by the International Accounting Standards Committee that remain in effect, and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention. These financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 December 2021. A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

2.1 編製基準

財務報表乃根據國際財務報告準則(「國際財務報告準則」)編製,而國際財務報告準則包括國際會計準則委員會(「國際會計準則委員會」)批准的所有準則及持續生效。國際會計準則(「國際會計準則」)及持續生效的國際會計準則(「國際會計準則」)及特績是國際會計學與人民幣(「人民幣」)。 羅妻員會證釋及香港公司條例。 一方,所有價值均內。 是列,所有價值均內。 是列,所有價值均內。 是列,所有價值均內。 是列,所有價值均內。 是列,所有價值均內。

綜合賬目基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司截至二零二一年中之財務報表包括本公司及其附屬一日止年度之財務報表間接控集團體(包括結構性實體)。當由與投資對象業務的經力(即本集團發對象的權力(即本集團獲對象相關所與對象相關所與對象相關所與對象相關所與對象相關所與對象相關所與對象相關所與對象相關,即是取得控制之數學該等回報時,即是取得控制權。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (Cont'd)

Basis of consolidation (Cont'd)

When the Company has, directly or indirectly, less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- (a) the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (c) the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

2.1 編製基準(續)

綜合賬目基準(續)

倘本公司直接或間接擁有少於投資 對象大多數表決或類似權利的權 利,則本集團於評估其是否擁有對 投資對象的權力時會考慮一切相關 事實及情況,包括:

- (a) 與投資對象其他持有表決權的 人士的合約安排;
- (b) 其他合約安排所產生的權利: 及
- (c) 本集團的表決權及潛在表決權。

附屬公司乃採用與本公司相同的報告期及一致的會計政策來編製財務報表。附屬公司的業績自本集團取得控制權之日期起綜合入賬,一直綜合入賬至該等控制權終止日期為止。

收益或虧損及其他全面收益的各組成部分乃歸屬於本集團母公司擁有人及非控制權益,即使此舉會引致非控制權益出現虧絀結餘。本集團成員公司間交易產生的所有集團內公司間資產及負債、權益、收入、開支及現金流量均於綜合時悉數抵銷。

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

財務報表附註

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (Cont'd)

Basis of consolidation (Cont'd)

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described above. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises (i) the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, (ii) the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and (iii) the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity; and recognises (i) the fair value of the consideration received, (ii) the fair value of any investment retained and (iii) any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES

The Group has adopted the following revised IFRSs for the first time for the current year's financial statements.

Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16 Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2

Amendment to IFRS 16

Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021 (early adopted)

2.1 編製基準(續)

綜合賬目基準(續)

倘事實與情況顯示上述三項控制權元素有一項或以上變更,本集團會重新評估對投資對象是否有控制權。一家附屬公司的擁有權權益發生變動(並未喪失控制權),則按權益交易列賬。

2.2 會計政策及披露之變動

本集團就本年度之財務報表首次採 納以下經修訂國際財務報告準則。

國際財務報告準則第9號、《利率基準改革一國際會計準則第39號、第二階段》 國際財務報告準則第7號、國際財務報告準則第4號及國際財務報告準則第16號 (修訂本)

國際財務報告準則第16號 (修訂本) 《二零二一年 六月三十日後的 Covid-19相關 租金優惠》 (提早採用)

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (Cont'd)

The nature and the impact of the revised IFRSs are described below:

Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16 address (a) issues not dealt with in the previous amendments which affect financial reporting when an existing interest rate benchmark is replaced with an alternative risk-free rate ("RFR"). The amendments provide a practical expedient to allow the effective interest rate to be updated without adjusting the carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities when accounting for changes in the basis for determining the contractual cash flows of financial assets and liabilities, if the change is a direct consequence of the interest rate benchmark reform and the new basis for determining the contractual cash flows is economically equivalent to the previous basis immediately preceding the change. In addition, the amendments permit changes required by the interest rate benchmark reform to be made to hedge designations and hedge documentation without the hedging relationship being discontinued. Any gains or losses that could arise on transition are dealt with through the normal requirements of IFRS 9 to measure and recognise hedge ineffectiveness. The amendments also provide a temporary relief to entities from having to meet the separately identifiable requirement when an RFR is designated as a risk component. The relief allows an entity, upon designation of the hedge, to assume that the separately identifiable requirement is met, provided the entity reasonably expects the RFR risk component to become separately identifiable within the next 24 months. Furthermore, the amendments require an entity to disclose additional information to enable users of financial statements to understand the effect of interest rate benchmark reform on an entity's financial instruments and risk management strategy. The amendments did not have any impact on the financial position and performance of the Group as the Group does not have any interest-bearing bank and other borrowings.

2.2 會計政策及披露之變動(續)

(a)

經修訂國際財務報告準則的性質及 影響説明如下:

國際財務報告準則第9號、國 際會計準則第39號、國際財務 報告準則第7號、國際財務報 告準則第4號及國際財務報告 準則第16號(修訂本)於現有 利率基準被可替代無風險利率 (「無風險利率」)替換時解決先 前修訂中未處理但影響財務報 告之問題。該等修訂提供一項 實際可行權官方法, 允許對釐 定金融資產及負債之合約現金 流量之基準變動進行會計處理 時更新實際利率而無需調整金 融資產及負債之賬面值,前提 是有關變動為利率基準改革之 直接後果且釐定合約現金流量 的新基準於經濟上等同於緊接 變動前的先前基準。此外,該 等修訂允許就對沖指定項目及 對沖文件作出利率基準改革所 要求的變動,而不會終止對沖 關係。過渡期間可能產生的任 何收益或虧損均通過國際財務 報告準則第9號的正常規定進 行處理,以衡量及確認對沖無 效性。該等修訂亦為實體提供 暫時寬免,於無風險利率被指 定為風險成份時毋須滿足可單 獨識別之規定。該寬免允許實 體於指定對沖後假定已滿足可 單獨識別之規定,惟實體須合 理預期無風險利率風險成份於 未來24個月內將可單獨識別。 此外,該等修訂要求實體須披 露額外資料,以使財務報表的 使用者能夠瞭解利率基準改革 對實體的金融工具及風險管理 策略的影響。該等修訂並無對 本集團的財務狀況及表現產生 任何影響,原因是本集團並無 任何計息銀行及其他借款。

年報 2021 與業物聯服務集團有限公司

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

財務報表附註

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (Cont'd)

(b) Amendment to IFRS 16 issued in March 2021 extends the availability of the practical expedient for lessees to elect not to apply lease modification accounting for rent concessions arising as a direct consequence of the covid-19 pandemic by 12 months. Accordingly, the practical expedient applies to rent concessions for which any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2022, provided the other conditions for applying the practical expedient are met. The amendment is effective retrospectively for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2021 with any cumulative effect of initially applying the amendment recognised as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained profits at the beginning of the current accounting period. Earlier application is permitted.

The Group has early adopted the amendment on 1 January 2021. However, the Group has not received covid-19-related rent concessions and plans to apply the practical expedient when it becomes applicable within the allowed period of application.

2.2 會計政策及披露之變動(續)

(b) 於二零二一年三月發佈的國 際財務報告準則第16號(修訂 本)將實際可行權宜方法的可 用性延長12個月,承租人可選 擇不就Covid-19疫情的直接後 果產生的租金寬減應用租賃變 更會計處理。因此,實際可行 權宜方法應用於租賃款項的任 何減幅僅影響原到期日為二零 二二年六月三十日或之前的款 項的租金寬減,前提是須符合 應用實際可行權宜方法的其他 條件。該修訂於二零二一年四 月一日或之後開始的年度期間 生效且應追溯應用,並將最初 應用該修訂本的仟何累積影響 確認為對當前會計期間開始時 的保留溢利期初餘額的調整, 且允許提前應用。

本集團已於二零二一年一月一日提早採用該修訂本。然而,本集團尚未收到Covid-19相關租金優惠,並計劃在允許應用期間內在其可予應用時應用實際可行權宜方法。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE IFRSs

The Group has not applied the following new and revised IFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements.

Amendments to IFRS 3	Reference to the Conceptual Framework
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture ³
IFRS 17	Insurance Contracts ²
Amendments to IFRS 17	Insurance Contracts ^{2,4}
Amendments to IFRS 17	Initial Application of IFRS 17 and IFRS9 – Comparative Information ²
Amendments to IAS I	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current ²
Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2	Disclosure of Accounting Policies ²
Amendments to IAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates ²
Amendments to IAS 12	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction ²
Amendments to IAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use
Amendments to IAS 37	Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract ¹
Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018-2020	Amendments to IFRS 1, IFRS 9, Illustrative Examples accompanying IFRS 16, and IAS 411

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023
- No mandatory effective date yet determined but available for adoption
- As a consequence of the amendments to IFRS 17 issued in June 2020, IFRS 4 was amended to extend the temporary exemption that permits insurers to apply IAS 39 rather than IFRS 9 for annual periods beginning before I January 2023

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的國際財 務報告準則

本集團並未於該等財務報表內應用 下列已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂及經 修訂國際財務報告準則。

國際財務報告準則第3號 《概念框架之提述》/

(修訂本)

國際財務報告準則第10號 《投資者與其聯營公司或 及國際會計準則第28號 合營企業間的資產出售或出資》

(修訂本)

國際財務報告準則第17號 《保險合約》² 國際財務報告準則第17號 《保險合約》^{2·4}

(修訂本)

國際財務報告準則第17號 《初步應用國際財務報告準則第17號

(修訂本) 及國際財務報告準則第9號一

可比較資料》

國際會計準則第1號

《分類為即期或非即期負債》2

(修訂本)

國際會計準則第1號及 《披露會計政策》2

國際財務報告準則實務説明第2號(修訂本)

國際會計準則第8號 《會計估計的定義》2

(修訂本)

國際會計準則第12號 《單一交易產生的與資產 (修訂本) 及負債有關的遞延稅項》²

國際會計準則第16號 (物業・廠房及設備: (修訂本) 作擬定用途前之所得款項)/

國際會計準則第37號

(修訂本)
《國際財務報告準則 國際會計準則第1號(修訂本)、
二零一八年至 國際財務報告準則第9號、

二零二零年週期之 國際財務報告準則第16號

年度改進》 隨附之説明性示例及國際會計準則

第41號/

《虧損性合約-履行合約之成本》

- 於二零二二年一月一日或之後開始的年 度期間生效
- ² 於二零二三年一月一日或之後開始的年 度期間生效
- 强制生效日期尚待釐定,但可採納
- 由於於二零二零年六月頒佈的國際財務報告準則第17號(修訂本),國際財務報告準則第4號獲修訂以擴大暫時豁免,允許保險公司於二零二三年一月一日之前開始的年度期間應用國際會計準則第39號而非國際財務報告準則第9號

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE IFRSs (Cont'd)

Further information about those IFRSs that are expected to be applicable to the Group is described below.

Amendments to IFRS 3 are intended to replace a reference to the previous Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements with a reference to the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting issued in March 2018 without significantly changing its requirements. The amendments also add to IFRS 3 an exception to its recognition principle for an entity to refer to the Conceptual Framework to determine what constitutes an asset or a liability. The exception specifies that, for liabilities and contingent liabilities that would be within the scope of IAS 37 or IFRIC 21 if they were incurred separately rather than assumed in a business combination, an entity applying IFRS 3 should refer to IAS 37 or IFRIC 21 respectively instead of the Conceptual Framework. Furthermore, the amendments clarify that contingent assets do not qualify for recognition at the acquisition date. The Group expects to adopt the amendments prospectively from I January 2022. Since the amendments apply prospectively to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the date of first application, the Group will not be affected by these amendments on the date of transition.

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的國際財 務報告準則(續)

預期適用於本集團的該等國際財務 報告準則的進一步資料如下。

國際財務報告準則第3號(修訂本) 旨在以二零一八年三月頒佈的《財 務報告概念框架》之提述取代先前 《財務報表編製及呈列框架》之提 述,而毋須大幅更改其規定。該等 修訂亦對國際財務報告準則第3號 有關實體參考概念框架以釐定資產 或負債之構成之確認原則加入一項 例外情況。該例外情況規定,對於 屬國際會計準則第37號或國際財務 報告詮釋委員會第21號範圍內的負 債及或然負債而言,倘該等負債屬 單獨產生而非於業務合併中產生, 則應用國際財務報告準則第3號的 實體應分別參考國際會計準則第37 號或國際財務報告詮釋委員會第21 號而非概念框架。此外,該等修訂 澄清或然資產於收購日期不符合確 認條件。本集團預計自二零二二年 一月一日起前瞻性採納該等修訂。 由於該等修訂前瞻性應用於收購日 期為首次應用日期或之後的業務合 併,因此本集團於過渡日期將不會 受該等修訂的影響。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE IFRSs (Cont'd)

Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 address an inconsistency between the requirements in IFRS 10 and in IAS 28 in dealing with the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. The amendments require a full recognition of a gain or loss resulting from a downstream transaction when the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture constitutes a business. For a transaction involving assets that do not constitute a business, a gain or loss resulting from the transaction is recognised in the investor's profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investor's interest in that associate or joint venture. The amendments are to be applied prospectively. The previous mandatory effective date of amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 was removed by the IASB in December 2015 and a new mandatory effective date will be determined after the completion of a broader review of accounting for associates and joint ventures. However, the amendments are available for adoption now.

Amendments to IAS I Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current clarify the requirements for classifying liabilities as current or non-current. The amendments specify that if an entity's right to defer settlement of a liability is subject to the entity complying with specified conditions, the entity has a right to defer settlement of the liability at the end of the reporting period if it complies with those conditions at that date. Classification of a liability is unaffected by the likelihood that the entity will exercise its right to defer settlement of the liability. The amendments also clarify the situations that are considered a settlement of a liability. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after I January 2023 and shall be applied retrospectively. Earlier application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的國際財務報告準則(續)

國際財務報告準則第10號及國際會 計準則第28號(修訂本)解決國際 財務報告準則第10號及國際會計準 則第28號之間對於處理投資者與其 聯營公司或合營企業間的資產出售 或出資的規定的不一致性。該等修 訂要求於投資者與其聯營公司或合 營企業之間的資產出售或投入構成 一項業務時,全部確認下游交易產 生的收益或虧損。對於不構成業務 的資產交易,交易所產生的收益或 虧損僅以無關連的投資者於該聯營 公司或合營企業的權益為限,於投 資者的損益中確認。該等修訂將於 未來期間應用。國際會計準則理事 會已於二零一五年十二月剔除國際 財務報告準則第10號及國際會計準 則第28號的修訂的先前強制生效日 期,而新的強制生效日期將於對聯 營公司及合營企業的會計處理完成 更廣泛的檢討後釐定。然而,該等 修訂可於現時應用。

年報 2021 興業物聯服務集團有限公司

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE IFRSs (Cont'd)

Amendments to IAS I Disclosure of Accounting Policies require entities to disclose their material accounting policy information rather than their significant accounting policies. Accounting policy information is material if, when considered together with other information included in an entity's financial statements, it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements. Amendments to IFRS Practice Statement 2 provide non-mandatory guidance on how to apply the concept of materiality to accounting policy disclosures. Amendments to IAS I are effective for annual periods beginning on or after I January 2023 and earlier application is permitted. Since the guidance provided in the amendments to IFRS Practice Statement 2 is non-mandatory, an effective date for these amendments is not necessary. The Group is currently assessing the impact of the amendments on the Group's accounting policy disclosures.

Amendments to IAS 8 clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies. Accounting estimates are defined as monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty. The amendments also clarify how entities use measurement techniques and inputs to develop accounting estimates. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and apply to changes in accounting policies and changes in accounting estimates that occur on or after the start of that period. Earlier application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的國際財務報告準則(續)

國際會計準則第1號(修訂本)《披露 會計政策》要求實體披露其重大會 計政策資料而非其重大會計政策。 倘當與實體財務報表中所載其他資 料一併考慮時可合理預計影響一般 目的之財務報表的主要使用者根據 該等財務報表的基準作出的決定, 則有關會計政策資料乃屬重大。國 際財務報告準則實務説明第2號(修 訂本)提供了有關如何將重大性概 念運用到會計政策披露的非強制性 指引。國際會計準則第1號(修訂 本)於二零二三年一月一日或之後開 始的年度期間生效,且允許提早應 用。由於國際財務報告準則實務説 明第2號(修訂本)中提供的指引並 非強制性,該等修訂的生效日期並 無必要。本集團目前正在評估該等 修訂對本集團會計政策披露的影響。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE IFRSs (Cont'd)

Amendments to IAS 12 narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences, such as leases and decommissioning obligations. Therefore, entities are required to recognise a deferred tax asset and a deferred tax liability for temporary differences arising from these transactions. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and shall be applied to transactions related to leases and decommissioning obligations at the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented, with any cumulative effect recognised as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained profits or other component of equity as appropriate at that date. In addition, the amendments shall be applied prospectively to transactions other than leases and decommissioning obligations. Earlier application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

Amendments to IAS 16 prohibit an entity from deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment any proceeds from selling items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Instead, an entity recognises the proceeds from selling any such items, and the cost of those items, in profit or loss. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 and shall be applied retrospectively only to items of property, plant and equipment made available for use on or after the beginning of the earliest period presented in the financial statements in which the entity first applies the amendments. Earlier application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的國際財務報告準則(續)

國際會計準則第12號(修訂本)縮小 了首次確認例外情況的範圍, 使其 不再適用於產生相同的應課稅及可 扣減臨時差異的交易(如租賃及退 役責任)。因此,實體須就該等交易 產生的暫時性差額確認遞延税項資 產及遞延税項負債。該等修訂於二 零二三年一月一日或之後開始的年 度會計期間生效,且應適用於與所 呈列的最早比較期間開始時的租賃 及退役責任有關的交易,且任何累 計影響確認為對於該日期保留溢利 或其他權益部分(如適用)的期初結 餘的調整。此外,該等修訂應追溯 應用於除租賃及退役責任以外的交 易。允許提早應用。該等修訂預期 不會對本集團財務報表產生任何重 大影響。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE IFRSs (Cont'd)

Amendments to IAS 37 clarify that for the purpose of assessing whether a contract is onerous under IAS 37, the cost of fulfilling the contract comprises the costs that relate directly to the contract. Costs that relate directly to a contract include both the incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (e.g., direct labour and materials) and an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling that contract (e.g., an allocation of the depreciation charge for an item of property, plant and equipment used in fulfilling the contract as well as contract management and supervision costs). General and administrative costs do not relate directly to a contract and are excluded unless they are explicitly chargeable to the counterparty under the contract. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after I lanuary 2022 and shall be applied to contracts for which an entity has not yet fulfilled all its obligations at the beginning of the annual reporting period in which it first applies the amendments. Earlier application is permitted. Any cumulative effect of initially applying the amendments shall be recognised as an adjustment to the opening equity at the date of initial application without restating the comparative information. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的國際財 務報告準則(續)

國際會計準則第37號(修訂本)澄 清,就根據國際會計準則第37號評 估合約是否屬虧損性而言,履行合 約的成本包括與合約直接相關的成 本。與合約直接相關的成本包括履 行該合約的增量成本(例如直接勞 工及材料)及與履行合約直接相關的 其他成本分配(例如分配履行合約 所用物業、廠房及設備項目的折舊 費用以及合約管理及監管成本)。 一般及行政成本與合約並無直接 關連,除非根據合約明確向對手方 收取,否則不包括在內。該等修訂 於二零二二年一月一日或之後開始 的年度期間生效,並將應用於實體 於其首次應用該等修訂的年度報告 期間開始尚未履行其所有責任的合 約。允許提早應用。初步應用該等 修訂的任何累計影響將確認為對首 次應用日期之期初權益的調整,而 毋須重列比較資料。該等修訂預期 不會對本集團財務報表產生任何重 大影響。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE IFRSs (Cont'd)

Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018-2020 sets out amendments to IFRS 1, IFRS 9, Illustrative Examples accompanying IFRS 16, and IAS 41. Details of the amendments that are expected to be applicable to the Group are as follows:

• IFRS 9 Financial Instruments: clarifies the fees that an entity includes when assessing whether the terms of a new or modified financial liability are substantially different from the terms of the original financial liability. These fees include only those paid or received between the borrower and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the borrower or lender on the other's behalf. An entity applies the amendment to financial liabilities that are modified or exchanged on or after the beginning of the annual reporting period in which the entity first applies the amendment. The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. Earlier application is permitted. The amendment is not expected to have a significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

 IFRS 16 Leases: removes the illustration of payments from the lessor relating to leasehold improvements in Illustrative Example 13 accompanying IFRS 16. This removes potential confusion regarding the treatment of lease incentives when applying IFRS 16. The amendment is not expected to have a significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的國際財務報告準則(續)

《國際財務報告準則二零一八年至二零二零年週期之年度改進》載列國際財務報告準則第1號(修訂本)、國際財務報告準則第9號、國際財務報告準則第16號隨附之説明性示例及國際會計準則第41號。預期將適用於本集團之該等修訂詳情如下:

- 國際財務報告準則第9號《金 融工具》: 澄清實體於評估一 項新訂或經修訂金融負債之條 款是否實質上不同於原金融負 債之條款時所計入之費用。該 等費用僅包括借款人與貸款人 之間已付或已收之費用,其中 包括借款人或貸款人代表另一 方支付或收取之費用。實體對 於該實體首次採用修訂的年度 報告期間開始或之後經修訂或 交換之金融負債應用該修訂。 該修訂於二零二二年一月一日 或之後開始的年度期間生效。 允許提早應用。該修訂預期不 會對本集團的財務報表產生重 大影響。
- 國際財務報告準則第16號《租賃》:於國際財務報告準則第16號隨附之第13項説明性示例中移除出租人就租賃物業裝修作出之付款説明。此舉消除了應用國際財務報告準則第16號時對租賃優惠進行處理之潛在混淆。該修訂預期不會對本集團的財務報表產生重大影響。

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

財務報表附註

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

2.4 重大會計政策概要

公平值計量

非金融資產的公平值計量計及市場 參與者透過使用資產的最高及最佳 用途,或將其出售予另一名將使用 資產的最高及最佳用途的市場參與 者而產生經濟利益的能力。

本集團採用於任何情況下屬適當且 有足夠數據的估值方法計量公平 值,並盡量使用有關可觀察輸入數 據和盡量避免使用不可觀察輸入數 據。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Fair value measurement (Cont'd)

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level I based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

公平值計量(續)

於財務報表中計量或披露公平值的 所有資產及負債在公平值層級(如 下所述)中,根據對整體公平值計量 而言屬重大的最低層級輸入數據進 行分類:

- 第一級 根據相同資產或負債於 活躍市場的報價(未經 調整)
- 第二級 根據對公平值計量而言 屬重大的最低層級可觀 察(不論直接或間接)輸 入數據的估值方法
- 第三級 根據對公平值計量而言 屬重大的最低層級不可 觀察輸入數據的估值方 法

就按經常基準於財務報表中確認的 資產及負債而言,本集團於各報告 期末重新評估分類方法(根據對整 體公平值計量而言屬重大的最低層 級輸入數據),以釐定各層級之間有 否發生轉移。

31 December 2021

二零二一年十二月三十一日

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than inventories, contract assets, deferred tax assets, financial assets, and non-current assets), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. In testing a cash-generating unit for impairment, a portion of the carrying amount of a corporate asset (e.g., a headquarters building) is allocated to an individual cash-generating unit if it can be allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis or, otherwise, to the smallest group of cash-generating units.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to profit or loss in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

非金融資產減值

倘存在任何減值跡象,或當須每年 就資產進行減值測試(存貨、合約 資產、遞延税項資產、金融資產及 非流動資產除外),則會估計資產的 可收回金額。資產的可收回金額乃 按資產或現金產生單位的使用價值 與公平值減出售成本兩者的較高者 計算,而個別資產須分開計算,除 非資產並不產生明顯獨立於其他資 產或資產組別的現金流入,於此情 況下,可收回金額按資產所屬現金 產生單位釐定。在對現金產生單位 進行減值測試時,公司資產(如總 部大樓)的賬面值的一部分分配至個 別現金產生單位,條件是其可按合 理及一致基準分配,否則分配至最 小的現金產生單位組別。

僅在資產賬面值高於其可收回金額 的情況下,方會確認減值虧損。評 估使用價值時,估計未來現金流量 按可反映當前市場對貨幣時間值及 資產特定風險的評估的稅前貼現率 貼現至現值。減值虧損按與該減值 資產功能相符的開支類別於產生期 間自損益中扣除。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Impairment of non-financial assets (Cont'd)

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to profit or loss in the period in which it arises, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is accounted for in accordance with the relevant accounting policy for that revalued asset.

Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group;

2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

非金融資產減值(續)

關聯方

以下人士被視為本集團的關聯方, 倘:

- (a) 有關方為該人士的親屬或直系 親屬,而該人士:
 - (i) 擁有本集團的控制權或 共同控制權;
 - (ii) 對本集團擁有重大影響 力;或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公 司的主要管理人員其中 一名成員;

或

or



31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Related parties (Cont'd)

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
 - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
 - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

關聯方(續)

- (b) 有關方為實體且符合下列任何 一項條件:
 - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一 集團成員公司;
 - (ii) 一實體為另一實體(或另 一實體的母公司、附屬 公司或同系附屬公司)的 聯營公司或合營企業;
 - (iii) 該實體與本集團為同一 第三方的合營企業;
 - (iv) 一實體為第三方實體的 合營企業,而另一實體 為該第三方實體的聯營 公司;
 - (v) 該實體為本集團或與本 集團有關連的實體就僱 員利益設立的離職福利 計劃:
 - (vi) 該實體受(a)項所述人士 控制或共同控制;
 - (vii) 於(a)(i)項所述人士對實體有重大影響或屬該實體(或該實體母公司)主要管理人員的其中一名成員;及
 - (viii) 向本集團或本集團的母公司提供主要管理人員服務的實體或其所屬集團的任何成員公司。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Machinery 9.5%
Electronic equipment and others 19% to 31.67%

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

物業、廠房及設備與折舊

物業、廠房及設備(在建工程除外) 乃按成本減累計折舊及任何減值虧 損列賬。物業、廠房及設備項目的 成本包括其購買價及任何令資產投 入運作及將資產運往擬定用途地點 的直接應計成本。

於物業、廠房及設備項目投入運作後所產生的支出,如維修保養等,通常於該等支出產生期間於盡知除。倘確認條件達標,主要費品強充資本計入作為重置的資產賬面值。倘大部分物業團份人設備須不時重置,本集團別別數方物業、廠房及設備為個別對有特定使用年期的資產及相應地對其作出折舊。

折舊乃以直線法按其估計可使用年 期撇銷各項物業、廠房及設備的成 本至其剩餘價值。就此用途的主要 年折舊率如下:

機器 9.5% 電子設備及其他 19%至31.67%

當一項物業、廠房及設備的各部分 有不同可使用年期時,該項目的成 本乃按合理基準在各部分之間分配,而各部分會個別折舊。剩餘價 值、可使用年期及折舊方法至少 於各財政年度末檢討及調整(如適 用)。

31 December 2021

二零二一年十二月三十一日

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (Cont'd)

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are subsequently amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year end.

Research and development costs

All research costs are charged to profit or loss as incurred.

Expenditure incurred on projects to develop new products is capitalised and deferred only when the Group can demonstrate the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale, its intention to complete and its ability to use or sell the asset, how the asset will generate future economic benefits, the availability of resources to complete the project and the ability to measure reliably the expenditure during the development. Product development expenditure which does not meet these criteria is expensed when incurred.

2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

物業、廠房及設備與折舊(續)

物業、廠房及設備的項目(包括初 始確認的任何重大部分)於出售或預 期其使用或出售不會帶來任何未來 經濟利益時終止確認。因出售或報 廢而於該資產終止確認年度的損益 內確認的任何盈虧乃有關資產銷售 所得款項淨額與賬面值的差額。

無形資產(商譽除外)

單獨取得的無形資產於初始確認時 按成本計量。無形資產的可使用年 期分為有限期或無限期。有限期的 無形資產隨後按可使用經濟年期攤 銷,並於有跡象顯示無形資產可能 出現減值時評估減值。有限可使用 年期的無形資產的攤銷期及攤銷方 法至少於每個財政年度末檢討一次。

研發成本

所有研究成本於產生時在損益中扣 除。

研發新產品項目所產生的開支只會 在本集團能夠顯示其在技術可行性 上完成無形資產以能供使用或出 售、打算完成資產並能夠加以使用 或將之出售、資產將如何產生未來 經濟利益、有足夠資源以完成項目 並且有能力可靠地計量發展期間的 開支的情況下,才會資本化及遞 延。倘未能符合以上標準,產品研 發開支會在產生時列支。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Leases

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Group as a lessee

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

(a) Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets are recognised at the commencement date of the lease (that is the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease terms and the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Buildings 5 to 10 years

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Group by the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

和賃

本集團在合約開始時評估合約是否 為租賃,或是否包含租賃成分。如 果合約讓渡在一定期間內控制已識 別資產的使用的權利以換取代價, 則該合約為租賃或包含租賃。

本集團作為承租人

本集團對所有租賃採用單一方法確認及計量,惟短期租賃及低價值資產租賃除外。本集團確認支付租賃款項的租賃負債和代表相關資產使用權的資產。

(a) 使用權資產

使用權資產於租賃開始日期(即相關資產可供使用日期)確認。使用權資產按成本減去何累計折舊及減值虧損計量到數租賃負債的任何重新計量員債的任何本產期份,量已收租賃優惠。使用權資產額的有數人之前作出的優惠。使用權資惠。使用權資惠。使用權資惠。使用權資惠。使用權資惠。使用權資惠,以較短者為準的可以數短者為準的計畫的。

樓宇 5至10年

如果租賃資產的所有權在租賃 期結束時轉移給本集團,或成 本中包含了購買權,則其折舊 按照相關資產預計使用年限計 算。

31 December 2021

二零二一年十二月三十一日

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Leases (Cont'd)

Group as a lessee (Cont'd)

(b) Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are recognised at the commencement date of the lease at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for termination of a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate the lease. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as an expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in lease payments (e.g., a change to future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate) or a change in assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(b) 租賃負債

租賃負債於租賃開始日期確 認,按於租期內將予作出的租 賃付款現值計量。租賃付款包 括定額付款(包括實質定額付 款)減任何應收租賃獎勵、取 決於一項指數或利率的可變租 賃付款及根據剩餘價值擔保預 期將支付的金額。租賃付款亦 包括合理確定本集團將予行使 的購買選擇權的行使價及終 止租賃的罰款付款(倘租期反 映本集團所行使的租賃終止 權)。不取決於一項指數或利 率的可變租賃付款在出現觸發 付款的事件或條件的期間內確 認為一項開支。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Investments and other financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group initially measures a financial asset at its fair value, plus in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under IFRS 15 in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model.

2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

投資及其他金融資產

初始確認及計量

金融資產於初始確認時分類為其後 按攤銷成本計量。

為使金融資產按攤銷成本或按公平 值計入其他全面收益進行分類及計 量,其須產生純粹支付未償還本金 金額及利息(「純粹本金及利息之償 付」)的現金流量。現金流量並非純 粹本金及利息之償付的金融資產, 不論其業務模式,均按公平值計入 損益分類及計量。

31 December 2021

二零二一年十二月三十一日

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Investments and other financial assets (Cont'd)

Initial recognition and measurement (Cont'd)

The Group's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both. Financial assets classified and measured at amortised cost are held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, while financial assets classified and measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling. Financial assets which are not held within the aforementioned business models are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

初始確認及計量(續)

所有常規方式買賣的金融資產概於 交易日(即本集團承諾購買或出售 該資產之日)確認。常規方式買賣乃 指遵循一般法規或市場慣例在約定 時間內交付資產的金融資產買賣。

後續計量

金融資產的後續計量視乎其分類如 下:

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產(債務 工具)

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產其後使 用實際利率法計量,並可能須減 值。當資產終止確認、修訂或減值 時,收益及虧損於損益中確認。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

終止確認金融資產

金融資產(或如適用,金融資產的 其中一部分或一組類似金融資產的 其中一部分)主要在下列情況下終止 確認(即從本集團綜合財務狀況表 中刪除):

- 自資產收取現金流量的權利已 屆滿;或
- 本集團已轉讓其自資產收取現金流量的權利,或已根據「轉遞」安排承擔在無重大延誤的情況下將全數所得現金流量支付予第三方的責任:及(a)本集團已轉讓資產的絕大部分風險及報酬,或(b)本集團並無轉讓或保留資產的絕大部分風險及報酬,惟已轉讓資產的控制權。

31 December 2021

二零二一年十二月三十一日

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Derecognition of financial assets (Cont'd)

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses ("ECLs") for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

General approach

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12 months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort, including historical and forward-looking information.

2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

終止確認金融資產(續)

以擔保形式對已轉撥資產的持續參 與,按資產原賬面值與本集團可能 須償還最高代價兩者之較低者計量。

金融資產減值

本集團就所有並非按公平值計入損 益持有的債務工具確認預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)撥備。預期信 貸虧損乃基於根據合約拖欠的合約 現金流量與本集團預期收取的所有 現金流量之差異計算,並以初始有 現金流量之差異計算,並以初始實際利率的近似值折現。預期現金流 量將包括來自銷售所持有抵押品或 屬合約條款一部分的其他信貸加強 措施之現金流量。

一般方法

預期信貸虧損分兩階段確認。就自初始確認以來信貸風險並無大會資風險並無會工意的信貸風險而言,本集團而出現的信貸虧損計提預期信貸虧損別。就自初信貸虧損計提預期信貸虧損別。就自初稅。 (12個月預期信貸虧損)。就自初稅確認以來信貸風險大幅增加的信貸風險大幅增加的貨風險不時間,須就信貸虧損務備(全期預期信貸虧損)。

於各報告期末,本集團評估金融工具的信貸風險自初始確認以來有否大幅增加。於進行評估時,本集團比較金融工具於各報告期末的違約風險與金融工具於初始確認日期的違約風險,並考慮無需過多成本或努力可得的合理支持資料,包括歷史及前瞻性資料。

31 December 2021

二零二一年十二月三十一日



2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Impairment of financial assets (Cont'd)

General approach (Cont'd)

The Group considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 30 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subject to impairment under the general approach and they are classified within the following stages for measurement of ECLs except for trade receivables and contract assets which apply the simplified approach as detailed below.

- Stage I Financial instruments for which credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to 12-month **ECLs**
- Financial instruments for which credit risk has increased Stage 2 significantly since initial recognition but that are not creditimpaired financial assets and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs
- Stage 3 Financial assets that are credit-impaired at the reporting date (but that are not purchased or credit-impaired) and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs

2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

金融資產減值(續)

一般方法(續)

倘合約付款已逾期30日,則本集團 認為金融資產違約。然而,在若干 情況下,倘內部或外部資料顯示, 在沒有計及本集團所持有的任何信 貸提升措施前,本集團不大可能悉 數收到未償還合約款項,則本集團 亦可認為金融資產違約。倘無法合 理預期收回合約現金流量,則撇銷 金融資產。

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產按一般 方法進行減值,並按下列預期信貸 虧損計量階段進行分類,惟下文詳 述應用簡化方法的貿易應收款項及 合約資產除外。

- 階段」 金融工具的信貸風險 自初始確認後並無顯 著增加,其虧損撥備 按等同12個月預期信 貸虧損的金額計量
- 階段2 金融工具的信貸風險 自初始確認後顯著增 加(惟並非信貸減值 的金融工具除外),其 虧損撥備按等同全期 預期信貸虧損的金額 計量
- 階段3 於報告日期為信貸減 值的金融資產(惟並 非購買或信貸減值金 融工具除外),其虧損 撥備按等同全期預期 信貸虧損的金額計量

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

財務報表附註

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Impairment of financial assets (Cont'd)

Simplified approach

For trade receivables and contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component or when the Group applies the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group applies the simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Under the simplified approach, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as payables.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade payables, other payables and accruals and lease liabilities.

2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

金融資產減值(續)

簡化方法

金融負債

初始確認及計量

金融負債於初始確認時分類為應付 款項。

所有金融負債初始按公平值扣除直 接應佔交易成本確認。

本集團的金融負債包括貿易應付款 項、其他應付款項及應計費用及租 賃負債。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including time deposits, and assets similar in nature to cash, which are not restricted as to use.

2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

終止確認金融負債

金融負債於負債的責任已解除或註 銷或屆滿時終止確認。

當現有金融負債為同一出借人以條 款截然不同的另一項負債取代時, 或現有負債的條款出現重大修改 時,有關取代或修改被視為終止確 認原有負債並確認一項新負債,而 各賬面值之間的差額於損益內確認。

抵銷金融工具

倘現時存在可強制執行合法權利抵 銷已確認金額,且有意以淨額結 算,或同時變現資產及清償負債, 則金融資產及金融負債將予抵銷, 且淨額於財務狀況表呈報。

現金及現金等價物

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現金等價物包括手頭現金及活期存款,以及可隨時兑換為已知金額現金及所涉價值變動風險不高,且一般自取得起計三個月內到期的短期高流動性投資,須按要求償還且構成本集團現金管理的組成部分。

就綜合財務狀況表而言,現金及現金等價物包括用途不受限制的手頭及銀行現金(包括定期存款)以及性質與現金相似的資產。

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

財務報表附註

3 | December 202 | 二零二一年十二月三十一日

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Provisions

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in profit or loss.

The Group provides for warranties in relation to the provision of property engineering services for general repairs of defects occurring during the warranty period of two years. Provisions for these assurance-type warranties granted by the Group are recognised based on sales volume and estimation of the level of repairs, discounted to their present values as appropriate.

2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

撥備

當過去事項導致目前須負責任(法律或推定),且日後有可能需要撥付資源償付有關責任所涉及的款項,則會確認撥備,惟該項責任的金額須能夠可靠地予以估計。

當折現的影響屬於重大,撥備確認 的金額為預期日後償付有關責任所 需支出於各報告期末的現值。已折 現現值隨時間而增加,有關增幅會 於損益計入財務成本。

本集團就於兩年保修期內所發生缺陷的一般維修提供物業工程服務擔保。就本集團所授予該等保證型擔保作出的撥備乃根據銷量及估計維修水平確認,並貼現至其現值(如適用)。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- (i) when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business consolidated and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- (ii) in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

所得税

所得税包括即期及遞延税項。與於 損益外確認的項目有關的所得稅於 損益外確認,即於其他全面收入或 直接於權益中確認。

即期税項資產及負債按預期可自稅 務機關收回或向其支付的數額計量,採用的税率(及税法)為各報告期末已頒佈或已實際執行的税率(及税法),並已計及本集團經營所在國家的現行詮釋及慣例。

遞延税項乃使用負債法就各報告期 末的資產及負債的計税基礎與其作 財務匯報用途的賬面值之間的所有 暫時差額計提撥備。

除下列情況外,對所有應課税暫時 差額確認遞延税項負債:

- (i) 遞延税項負債源於首次確認商 譽或一項並非業務合併的交易 中的資產或負債,且於該項交 易進行時不影響會計溢利及應 課税損益:及
- (ii) 就與於附屬公司的投資有關的 應課稅暫時差額而言,暫時差 額的回時間可予控制而該暫時 差額於可見未來可能不會撥 回。

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註 31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Income tax (Cont'd)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- (i) when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business consolidated and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- (ii) in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

所得税(續)

遞延税項資產乃就所有可扣減暫時 差額、結轉未動用税項抵免及克頭 用税項虧損予以確認。遞延税項資 產在有可能出現應課税溢利,用作 抵銷該等可扣減暫時差額以及結轉 未動用税項抵免及未動用税項虧損 的情況下,方予以確認,惟下列情 況除外:

- (i) 有關可扣減暫時差額的遞延税 項資產源於初次確認一項並非 業務合併的交易中的資產或負 債,且於該項交易進行時不影 響會計溢利及應課税損益:及
- (ii) 就與於附屬公司的投資有關的 可扣減暫時差額而言,遞延稅 項資產僅會於暫時差額有可能 將會於可預見未來撥回及存在 應課稅溢利可用作抵銷該暫時 差額的情況下,方予以確認。

遞延稅項資產的賬面值於各報告期 末檢討,並撇減至不再可能擁有足 夠的應課稅溢利以動用全部或延稅 項資產為限。未確認遞延稅 項資產於各報告期末重新評估,並 於有可能有足夠應課稅溢利可容許 收回全部或部分遞延稅項資產時予 以確認。

遞延税項資產及負債按預期適用於 資產變現或負債清償期間的稅率計 量,並以各報告期末已頒佈或已實 際執行的稅率(及稅法)為基準。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Income tax (Cont'd)

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if and only if the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of goods or services is transferred to the customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the goods or services provided in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue is shown net of taxes.

2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

所得税(續)

政府補助

如能合理確保將收到政府補助及將 符合所有附帶條件,則按其公平值 確認政府補助。倘有關補助乃與一 項開支項目有關,則補助於擬用作 補償的成本支出期間按系統基準確 認。

收益確認

客戶合約收益

當能反映本集團預期將就向客戶轉 讓貨品或服務而有權換取的代價金 額於貨品或服務的控制權轉移至客 戶時確認來自客戶合約的收益。

收益按在本集團一般業務過程中提 供貨品或服務已收或應收代價的公 平值計量。收益按除稅後淨額列示。

31 December 2021

二零二一年十二月三十一日

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Revenue recognition (Cont'd)

Revenue from contracts with customers (Cont'd)

(a) Property management and value-added services

For property management services, the Group bills a fixed amount for services provided on a semi-annually basis and revenue is recognised over the service period on a straight-line basis because the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group.

For value-added services, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the related value-added services are rendered. Payment of the transaction is due immediately when the value-added services are rendered to the customer.

(b) Property engineering services

Revenue from the provision of property engineering services is recognised over time, using an input method to measure progress towards complete satisfaction of the service, because the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date. The input method recognises revenue based on the proportion of the actual costs incurred relative to the estimated total costs for satisfaction of the property engineering services.

(c) Club house services, including catering and ancillary services

Revenue from club house services, including catering and ancillary services, is recognised at a point in time when food, beverages and other services are delivered to or rendered to the customer, generally on the acceptance of the services by the customer.

2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

收益確認(續)

客戶合約收益(續)

(a) 物業管理及增值服務

就物業管理服務而言,本集團 每半年就提供的服務開出定額 賬單,且由於客戶同時取得及 耗用本集團所提供的利益,故 收益於服務期內按直線法確 認。

就增值服務而言,收益於提供 相關增值服務時的某個時點確 認。交易付款於向客戶提供增 值服務時即時應付。

(b) 物業工程服務

提供物業工程服務所得收益隨 著時間的推移而確認,當中使 用投入法以計量達致完全滿意 服務的進度,此乃由於本集團 履約未創造對本集團具有替代 用途的資產,而本集團擁有強 制執行權收取至今已完成實際 發生成本相對履行物業工程服 務估計成本總額的比例而確認 收益。

(c) 會所服務(包括餐飲及配套服務) 會所服務(包括餐飲及配套服務)所得收益於食物、飲品及 其他服務交付或提供予客戶的 時間點(一般為客戶接收服務 時)確認。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Revenue recognition (Cont'd)

Other income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, when appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Contract assets

A contract asset is the right to consideration in exchange for goods or services transferred to the customer. If the Group performs by transferring goods or services to a customer before the customer pays consideration or before payment is due, a contract asset is recognised for the earned consideration that is conditional. Contract assets are subject to impairment assessment, details of which are included in the accounting policies for impairment of financial assets.

Contract liabilities

A contract liability is recognised when a payment is received or a payment is due (whichever is earlier) from a customer before the Group transfers the related goods or services. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Group performs under the contract (i.e., transfers control of the related goods or services to the customer).

2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

收益確認(續)

其他收入

利息收入按應計基準採用實際利息 法確認,所用利率為於預期金融工 具年期或較短年期(如適用)內收取 之估計未來現金收益精確地折現至 金融資產賬面淨值的利率。

合約資產

合約資產指向客戶轉移貨品或服務 而換取代價的權利。倘本集團於客 戶支付代價前或於支付到期前向家 戶轉移貨品或服務而履約,則會就 有條件的已賺取代價確認合約資 產。合約資產須進行減值評估,其 詳情載列在金融資產減值的會計政 策中。

合約負債

於本集團向客戶轉移貨品或服務前,合約負債會於向客戶收取付款或付款到期(以較早者為準)時確認。當本集團根據合約履約(即向客戶轉移相關貨品或服務的控制權),合約負債會確認為收益。

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

財務報表附註

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Employee benefits

Pension scheme

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in Mainland China are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. The subsidiaries operating in Mainland China are required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll costs to the central pension scheme. The contributions are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme. All contributions to the Central Pension Scheme vest immediately and there are no forfeited contributions under the Central Pension Scheme which may be used by the Group to reduce its existing level of contributions or contributions payable in future years.

Dividends

Final dividends are recognised as a liability when they are approved by the shareholders in a general meeting.

Interim dividends are simultaneously proposed and declared, because the Company's articles of association grant the directors the authority to declare interim dividends. Consequently, interim dividends are recognised immediately as a liability when they are proposed and declared.

Foreign currencies

These financial statements are presented in RMB. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss.

2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

僱員福利

退休金計劃

股息

末期股息在股東大會上獲股東批准 後確認為負債。

中期股息同時建議派付及宣派,因 為本公司組織章程細則授予董事宣 派中期股息之權力。因此,中期股 息於建議派付及宣派時,隨即確認 為負債。

外幣

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Foreign currencies (Cont'd)

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured. The gain or loss arising on translation of a non-monetary item measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation difference on the item whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss is also recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss, respectively).

In determining the exchange rate on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income on the derecognition of a non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability relating to an advance consideration, the date of initial transaction is the date on which the Group initially recognises the non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability arising from the advance consideration. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, the Group determines the transaction date for each payment or receipt of the advance consideration.

The functional currencies of each entity in the Group may be the currencies other than RMB. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into RMB at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period and their profit or loss are translated into RMB at the exchange rates that approximate to those prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

外幣(續)

以外幣按歷史成本計量的非貨幣項目,採用初始交易日期的匯率換算。以外幣按公平值計量的非貨幣項目,採用計量公平值當日的的非貨幣項目而產生的盈虧,亦按該固一一个工值變動盈虧確認(即於其他至面收益或損益確認)的一致方式計量。

在終止確認與預付代價有關的非貨 幣性資產或非貨幣性負債時,釐定 首次確認相關資產、開支或收集團 首次確認預付代價產生的非貨幣性 資產或非貨幣性負債當日。倘涉及 多筆預付款項或收取預付代價的 交易日期。

本集團各實體的功能貨幣可能為人 民幣以外的貨幣。於報告期末,該 等實體的資產及負債按報告期末當 前匯率換算為人民幣,其損益則按 與交易日期的現行匯率近似的匯率 換算為人民幣。

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

財務報表附註

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Foreign currencies (Cont'd)

The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange fluctuation reserve. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in profit or loss.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, the cash flows of overseas subsidiaries are translated into RMB at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of overseas subsidiaries which arise throughout the year are translated into RMB at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

外幣(續)

因此而產生的匯兑差額於其他全面 收益確認並於匯兑儲備累計。出售 境外業務時,與該項境外業務有關 的其他全面收益部分在損益中確認。

就綜合現金流量表而言,海外附屬 公司的現金流量均按現金流量日期 適用的匯率換算為人民幣。海外附 屬公司在年內經常出現的現金流量 均按年內加權平均匯率換算為人民 幣。

3. 重大會計判斷及估計

編製本集團財務報表時,管理層須 作出會影響收益、開支、資產及負 債呈報金額及其隨附披露以及或然 負債披露的判斷、估計及假設。該 等假設及估計的不確定因素可能導 致未來須對受影響資產或負債的賬 面值作出重大調整。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (Cont'd)

Judgements

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

Revenue from contracts with customers

The Group applied the following judgements that significantly affect the determination of the amount and timing of revenue from contracts with customers:

Determining the timing of satisfaction of property engineering services

The Group concluded that revenue for property engineering services is to be recognised over time because the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Withholding tax arising from the distribution of dividends

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for withholding corporate income taxes relating to the unremitted earnings of the Group's subsidiaries established in Mainland China that are subject to withholding taxes. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax liabilities, based upon the likely distribution level of such earnings from these subsidiaries in the foreseeable future. The amount of deferred tax liabilities arising from the withholding tax associated with the investments in subsidiaries in Mainland China for the year ended 31 December 2021 was RMB590,000 (31 December 2020: 590,000). Further details are contained in note 14 to the financial statements.

3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

判斷

在應用本集團會計政策時,管理層 已作出以下對於財務報表內確認之 數額構成最重大影響之判斷,惟涉 及估計者除外:

客戶合約收益

本集團應用以下重大影響釐定客戶 合約收益金額及時間的判斷:

釐定履行物業工程服務的時間

本集團認為物業工程服務的收益隨時間確認,原因是本集團的表現並無創造對本集團具其他替代用途之資產,而本集團可強制執行其權利就累計至今已完成之履約部分收取款項。

派息產牛的預扣稅

31 December 2021

二零二一年十二月三十一日

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS **AND ESTIMATES** (Cont'd)

Estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

Measurement of progress toward complete satisfaction of property engineering services

The Group uses the input method to measure the progress toward satisfaction of the performance obligations, and specifically, the proportion of actual costs incurred relative to the estimated total costs. The Group determined that the input method is the best method in measuring the progress of the property engineering services because there is a direct relationship between the Group's effort (i.e., costs incurred) and the transfer of goods and services to the customer. The Group recognises revenue on the basis of the costs expended relative to the total expected costs to complete the services. Actual costs incurred include direct and indirect costs in the process of transferring goods and services from the Group to customers. The Group believes that the contract price is based on costs. Therefore, the proportion of actual costs incurred relative to the total expected costs can reflect the progress toward satisfaction of property engineering services. Since the duration of the performance obligation is relatively long and it may fall in two accounting periods, the Group will review the contract, revise the budget and adjust the revenue accordingly as the contract is carried forward.

重大會計判斷及估計(續)

估計不確定性

有重大風險導致須對下個財政年度 之資產及負債之賬面值進行重大調 整的有關日後的主要假設及於各報 告期末估計不確定性的其他主要來 源詳述如下。

計量有關履行物業工程服務的進度

本集團使用投入法計量達成履約責 任的進度,特別是與估計總成本相 比所產生的實際成本的比例。本集 團釐定投入法為計量物業工程服務 進度的最佳方法,原因是本集團的 投入(即所產生的成本)與轉讓貨品 及服務予客戶之間存在直接關係。 本集團根據與完成服務的預計總成 本相比的已支出成本確認收益。所 產生的實際成本包括本集團轉讓貨 品與服務予客戶過程中產生的直接 和間接成本。本集團認為合約價按 成本計量。因此,與預計總成本相 比所產生的實際成本比例能夠反映 履行物業工程服務的進度。由於履 約責任的時期相對較長且可能歸屬 於兩個會計期間,因此,本集團將 因合約結轉而相應審閱合約、修訂 預算並調整收益。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (Cont'd)

Estimation uncertainty (Cont'd)

Provisions

Significant management estimates are involved in the determination of the cost of assurance-type warranty to be incurred during the warranty period. Accordingly, management exercises considerable judgment in determining whether there is a present obligation as a result of a past event at the reporting date, whether it is more likely than not that such warranty services will result an outflow of resources and whether the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated with reference to the size of the project, relevant correspondence and contracts with customers. Management estimates the cost for warranty services with regard to the Group's experience in addressing such matters.

Provision for expected credit losses on trade receivables and contract assets

The Group uses a provision matrix to calculate ECLs for trade receivables and contract assets. The provision rates are based on ageing for groupings of various customer segments that have similar loss patterns (i.e., by customer type and rating).

The provision matrix is initially based on the Group's historical observed default rates. The Group will calibrate the matrix to adjust the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information. For instance, if forecast economic conditions (i.e., gross domestic product) are expected to deteriorate over the next year which can lead to an increased number of defaults, the historical default rates are adjusted. At each reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

估計不確定性(續)

撥備

釐定於質保期產生的保證類質保成 本涉及重大管理估計。因此時責 層作出重大判斷,以釐定現時責 是否源於報告日期發生的過程 件,該質保服務是否更有可能造成 資源外流,以及責任金額是否能 透過參考項目規模、與客戶的相關 透過於來及合約進行可靠的估計。 管理層就本集團處理此類事宜的經 驗估計質保服務的成本。

貿易應收款項與合約資產的預期信 貸虧損撥備

本集團使用撥備矩陣計算貿易應收 款項與合約資產的預期信貸虧損。 撥備率基於具有類似虧損模式(即 按客戶類型和評級)的各個客戶群分 部賬齡。

撥備矩陣最初基於本集團的歷史觀察違約率。本集團將通過調整矩陣以調整過往信貸虧損經驗與前瞻性資料。例如,如果預測經濟時間,如國內生產總值)將在未來一年內下滑,這可能導致違約數量增加,會對歷史違約率進行調整。在每數十一個報告日期,歷史觀察得到的違約數十一一個報告的變化。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (Cont'd)

Estimation uncertainty (Cont'd)

Provision for expected credit losses on trade receivables and contract assets (Cont'd)

The assessment of the correlation among historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and forecast economic conditions. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of a customer's actual default in the future. The information about the ECLs on the Group's trade receivables and contract assets is disclosed in notes 17 and 19 to the financial statements, respectively.

Leases - Estimating the incremental borrowing rate

The Group cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in a lease, and therefore, it uses an incremental borrowing rate ("IBR") to measure lease liabilities. The IBR is the rate of interest that the Group would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment. The IBR therefore reflects what the Group "would have to pay", which requires estimation when no observable rates are available (such as for subsidiaries that do not enter into financing transactions) or when it needs to be adjusted to reflect the terms and conditions of the lease (for example, when leases are not in the subsidiary's functional currency). The Group estimates the IBR using observable inputs (such as market interest rates) when available and is required to make certain entity-specific estimates (such as the subsidiary's stand-alone credit rating).

3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

估計不確定性(續)

貿易應收款項與合約資產的預期信 貸虧損撥備(續)

對歷史觀察得到的違約率、預測的經濟狀況和預期信貸虧損之間相關性的評估是一個重要的估計。預期信貸虧損的金額對環境的變惠別的經濟狀況很敏感。本集團的經濟狀況和數極之一,有關本集團貿易應收款項及合約資產的預期信貸虧損的資料分別於財務報表附註17及19披露。

租賃-估計增量借款利率

本集團無法輕易釐定和賃內所隱含 的利率,因此,使用增量借款利率 (「增量借款利率」)計量租賃負債。 增量借款利率為本集團於類似經濟 環境中為取得與使用權資產價值相 近之資產,而以類似抵押品與類似 期間借入所需資金應支付之利率。 因此,增量借款利率反映了本集團 「應支付」的利率,當無可觀察的利 率時(如就並無訂立融資交易之附 屬公司而言)或當須對利率進行調整 以反映租賃之條款及條件時(如當 租賃並非以附屬公司之功能貨幣訂 立時),則須作出利率估計。本集團 使用可得可觀察輸入數據(如市場 利率)估計增量借款利率並須作出若 干實體特定估計(如附屬公司單獨 的信貸評級)。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on their services and has three reportable operating segments as follows:

- (a) Property management and value-added services
- (b) Property engineering services
- (c) Others*
- * The "others" segment comprises clubhouse services, including catering and ancillary services.

Management monitors the results of the Group's operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment profit/loss, which is a measure of adjusted profit/loss before tax. The adjusted profit/loss before tax is measured consistently with the Group's profit before tax except that head office income and expenses are excluded from such measurement.

4. 經營分部資料

為便於管理,本集團按所提供之服 務劃分業務單位,分為以下三個可 呈報經營分部:

- (a) 物業管理及增值服務
- (b) 物業工程服務
- (c) 其他*
- * 「其他」分部包括會所服務(包括餐飲及配套服務)。

管理層分別監督本集團各經營分部業績以就分配資源及評估績效作出決策。分部績效根據可呈報分部溢利/虧損評估,為經調整除稅前溢利/虧損的計量指標。經調整除稅前溢利/虧損的計量方法與本集團除稅前溢利相同,惟有關計量不包括總部收入及支出。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日

4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd)

4. 經營分部資料(續)

Segment revenue

分部收益

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Property management and value-added services	物業管理及增值服務	228,374	165,008
Property engineering services	物業工程服務	45,722	45,904
Others	其他	7,564	2,276
		281,660	213,188

Segment results 分部業績

	No. HENCHOOL		
		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Property management and value-added services	物業管理及增值服務	76,737	60,875
Property engineering services	物業工程服務	2,781	3,722
Others	其他	(3,687)	(157)
Segment results	分部業績	75,831	64,440
Reconciliation:	<u>對賬:</u>		
Unallocated income	未分配收入	645	6,620
Unallocated expenses	未分配開支	(3,707)	(10,340)
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	72,769	60,720

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd)

Segment assets and liabilities are measured in the same way as in the financial statements. These assets and liabilities are allocated based on the operations of the segment, the segment liabilities exclude deferred tax liability and tax payable.

Segment assets

4. 經營分部資料(續)

分部資產及負債的計量方法與財務 報表相同。該等資產及負債根據經 營分部分配,分部負債不包括遞延 税項負債及應付税項。

分部資產

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Property management and value-added services	物業管理及增值服務	471,425	355,619
Property engineering services	物業工程服務	55,916	64,579
Others	其他	596	184
Segment assets	分部資產	527,937	420,382
Reconciliation:	<u>對賬:</u>		
Unallocated assets	未分配資產	4,292	9,872
Total assets	資產總值	532,229	430,254

Segment liabilities

分部負債

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Property management and value-added services	物業管理及增值服務	141,552	91,141
Property engineering services	物業工程服務	17,860	20,473
Others	其他	469	549
Segment liabilities	分部負債	159,881	112,163
Reconciliation:	<u> 對賬:</u>		
Unallocated liabilities	未分配負債	1,840	1,747
Total liabilities	負債總值	161,721	113,910

31 December 2021

二零二一年十二月三十一日

4. **OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Cont'd)

Other segment information

Year ended 31 December 2021

4. 經營分部資料(續)

其他分部資料

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止 年度

		Property management and value-added services 物業管理及 增值服務 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Property engineering services 物業 工程服務 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Others 其他 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Additions to property, plant and	添置物業、廠房及設備	27/	10	70	272
equipment Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊	276	18	78	372
equipment	仍不例仍从以间川目	723	36	12	771
Amortisation of other intangible asset	其他無形資產攤銷	302	-	-	302
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	275	-	189	464
Impairment losses on trade receivables	貿易應收款項及合約				
and contract assets	資產減值虧損	115	66	25	206

Year ended 31 December 2020

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

		Property			
		management			
		and	Property		
		value-added	engineering		
		services	services	Others	Total
		物業管理及	物業		
		增值服務	工程服務	其他	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Additions to property, plant and	添置物業、廠房及設備				
equipment		512	74	_	586
Additions to other intangible asset	添置其他無形資產	377	_	_	377
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊				
equipment		688	17	_	705
Amortisation of other intangible asset	其他無形資產攤銷	75	_	_	75
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	274	_	95	369
Impairment losses on trade receivables	貿易應收款項及合約				
and contract assets	資產減值虧損	8	206	_	214

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont'd)

Geographical information

Since the Group has operation in Mainland China only, no further operating geographical information analysis is presented.

Information about major customers

Revenue of approximately RMB46,835,000 (2020: RMB27,597,000) and RMB25,693,000 (2020: RMB31,021,000) were derived from sales of services to a group of entities which are controlled by Zensun Enterprises Group and Ever Diamond Group, respectively.

Except for those mentioned above, there was no single customer from which the revenue amounted to 10% or more of the Group's total revenue at the end of the reporting period.

5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME, OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

An analysis of revenue is as follows:

4. 經營分部資料(續)

地區資料

由於本集團僅在中國內地營運,故並無呈列進一步經營地區資料分析。

有關主要客戶的資料

約人民幣46,835,000元(二零二零年:人民幣27,597,000元)及人民幣25,693,000元(二零二零年:人民幣31,021,000元)的收益分別來自於向正商實業集團及永鑽集團所控制的一組實體銷售服務。

除了上述提及外,於各報告期末, 概無來自單一客戶的收益佔本集團 收益總額10%或以上。

5. 收益、其他收入、其他收益 及虧損

收益分析如下:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Types of services	服務類型		
Property management and value-added services	物業管理及增值服務	228,374	165,008
Property engineering services	物業工程服務	45,722	45,904
Others	其他	7,564	2,276
		281,660	213,188

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日

5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME, OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES (Cont'd)

5. 收益、其他收入、其他收益 及虧損*(續)*

		2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Timing of revenue recognition	收益確認時間		
At a point in time	於某個時間點		
Value-added services	增值服務	5,039	7,071
Others	其他	7,564	2,276
Over time	於一段時間		
Property management	物業管理	223,335	157,937
Property engineering services	物業工程服務	45,722	45,904
		281,660	213,188

The property management and value-added services were provided to properties under management in which mainly were developed by the Group's related parties — Ever Diamond Global Company Limited and its subsidiaries (collectively, "Ever Diamond Group"), Zensun Enterprises Limited and its subsidiaries (collectively, "Zensun Enterprises Group") and Henan Zensun Corporate Development Group Company Limited and its subsidiaries (collectively, "Zensun Development Group").

The following table shows the revenue recognised in relation to contract liabilities carried forward from the end of the prior year:

物業管理及增值服務乃提供予在管物業,該等在管物業主要由本集團關聯方一永鑽環球有限公司及其附屬公司(統稱「永鑽環球集團」)、正商實業有限公司及其附屬公司(統稱「正商實業集團」)及河南正商企業發展集團有限責任公司及其附屬公司(統稱「正商發展集團」)開發。

下表載列就上一年度末結轉的合約 負債所確認收益:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Types of services	服務類型		
Property engineering services	物業工程服務	2,202	747
Property management and value-added services	物業管理及增值服務	38,033	28,655
		40,235	29,402

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME, OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES (Cont'd)

Performance obligations

Information about the Group's performance obligations is summarised below:

Property management

The performance obligation is satisfied over time and payments are generally paid in advance. For property management services, the Group recognises revenue in the amount to which the Group has a right to invoice and the amount corresponds directly with the value to the customer of the Group's performance to date. The Group has elected the practical expedient of not to disclose the remaining performance obligations for property management. The majority of the property management service contracts do not have a fixed term.

Value-added services

The performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time and payments are generally due when the services are rendered. For value-added services, they are rendered in a short period of time and there is no unsatisfied performance obligation at the end of each reporting period.

Property engineering services

The performance obligation is satisfied over time as services are rendered and payment is generally due within 30 days from the date of billing. A certain percentage of payment is retained by customers until the end of the retention period as the Group's entitlement to the final payment is conditional on the satisfaction of the service quality by the customers over a certain period as stipulated in the contracts.

5. 收益、其他收入、其他收益 及虧損(續)

履約責任

有關本集團履約責任的資料概述如下:

物業管理

該履約責任於一段時間達成,付款通常預先支付。就物業管理服務而言,本集團按本集團有權開具發票的金額確認收益,而有關金額履至今向客戶作出的履工,不披露物業管理的餘下履約首任。大部分物業管理服務合約並無固定期限。

增值服務

該履約責任於某一時點達成,而付 款通常於服務獲提供時到期應付。 就增值服務而言,由於有關服務乃 於較短時限內提供,故於各報告期 末並無未達成的履約責任。

物業工程服務

該履約責任於服務獲提供時於一段時間達成,付款通常自開票日期起計30天到期應付。客戶會保留若干百分比付款直至保固期結束,此乃由於合約訂明本集團收取末期付款的權利取決於客戶於特定的一段時間內對服務質量是否滿意。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日

5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME, OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES (Cont'd)

Performance obligations (Cont'd)

Property engineering services (Cont'd)

The transaction prices allocated to the remaining performance obligations (unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied) of property engineering services as at the end of each reporting period are as follows:

5. 收益、其他收入、其他收益 及虧損(續)

履約責任(續)

物業工程服務(續)

於各報告期末,分配至物業工程服務餘下履約責任(未達成或部分未達成)的交易價格如下:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Amounts expected to be recognized as revenue:	預計確認為收益的金額:		
Within I year	一年內	54,603	52,963
I to 2 years	一至兩年	16,127	19,909
2 to 3 years	兩至三年	15,810	3,890
			7,7,0
		86,540	76,762

Clubhouse services, including catering and ancillary services

The performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time when food, beverages and other services are delivered to or rendered to the customer and payment is generally due within 30 days from delivery. There is no unsatisfied performance obligation for club house services, including catering and ancillary services, at the end of each reporting period.

會所服務,包括餐飲及配套服務

該履約責任於向客戶提供食物、飲品及其他服務的時點達成,而付款通常於自交付起計30天內到期應付。於各報告期末並無有關會所服務,包括餐飲及配套服務的未達成履約責任。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME, OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES (Cont'd)

An analysis of other income, other gains and losses is as follows:

5. 收益、其他收入、其他收益 及虧損(續)

其他收入、其他收益及虧損分析如下:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Government grants*	政府補助*	6,029	911
Interest income	利息收入	10,326	8,948
Foreign exchange differences, net	匯兑差額淨額	214	(424)
		.,	0.405
		16,569	9,435

^{*} Government grants related to income that are received or receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs. These government grants are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

^{*} 政府補貼與作為已產生開支或虧 損的補償或在毋須未來有關成本 的情況下對本集團給予即時財務 支援而已收或應收的收款有關。 該等政府補貼於應收有關補貼期 間於損益確認。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日

6. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

6. 除税前溢利

The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

本集團的除税前溢利經扣除/(計 入)以下各項後得出:

		2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cost of services provided	所提供服務成本	187,854	126,449
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊		
equipment (note 13)	(附註13)	771	705
Depreciation of right-of-use assets (note 15)	使用權資產折舊(附註15)	464	369
Amortisation of other intangible asset	其他無形資產攤銷	302	75
Research and development expenses	研發費用	4,076	1,881
Auditors' remuneration	核數師薪酬	1,450	1,300
Employee benefit expense	僱員福利開支		
(including directors' remuneration):	(包括董事薪酬)		
Wages and salaries	工資及薪金	38,394	28,009
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款	4,882	246
Foreign exchange (gain)/loss, net	匯兑(收益)/虧損淨額	(214)	424
Impairment losses on trade receivables	貿易應收款項及		
and contract assets	合約資產減值虧損	206	214
Listing expenses	上市開支	-	7,953

7. FINANCE COSTS

7. 財務成本

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Interest on lease liabilities (note 15)	租賃負債的利息(附註15)	205	174

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



8. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION

Directors' and chief executive's remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules, section 383(I)(a), (b), (c) and (f) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, is as follows:

8. 董事及最高行政人員薪酬

根據上市規則、香港《公司條例》第 383(I)(a)、(b)、(c)及(f)條及《公司 (披露董事利益資料)規例》第2部披 露的董事及最高行政人員於本年的 薪酬如下:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Fees	袍金	-	_
Other emoluments:	其他酬金:		
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	薪金、津貼及實物利益	832	668
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款	26	1
		858	669

(a) Independent non-executive directors

The fees paid to independent non-executive directors during the year were as follows:

(a) 獨立非執行董事

本年度支付予獨立非執行董事 的袍金如下:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Mr. Feng Zhidong	馮志東先生	120	100
Mr. Zhou Sheng	周勝先生	108	100
Mr. Xu Chun	徐春先生	120	100
		2.40	200
		348	300

31 December 2021

二零二一年十二月三十一日

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION (Cont'd)

(a) Independent non-executive directors (Cont'd)

There were no other emoluments payable to the independent non-executive directors during the year (2020: Nil).

8. 董事及最高行政人員薪酬 (續)

(a) 獨立非執行董事(續)

年內概無應付獨立非執行董 事的其他酬金(二零二零年: 零)。

(b) Executive director and non-executive directors

(b) 執行董事及非執行董事

) HII = + /	1 17013 == 3
		Salaries, allowances and benefits	Pension scheme	
			contributions 退休金	Total
		實物利益	計劃供款	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Year ended 31 December 2021	世 截至二零二一年			
	十二月三十一日止年度			
Executive director:	執行董事:			
Mr. Zhu Jie*	朱杰先生*	484	26	510
Non-executive director:	非執行董事:			
Ms. Zhang	張女士	-	-	-
Mr. Wang Jinhu	王金虎先生	_	-	-
Mr. Liu Zhenqiang	劉振強先生	_	_	_
		484	26	510

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



8. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION (Cont'd)

8. 董事及最高行政人員薪酬

(b) Executive director and non-executive directors

(b) 執行董事及非執行董事

(Cont'd)

Salaries,		
allowances	Pension	
and benefits	scheme	
in kind	contributions	Total
薪金、津貼及	退休金	
實物利益	計劃供款	總計
RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元

Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年

十二月三十一日止年度

Executive director:	執行董事:			
Mr. Zhu Jie*	朱杰先生*	368	1	369
Non-executive director:	非執行董事:			
Ms. Zhang	張女士	-	_	_
Mr. Wang Jinhu	王金虎先生	-	_	_
Mr. Liu Zhenqiang	劉振強先生	_	_	_
		368		369

^{*} Mr. Zhu Jie is a chief executive officer of the Company. He also served as chief executive officer in Xingye IOT Management. His remuneration disclosed above included the remuneration for the services rendered by him as the chief executive.

There was no arrangement under which a director or the chief executive waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year (2020: Nil).

年內,概無董事或最高行政人 員放棄或同意放棄任何薪酬的 安排(二零二零年:零)。

^{*} 朱杰先生為本公司行政總 裁。彼曾亦擔任興業物聯網 管理的行政總裁。上文所披 露之彼的酬金包括彼身為行 政總裁提供的服務的酬金。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日

9. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees during the years included one director (2020: one), details of whose remuneration are set out in note 8 above. Details of the remuneration for the year of the remaining four (2020: four) highest paid employees who are neither a director nor chief executive of the Company are as follows:

9. 五名最高薪酬僱員

各年內,五名最高薪酬僱員分別包括一名董事(二零二零年:一名), 其薪酬詳情載於上文附註8。年內,有關餘下四名(二零二零年:四名)非本公司董事或最高行政人員的最高薪酬僱員薪酬詳情如下:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	薪金、津貼及實物利益	1,516	1,331
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款	132	5
		1,648	1,336

The number of non-director and non-chief executive highest paid employees whose remuneration fell within the following band is as follows:

薪酬介乎以下範圍的非董事及非最 高行政人員最高薪酬僱員的人數如 下:

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零至1,000,000港元	4	4

During the year, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the directors or the five highest paid individuals (including directors and employees) as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office. 於年內,本集團概無向任何董事或 五名最高薪酬人士(包括董事及僱 員)支付任何酬金,作為吸引加入或 加入本集團後的獎金或作為離職補 償。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

The Group is subject to income tax on an entity basis on profits arising in or derived from the jurisdictions in which members of the Group are domiciled and operate.

Pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Cayman Islands and BVI, the Group is not subject to any income tax in the Cayman Islands and BVI.

Pursuant to the Enterprise Income Tax Law of the PRC and the respective regulations, except for Xingye Consulting which enjoyed a preferential enterprise tax rate of 5% during the reporting period, the subsidiaries which operate in Mainland China are subject to enterprise income tax at a rate of 25% on the taxable income.

10. 所得税開支

本集團須就本集團成員公司註冊成 立及經營業務所在司法權區所產生 或賺取的溢利按實體基準繳納所得 税。

根據開曼群島及英屬處女群島規則 及法規,本集團毋須於開曼群島及 英屬處女群島繳納任何所得税。

根據《中華人民共和國企業所得税 法》及其相關規定,除興業諮詢於 報告期享有優惠企業所得税税率5% 外,在中國內地經營的附屬公司須 按應課税收入25%繳納企業所得税。

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Current	即期	18,474	16,527
Deferred (note 14)	遞延(附註14)	(233)	690
Total tax charge for the year	年內的税項開支總額	18,241	17,217

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日

10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Cont'd)

A reconciliation of the tax expense applicable to profit before tax at the statutory rate for the jurisdiction in which the majority of its subsidiaries are domiciled to the tax expense at the effective tax rate, and a reconciliation of the applicable rate (i.e., the statutory tax rate) to the effective tax rate, is as follows:

IO. 所得税開支(續)

按其大多數附屬公司所在司法權區 的法定税率計算的除税前溢利適用 税項開支與按實際税率計算的税項 開支的對賬及適用税率(即法定税 率)與實際税率的對賬如下:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	72,769	60,720
Tax at the statutory rate of 25%	按25%法定税率計税	18,192	15,180
Different/preferential tax rate applicable to	附屬公司適用的		
subsidiaries	不同/優惠税率	314	570
Expenses not deductible for tax	不可扣税開支	54	110
Income not subject to tax	毋須課税收入	(71)	(169)
Effect of withholding tax at 10% on the	按本集團的中國附屬公司		
distributable profits of the Group's	可分派溢利計算		
PRC subsidiaries	預扣税10%的影響	_	1,414
Effect on opening deferred tax of decrease	下調税率對年初遞		
in rates	延税項之影響	_	22
Tax losses not recognised	未確認税項虧損	380	90
Effect of super deduction of research and	研發費用超額扣減的影響		
development expense		(628)	_
	F 1 1V		
Total tax expense for the year	年內税項開支總額	18,241	17,217

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



II. DIVIDENDS

11. 股息

		2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Proposed final dividend		8,180	-
Interim dividend declared and paid	宣派及派付中期股息	-	8,240

The Board recommends the payment of a final dividend in respect of the Year of HK2.50 cents (equivalent to approximately RMB2.045 cents) per share, amounting to a total dividend of HK\$10,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB8,180,000). Such final dividend will be distributed out of the Company's share premium account, subject to the approval by the shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting. These consolidated financial statements did not reflect this dividend payable.

Interim dividend of HK2.32 cents (equivalent to approximately RMB2.06 cents) per share, amounting to approximately HK\$9,280,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB8,240,000) was declared during the year ended 31 December 2020 and paid on 9 October 2020.

董事會建議就每股股份2.50港仙(相當於約人民幣2.045分)派付本年度末期股息,股息總額為10,000,000港元(相當於約人民幣8,180,000元)。 待股東於應屆股東週年大會上批准後,該末期股息將自本公司股份溢價賬中分派。該等綜合財務報表並無反映該應付股息。

合共約9,280,000港元(相當於約人 民幣8,240,000元)的中期股息每股 2.32港仙(相當於約人民幣2.06分) 已於截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度宣派並於二零二零年十月 九日派付。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日

12. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT

The calculation of the basic earnings per share amount is based on the profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 400,000,000 (2020: 381,369,863) in issue during the year ended 31 December 2021.

The Group had no potentially dilutive ordinary shares in issue during the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020.

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on:

12. 母公司普通股權益持有人應 佔每股盈利

每股基本盈利金額乃根據母公司普通股權益持有人應佔年內溢利及截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度已發行普通股的加權平均數為400,000,000股(二零二零年:381,369,863股)計算得出。

截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二 月三十一日止年度,本集團並無已 發行的潛在攤薄普通股。

每股基本盈利的計算基於:

		202 I 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Earnings			
Profit attributable to ordinary equity holders	—— 計算每股基本及攤薄盈利時		
of the parent used in the basic earnings	使用的母公司普通股權益		
per share calculation	持有人應佔溢利	54,528	43,503

Number of shares 股份數目

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
Shares	<u>股份</u>		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in	計算每股基本及攤薄盈利時		
issue during the year used in the basic earnings	使用的年內發行		
per share calculation	普通股加權平均數	400,000,000	381,369,863

Annual Report 2021

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

13. 物業、廠房及設備

,				
			Electronic equipment	
		Machinery	and others	Total
		144.55	電子設備	14.3.1
		機器	及其他	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
31 December 2021	二零二一年			
	十二月三十一日			
At I January 2021:	於二零二一年一月一日:			
Cost	成本	177	3,958	4,135
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(55)	(2,008)	(2,063)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	122	1,950	2,072
At I January 2021, net of	於二零二一年一月一日,			
accumulated depreciation	扣除累計折舊	122	1,950	2,072
Additions	添置	63	309	372
Depreciation provided during	年內折舊撥備			
the year		(18)	(753)	(771)
At 31 December 2021, net of	於二零二一年			
accumulated depreciation	十二月三十一日,			
accamataca depreciation	扣除累計折舊	167	1,506	1,673
At 31 December 2021:				
, as a second of ZoZii	十二月三十一日:			
Cost	成本	240	4,267	4,507
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(73)	(2,761)	(2,834)
Net carrying amount		167	1,506	1,673

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日

13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Cont'd)

13. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

		Electronic	
	Machinery		Total
	機器	及其他	總計
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
二零二零年			
十二月三十一日			
於二零二零年一月一日:			
成本	134	3,415	3,549
累計折舊	(41)	(1,317)	(1,358)
賬面淨值	93	2,098	2,191
於二零二零年一月一日,			
扣除累計折舊	93	2,098	2,191
添置	43	543	586
年內折舊撥備			
	(14)	(691)	(705)
於-零-零年			
扣除累計折舊	122	1,950	2,072
成本	177	3,958	4,135
累計折舊	(55)	(2,008)	(2,063)
	122	1,950	2,072
	十二月三十一日 十二月三十一日 於二零年一月一日: 成本 累計舊 賬面淨值 於二十月一日, 水面淨 本計五 一日, 本別 一日, 本別 一日, 本別 一日, 本別 一日, 本別 一日, 本別 一日, 本別 一日, 本別 一日, 本別 一日, 本別 一日, 一日, 一日, 一日, 一日, 一日, 一日, 一日,	人民幣千元 二零年年 十二月三十一日・ 加除累計折舊 人民幣千元 二零年 十二月三十一日・ 加除累計折舊 134 (41) 販面淨值 93 於二零二零年一月一日・ 加除累計折舊 93 43 43 (14) 於二零二零年 十二月三十一日・ 加除累計折舊 122 於二零二零年 十二月三十一日: 成本 十二月三十一日: 成本 累計折舊 177 (55)	Machinery And others 電子設備 接器 及其他 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



14. DEFERRED TAX

The movements in deferred tax assets during the year are as follows:

14. 遞延税項

遞延税項資產於年內變動如下:

Deferred tax assets

遞延税項資產

		Impairment losses 減值虧損 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Tax losses 税項虧損 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Accruals 應計費用 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Deferred tax assets as at 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日的 遞延税項資產	85	5	576	666
Deferred tax credited/(charged) to the statement of profit or loss during the year (note 10)	年內計入/(扣除自)損益表 的遞延税項(附註10)	168	(5)	(263)	(100)
Deferred tax assets as at 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日 及二零二一年一月一日的				
and I January 2021	遞延税項資產	253	-	313	566
Deferred tax credited/(charged) to the statement of profit or loss during the year (note 10)	年內計入/(扣除自)損益表 的遞延税項(附註10)	(106)	-	339	233
Deferred tax assets as at 31 December 2021	於二零二一年				
	十二月三十一日 的遞延税項資產	147	-	652	799

Deferred tax liability

遞延税項負債

taxes 預扣税 RMB'000 人民幣千元
-
590
590 -

Withholding

		人民幣千元
Gross deferred tax liability at 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日的 遞延税項負債總額	_
Deferred tax charged to the statement of profit or loss during the year (note 10)	年內於損益表扣除的遞延税項(附註10)	590
Gross deferred tax liability at 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	於二零二零年十二月三十一日 及二零二一年一月一日的 遞延税項負債總額	590
Deferred tax charged to the statement of profit or loss during the year (note 10)	年內於損益表扣除的遞延税項(附註10)	_
Gross deferred tax liability at 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日的 遞延税項負債總額	590

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日

14. DEFERRED TAX (Cont'd)

Deferred tax liability (Cont'd)

The Group has tax losses arising in Hong Kong of RMB496,000 (2020: 542,000) that are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these losses as they have arisen in subsidiaries that have been loss-making for some time and it is not considered probable that taxable profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised.

Pursuant to the PRC Corporate Income Tax Law, a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in Mainland China. The requirement is effective from I January 2008 and applies to earnings after I January 2008. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty between China and the jurisdiction of the foreign investors. For the Group, the applicable rate is 10%. The Group is therefore liable to withholding taxes on dividends distributed by those subsidiaries established in Mainland China in respect of earnings generated from I January 2008.

The Board distributed certain dividends to overseas holding companies from the distributable profit earned by Xingye IOT Management in Mainland China from I January 2020 to 31 December 2020. Therefore, the Group is liable for withholding taxes on dividends distributed by Xingye IOT Management established in Mainland China in respect of earnings from I January 2020 to 31 December 2020 and a deferred tax liability amounting to RMB590,000 was recognised regarding the withholding taxes as at 31 December 2020.

14. 遞延税項(續)

搋延税項負債(續)

本集團於香港產生之稅項虧損為人 民幣496,000元(二零二零年:人民 幣542,000元),可供無限期抵銷該 等產生虧損之公司日後應課稅溢 利。由於遞延稅項資產來自虧損多 時之附屬公司,故此並無就該等虧 損確認遞延稅項資產,而本公司認 為可能沒有可予動用之應課稅溢利 以抵銷可予動用之稅項虧損。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



14. DEFERRED TAX (Cont'd)

Deferred tax liability (Cont'd)

For the year ended 31 December 2021, no additional deferred tax liability has been recognised for withholding taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings in 2021 that are subject to withholding taxes of the Group's subsidiaries in Mainland China. In the opinion of the directors, it is not probable that these subsidiaries will distribute such earnings for the year ended 31 December 2021 in the foreseeable future.

The aggregate amount of temporary differences associated with the investment in the subsidiary in Mainland China for which deferred tax liabilities have not been recognised totalled approximately RMB129,860,000 as at 31 December 2021 (2020: RMB72,268,000).

There are no income tax consequences attaching to the payment of dividends by the Company to its shareholders.

14. 遞延税項(續)

遞延税項負債(續)

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,並無就本集團在中國內地的附屬公司須繳納預扣税的未匯出盈利而應予繳付的預扣税確認任何額外遞延税項負債。董事認為,截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,該等附屬公司於可預見將來不大可能會分派有關盈利。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,與 尚未確認遞延税項負債的於中國內 地附屬公司的投資有關的臨時差額 總額約為人民幣129,860,000元(二 零二零年:人民幣72,268,000元)。

本公司向其股東派付之股息概無附 帶任何所得稅後果。

別**新報衣門** 註 31 December 2021

二零二一年十二月三十一日

15. LEASES

The Group as a lessee

The Group has lease contracts of buildings used in its operations. Leases of buildings have lease terms between 5 and 10 years. Generally, the Group is restricted from assigning and subleasing the leased assets outside the Group, and there is no lease contract that include extension and termination options and variable lease payment.

(a) Right-of-use assets

The carrying amount of the Group's right-of-use assets and the movements during the year are as follows:

15. 租賃

本集團作為承租人

本集團擁有經營中使用的建築物的租賃合約。樓宇租賃的租期為5至10年。一般而言,本集團被限制於本集團之外轉讓及轉租租賃資產,並且並無包括延期及終止選擇以及可變租賃付款的租賃合約。

(a) 使用權資產

以下載列本集團於年內的使用 權資產以及有關變動:

Buildings

樓宇

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
As at 1 January	於一月一日	4,201	2,676
Additions	添置	-	1,894
Depreciation charge	折舊費用	(464)	(369)
As at 31 December	於十二月三十一日	3,737	4,201

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



15. LEASES (Cont'd)

The Group as a lessee (Cont'd)

(b) Lease liabilities

The carrying amount of lease liabilities and the movements during the year are as follows:

I5. 租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(b) 租賃負債

以下載列本集團於年內租賃負 債的賬面值及變動:

Buildings

樓宇

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Carrying amount at January	於一月一日的賬面值	5,096	4,054
New leases	新租賃	_	1,894
Accretion of interest recognised	年內確認的利息增長		
during the year		205	174
Amount settled through a debt transfer	透過債務轉讓協議結清的		
agreement (note 30(b))	金額(附註30(b))	(197)	(1,026)
Carrying amount at 31 December	於十二月三十一日的賬面值	5,104	5,096
Analysis dinto:			
Analysed into:		1.514	1.104
Current portion	即期部分	1,514	1,104
Non-current portion	非即期部分	3,590	3,992

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities is disclosed in note 30 to the financial statements.

During the year, the Group do not entered into lease contracts of buildings with a related party (2020: RMB1,894,000). Included in lease liabilities are amounts due to a related party after the debt transfer (note 30(b)) of RMB4,811,000 as at 31 December 2021 (2020: RMB4,803,000).

租賃負債的到期分析披露於財 務報表附註30。

年內,本集團與關聯方並無訂立樓宇租賃合約(二零二零年:人民幣I,894,000元)。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,租賃負債包括轉讓債務後(附註30(b))應付一名關聯方款項人民幣4,811,000元(二零二零年:人民幣4,803,000元)。

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註 31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



15. LEASES (Cont'd)

The Group as a lessee (Cont'd)

(c) The amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to leases are as follows:

I5. 租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(c) 就租賃於損益確認的金額如 下:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Interest expense on lease liabilities	租賃負債的利息開支	205	174
Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets	使用權資產的折舊費用	464	369
Total amount recognised in profit or loss	於損益確認的總額	669	543

16. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSET

16. 其他無形資產

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
Patents and licences	專利及許可	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Carrying amount at 1 January	於一月一日的賬面值	302	_
Additions	添置	-	377
Amortisation provided during the year	年內攤銷撥備	(302)	(75)
Carrying amount at 31 December	於十二月三十一日的賬面值	-	302
Cost	成本	_	377
Accumulated amortisation	累計攤銷	-	(75)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	-	302

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group decided to write off the patents and licences with a net carrying amount of RMB302,000 due to the relevant business is not planned to operate. 截至2021年12月31日止年度,由於相關業務不再計劃營運,本集團決定撇銷賬面淨值為人民幣302,000元的專利及許可。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



17. TRADE RECEIVABLES

17. 貿易應收款項

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	40,587	38,845
Impairment	減值	(542)	(451)
		40,045	38,394

The Group's trading terms for rendering property management and value-added services with its customers are mainly payment in advance. The trading terms for property engineering services, club house services, including catering and ancillary services are mainly on credit and the credit period is generally within 30 days. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables and to minimise credit risk. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management. In view of the fact that the Group's trade receivables relate to a large number of diversified customers, there is no significant concentration of credit risk. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over its trade receivable balances. Trade receivables are non-interest-bearing.

Included in trade receivables are amounts due from related parties of RMB31,394,000 as at 31 December 2021 (2020: RMB34,426,000).

The carrying amount of trade receivables approximates to their fair value.

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,貿易應收款項包括應收關聯方款項人 民幣31,394,000元(二零二零年:人 民幣34,426,000元)。

貿易應收款項的賬面值與其公平值 相若。



31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日

17. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Cont'd)

An ageing analysis of the trade receivables as at the end of each reporting period, based on the invoice date and net of loss allowance, is as follows:

17. 貿易應收款項(續)

於各報告期末,貿易應收款項基於 發票日期及扣除虧損撥備的賬齡分 析如下:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Within I year	年內	38,170	37,452
I to 2 years	I至2年	1,277	942
2 to 3 years	2至3年	598	
		40.04	20.204
		40,045	38,394

The movements in the loss allowance for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

貿易應收款項減值虧損撥備變動如 下:

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
At beginning of year Impairment losses, net		45 I 9 I	229
At end of year	於年末	542	451

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure expected credit losses. The provision rates are based on ageing for groupings of various customer segments with similar loss patterns (i.e., by customer type and rating). The calculation reflects the probability-weighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

於各報告日期採用撥備矩陣進行減值分析,以計量預期信貸虧損。撥備率乃基於具有類似虧損模式(即按客戶類型及評級)的各個客戶群分部賬齡而釐定。計算反映概率加權結果、貨幣時間價值及於報告日期可獲得關於過往事件、當前狀況及未來經濟狀況預測的合理及有據資料。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



17. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Cont'd)

Throughout the year, management kept monitoring the recoverability of trade receivables. Since the actual loss rate for trade receivables and the adjustments for forward-looking factors did not have significant changes during the year, management kept the same expected credit loss rate during the year. If there is an indicator for a significant change in credit risk, management would reassess and revise the expected credit loss rate where appropriate during such year ended.

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Group's trade receivables using a provision matrix:

17. 貿易應收款項(續)

於整個年度,管理層一直監督貿易應收款項的可收回性,由於年內貿易應收款項的實際虧損率及前瞻性因素的調整並無重大變化,管理層於年內保持相同的預期信貸虧損率。倘有跡象表明信貸風險發生重大變化,管理層將於有關期間適時重新評估並修訂預期信貸虧損率。

有關本集團採用撥備矩陣計量的貿 易應收款項的信貸風險敞口資料載 列如下:

As at 31 December 2021

於二零二一年十二月三十一日

			Ageing 賬齡		
		Within I year I 年內	I to 2 years	2 to 3 years 2至3年	Total 總計
			Ⅰ至2年		
Expected credit loss rate	預期信貸虧損率	2%	5%	10%	2%
Gross carrying amount due from	應收獨立第三方總賬面值				
independent third parties (RMB'000)	(人民幣千元)	8,721	398	74	9,193
Expected credit losses (RMB'000)	預期信貸虧損(人民幣千元)	174	20	7	201
Expected credit loss rate	預期信貸虧損率	1%	2%	4%	1.09%
Gross carrying amount due from related	應收關聯方總賬面值				
parties (RMB'000)	(人民幣千元)	29,923	917	554	31,394
Expected credit losses (RMB'000)	預期信貸虧損(人民幣千元)	300	18	23	341
Total expected credit losses (RMB'000)	預期信貸虧損總額(人民幣千元)	474	38	30	542

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

財務報表附註

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日

17. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Cont'd)

As at 31 December 2020

17. 貿易應收款項(續)

於二零二零年十二月三十一日

			Ageing 賬齡		
		Within I year I 年內	I to 2 years I至2年	2 to 3 years 2至3年	Total 總計
Expected credit loss rate	預期信貸虧損率	2%	5%	10%	2.29%
Gross carrying amount due from	應收獨立第三方總賬面值				
independent third parties (RMB'000)	(人民幣千元)	3,999	420	_	4,419
Expected credit losses (RMB'000)	預期信貸虧損(人民幣千元)	80	21	_	101
Expected credit loss rate	預期信貸虧損率	1%	2%	4%	1.02%
Gross carrying amount due from related	應收關聯方總賬面值				
parties (RMB'000)	(人民幣千元)	33,872	554	-	34,426
Expected credit losses (RMB'000)	預期信貸虧損(人民幣千元)	339	- 11	_	350
Total expected credit losses (RMB'000)	預期信貸虧損總額(人民幣千元)	419	32	-	451

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



18. PREPAYMENTS, OTHER RECEIVABLES AND OTHER ASSETS

18. 預付款項、其他應收款項及 其他資產

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Prepayments	預付款項	3,099	1,185
Deposits	按金	364	658
Other receivables	其他應收款項	9,269	1,242
Value-added tax recoverable	可收回增值税	2,058	1,826
		14,790	4,911

The carrying amounts of financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets approximate to their fair values. None of the above assets is either past due or impaired. As at the end of each reporting period, deposits and other receivables were classified within stage I and no impairment was provided for. The financial assets included in the above balances relate to receivables for which there was no recent history of default.

計入預付款項、其他應收款項及其 他資產的金融資產賬面值與其公平 值相若。上述資產既無逾期亦無減 值。於各報告期末,按金及其他應 收款項歸類於第1階段及並無計提 減值撥備。計入上述結餘的金融資 產與並無近期違約記錄的應收款項 有關。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日

19. CONTRACT ASSETS

19. 合約資產

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Contract assets arising from provision of	提供物業工程服務所產生的		
property engineering services	合約資產	22,175	10,749
Impairment	減值	(222)	(107)
		21,953	10,642

Contract assets are initially recognised for revenue earned from property engineering services as the receipt of consideration is conditional on certain milestones or successful completion of construction. Upon the milestones or completion of construction and acceptance by the customer, the amounts recognised as contract assets are reclassified to trade receivables. The Group's trading terms and credit policy with customers are disclosed in note 17 to the financial statements. The increase in contract assets during the reporting period was mainly due to the property engineering services have not obtained receipt on certain milestones or successful completion of construction.

Included in contract assets are amounts due from related parties of RMB22,175,000 as at 31 December 2021 (2020: RMB10,749,000).

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,合 約資產為應收關聯方款項人民幣 22,175,000元(二零二零年:人民幣 10,749,000元)。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



19. CONTRACT ASSETS (Cont'd)

The expected timing of recovery or settlement for contract assets as at 31 December is as follows:

19. 合約資產(續)

於十二月三十一日收回或結清合約 資產的預期時間如下:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Within one year	一年內	20,855	10,110
After one year	一年後	1,098	532
Total contract assets	合約資產總值	21,953	10,642

The movements in the loss allowance for impairment of contract assets are as follows:

合約資產減值的虧損撥備變動如 下:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At beginning of year	於年初	107	115
Impairment losses, net	減值虧損,淨額	115	(8)
At end of year	於年末	222	107

Impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure expected credit losses. The provision rates for the measurement of the expected credit losses of the contract assets are based on those of the trade receivables as the contract assets and the trade receivables are from the same customer bases. The provision rates of contract assets are based on ageing of contract assets for groupings of various customer segments with similar loss patterns (i.e., by customer type and rating). The calculation reflects the probability-weighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日

19. CONTRACT ASSETS (Cont'd)

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Group's contract assets using a provision matrix:

19. 合約資產(續)

有關本集團採用撥備矩陣計量的合 約資產的信貸風險敞口資料載列如 下:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
Expected credit loss rate	預期信貸虧損率	1%	1%
Gross carrying amount (RMB'000)	總賬面值(人民幣千元)	22,175	10,749
Expected credit losses (RMB'000)	預期信貸虧損(人民幣千元)	222	107

Included in carrying amounts of contract assets as stated above is retention money of RMB1,098,000 as at 31 December 2021 (2020: RMB532,000). The retention money is to be settled after one year at the end of each reporting date.

Retention money is unsecured and interest-free and represented the monies withheld by customers of contract works fully recoverable within 2 years (i.e., the warranty period) from the date of completion of respective property engineering services in accordance with the terms specified in the relevant contracts. Upon satisfactory completion of the whole project as set out in the contract, the customers will issue a completion certificate. Generally, two years after the issuance of the completion certificate, the whole retention money of such project will be released to the Group. This amount of retention money is included in contract assets until the end of the warranty period as the Group's entitlement to this final payment is conditional on completion of the warranty period. The Group is responsible, at its own costs, for remedial works that may arise from defective works or materials used. The warranty period serves as an assurance that the construction services performed comply with agreed-upon specifications and such assurance cannot be purchased separately. The Group classifies these contract assets as current because the Group expects to realise them in its normal operating cycle. The retention money does not have any significant financing component for a financing benefit.

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,上述合約資產的賬面值包括保固金人民幣1,098,000元(二零二零年:人民幣532,000元)。保固金將於各報告期末一年後結算。

保固金為無抵押及免息,指合約工 程客戶所扣留的款項,其可於相關 物業工程服務完成之日起兩年(即 保修期)內按照有關合約訂明的條款 悉數收回。於合約所載整個項目以 令人滿意的方式完工後,客戶將發 出完工證明。一般而言,完工證明 發出後的兩年,有關項目的全部保 固金將退還本集團。該保固金計入 合約資產,直至保修期結束,原因 為本集團收取該最後付款的權利以 保修期的完結為條件。本集團對有 缺陷的工程或使用的材料可能引起 的補救工程負責,費用由本集團自 行承擔。保修期是保證進行的建築 服務符合約定的規格及該保證不可 單獨購買。本集團將該等合約資產 分類為流動資產,原因是本集團預 期於其正常經營週期內將其變現。 保固金並不包含任何為獲取融資利 益的重大融資成分。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



20. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED/PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS

20. 現金及現金等價物以及受限/受押銀行存款

		2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	399,232	269,166
Time deposits	定期存款	50,000	100,000
		449,232	369,166
Less: Restricted and pledged bank deposits	減:受限及受押銀行存款		
Guarantee deposits	擔保存款	(100)	_
Pledged deposits	受押存款	(50,000)	
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	399,132	369,166
Denominated in:	計值為:		
RMB	人民幣	444,981	359,306
USD	美元	24	22
HK\$	港元	4,227	9,838
		449,232	369,166

The RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

人民幣不得自由兑換為其他貨幣, 但根據中國內地《外匯管理條例》及 《結匯、售匯及付匯管理規定》,本 集團可通過獲授權進行外匯業務的 銀行將人民幣兑換為其他貨幣。

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

財務報表附註

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日

20. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED/PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS (Cont'd)

At 31 December 2021, One of the Company's subsidiary in the PRC has pledged bank deposits amounting to RMB50,000,000 (2020: Nil) to guarantee the bills acceptance granted by a bank under a bills acceptance agreement ("Bills Acceptance Agreement") to a related party which is a member of Zensun Development Group and controlled by Ms. Zhang, the non-executive director of the Company. In March 2022, such pledge was terminated between the Company's subsidiary and the bank and all pledged bank deposits amounting to RMB50,000,000 was released from the financial guarantee provided by the Group for the indebtedness of the related party (refer to Note 35).

Cash at banks and districted bank deposits earn interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. The bank balances are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default and no expected credit loss was expected to incur.

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents approximate to their fair values.

20. 現金及現金等價物以及受限/受押銀行存款(續)

銀行存款及受限銀行存款按基於銀 行存款日利率計算的浮動利率賺取 利息。銀行結餘乃存置於近期並無 違約記錄且信譽可靠的銀行,故預 計不會產生預期信貸虧損。

現金及現金等價物的賬面值與其公平值相若。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



21. TRADE PAYABLES

An ageing analysis of the trade payables as at the end of each reporting period, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

21. 貿易應付款項

於各報告期末,貿易應付款項基於 發票日期的賬齡分析如下:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Within I year	I 年內	21,939	22,921
Over I year	超過1年	567	2,361
		22,506	25,282

The trade payables are non-interest-bearing and are normally settled in less than three months. The carrying amounts of trade payables approximate to their fair values.

貿易應付款項不計息且一般於三個 月內結清。貿易應付款項的賬面值 與其公平值相若。

22. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

22. 其他應付款項及應計費用

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Payroll payables	應付工資	7,814	5,903
Tax payables other than income tax	應付税項(所得税除外)	8,058	6,014
Amounts due to related parties	應付關聯方款項	1,825	1,489
Deposits	按金	9,667	8,038
Listing expenses	上市開支	-	1,727
Other payables	其他應付款項	27,788	12,485
		FF 152	25.757
		55,152	35,656

The amounts due to related parties were non-trade in nature, non-interest-bearing and repayable on demand.

The carrying amounts of financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals approximate to their fair values.

應付關聯方款項為非貿易性質、不計息及須按要求償還。

計入其他應付款項及應計費用的金融負債的賬面值與其公平值相若。

二零二一年十二月三十一日

23. CONTRACT LIABILITIES

23. 合約負債

		2021 二零二一年 RMB'000	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Advanced receipts for property management	物業管理及增值服務預收款項		
and value-added services		74,040	40,235

Included in contract liabilities are amounts due to related parties of RMB4,005,000 as at 31 December 2021 (2020: RMB2,203,000). The increase in contract liabilities during the reporting period was mainly due to the increase in the number of properties under management by the Group.

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,計入合約負債的應付關聯方款項為人民幣4,005,000元(二零二零年:人民幣2,203,000元)。合約負債於報告期增加主要由於本集團在管物業數目增加所致。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



24. PROVISIONS

24. 撥備

		Assurance-type
		warranties
		保證型擔保
		RMB'000
		人民幣千元
At I January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	55
Arising during the year	年內產生	2,030
As at 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	
	及二零二一年一月一日	2,085
Arising during the year	年內產生	1,010
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	3,095
	<u> </u>	

		2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Analysed into:			
Current	即期	1,238	834
Non-current	非即期	1,857	1,251

The above provision is recognised for expected warranty claims on services provided during the year, based on estimation of management. It is expected that these costs will be incurred in the next one to two years. Assumptions used to calculate the provision for warranties were based on current sales levels and current information available about repairs based on the warranty period for the services provided.

上述撥備乃根據管理層的估計,就 年內提供的服務的預期保修申索確 認。預期該等成本將於未來一至兩 年內產生。用於計算保修撥備的假 設乃基於當前銷售水平及當前可獲 得的有關維修(基於提供服務的保 修期)的資料。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日

25. SHARE CAPITAL

Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each

25. 股本

每股面值0.01港元之普通股

		Number of shares 股份數目	Nominal value 面值 HK\$'000 千港元	Equivalent nominal value 等價面值 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Authorised:	法定:			
At I January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	38,000,000	380	340
Increase in authorised ordinary shares	法定普通股增加	9,962,000,000	99,620	89,518
At 31 December 2020, 1 January 2021 and 31 December 2021	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日、			
	二零二一年一月一日及 二零二一年十二月三十一日	10,000,000,000	100,000	89,858

		2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Issued and fully paid: 400,000,000 (2020: 400,000,000) ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each	已發行並繳足: 400,000,000股(二零二零年: 400,000,000股) 每股面值0.01港元之普通股	3,572	3,572

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



25. SHARE CAPITAL (Cont'd)

Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each (Cont'd)

A summary of movements in the Company's share capital is as follows:

25. 股本(續)

每股面值0.01港元之普通股 (續)

本公司股本變動概述如下:

		Notes 附註	Number of shares 股份數目	Nominal value 面值 HK\$'000 千港元	Amount 面值 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At I January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日		10,000	_	_
Capitalisation Issue	資本化發行	(i)	299,990,000	3,000	2,675
Issue of new shares upon	首次公開發售發行新股	(ii)			
initial public offering			100,000,000	1,000	897
At 31 December 2020, 1 January 2021 and 31 December 2021	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日、 二零二一年一月一日及				
	二零二一年十二月三十一日		400,000,000	4,000	3,572

- (i) Pursuant to a written resolution of the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") passed on 7 February 2020, a total of 299,990,000 shares of HK\$0.01 each were allotted and issued at par value to the Shareholders as of the date immediately before the Listing Date on a pro rata basis by way of capitalisation of HK\$2,999,900 (the "Capitalisation Issue") from the Company's share premium account on the Listing Date.
- (ii) On the Listing Date, 100,000,000 new shares were issued at a price of HK\$1.99 per share in connection with the Company's initial public offering on the Stock Exchange.

All the shares issued during the year rank pari passu with other shares in issue in all respects.

- (i) 據本公司股東(「股東」)於二零 二零年二月七日通過的書面決議 案,於緊接上市日期前當日,本 公司透過於上市日期將本公司股 份溢價賬資本化2,999,900港元, 按比例向股東配發及發行合共 299,990,000股每股面值0.01港元的 股份(「資本化發行」)。
- (ii) 於上市日期,本公司就本公司 於聯交所首次公開發售發行 100,000,000股新股份,發行價為 每股1,99港元。

於年內發行的所有股份均與其他已 發行股份在所有方面享有同等地位。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日

26. RESERVES

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

(i) Share premium

The share premium of the Group represents the difference between capital injection and the share capital paid by the shareholders.

(ii) Merger reserve and capital reserve

The merger reserve and capital reserve of the Group represent those reserves arose from the reorganisation for the purpose of listing on the Stock Exchange.

(iii) Statutory surplus reserve

In accordance with the PRC Company Law and the articles of association of the subsidiaries established in the PRC, each of these entities is required to appropriate 10% of its net profits after tax, as determined under the Chinese Accounting Standards, to the statutory surplus reserves until the reserve balance reaches 50% of its registered capital. Subject to certain restrictions set out in the relevant PRC regulations and in the articles of association of the entities, the statutory surplus reserves may be used either to offset losses, or to be converted to increase share capital provided that the balance after such conversion is not less than 25% of the registered capital of the Group. The reserves cannot be used for purposes other than those for which it is created and is not distributable as cash dividends.

(iv) Other reserve

Other reserve of the Group represents those reserves arising from the share-based payment in prior years.

26. 儲備

本集團的儲備金額以及其於本年及 過往年度的變動於綜合權益變動表 呈列。

(i) 股份溢價

本集團的股份溢價為注資與股 東已付股本之間的差額。

(ii) 合併儲備及資本儲備

本集團的合併儲備及資本儲備 指為在聯交所上市而進行重組 所產生的儲備。

(iii) 法定盈餘儲備

(iv) 其他儲備

本集團其他儲備為於過往年度 以股份支付的儲備。

3 | December 202 | 二零二一年十二月三十一日



27. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(a) Major non-cash transactions

During the year, the Group had non-cash additions to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities of nil (2020: RMB1,894,000) and nil (2020: RMB1,894,000), respectively, in respect of lease arrangements for buildings.

的非現

27. 綜合現金流量表附註

(a) 主要非現金交易

年內,本集團與樓宇租賃安排 有關的使用權資產及租賃負債 的非現金添置分別為零(二零 二零年:人民幣1,894,000元) 及零(二零二零年:人民幣 1,894,000元)。

(b) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

(b) 融資活動產生的負債變動

		Lease
		liabilities
		租賃負債
		RMB'000
		人民幣千元
At I January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	5,096
Changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量產生的變動	-
New leases	新租賃	-
Interest expenses	利息開支	205
Amount settled through a debt transfer agreement	通過債務轉讓協議結算的金額	(197)
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	5,104

		Lease
		liabilities
		租賃負債
		RMB'000
		人民幣千元
At I January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	4,054
Changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量產生的變動	_
New leases	新租賃	1,894
Interest expenses	利息開支	174
Amount settled through a debt transfer agreement	通過債務轉讓協議結算的金額	(1,026)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	5,096

31 December 2021

二零二一年十二月三十一日

27. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Cont'd)

(c) Total cash outflow for leases

The total cash outflow for leases included in the statement of cash flows is as follows:

27. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

(c) 租賃現金流出總額

計入現金流量表的和賃現金流 出總額如下:

2021	20
二零二一年	二零二零
RMB'000	RMB'C
人民幣千元	人民幣千

Within operating and financing activities

在運營及融資活動中

28. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

Details of the Group's assets pledged for the related party's indebtedness are included in notes 20 to the financial statements.

29. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2021, one of the Company's subsidiaries in the PRC had pledged bank deposits amounting to RMB50,000,000 to guarantee the bills acceptance granted by a bank under the Bills Acceptance Agreement to a related party which is a member of Zensun Development Group and controlled by Ms. Zhang, the non-executive director of the Company. In March 2022, such pledge was terminated between the Company's subsidiary and the bank and all pledged bank deposits amounting to RMB50,000,000 was released from the financial guarantee provided by the Group for indebtedness of the related party (refer to Note 35). The Board consider that the possibility of default in payment regarding the indebtedness of the related party is remote as the above pledge was terminated between the Company's subsidiary and the bank and all pledged bank deposits was released from the financial guarantee provided for the indebtedness of the related party before the date of this annual report, and therefore, no provision has been made in the consolidated financial statements for the contingent liability associated with the financial guarantee provided by the Group to guarantee the bills acceptance granted by the bank to the related party.

28. 資產質押

有關本集團就關聯方債務質押的資 產詳情載於財務報表附註20。

29. 或有負債

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本 公司在中國的附屬公司有受押銀行 存款為人民幣50,000,000元作為一間 銀行根據承兑票據協議(「承兑票據 協議」)向關聯方(為正商發展集團 的成員公司且受本公司非執行董事 張女士控制)授出的承兑票據提供 的擔保。於二零二二年三月,本公 司附屬公司已與銀行終止此抵押, 且人民幣50,000,000元之受押銀行存 款已悉數從本集團對關聯方債務提 供的財務擔保中解除(請參閱附註 35)。董事會認為,由於在本年報日 期之前,本公司附屬公司已與銀行 終止有關抵押,且所有受押銀行存 款已悉數從對關聯方債務的財務擔 保中解除,就關聯方發生債務付款 違約可能性為低,故概無於綜合財 務報表內就與本集團就一間銀行向 關聯方授出的承兑票據提供的財務 擔保有關的或有負債作出撥備。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



30. COMMITMENTS

The Group had no significant commitments as at the end of each reporting period.

31. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) In addition to the transactions detailed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with related parties during the year:

30. 承擔

本集團於各報告期末並無重大承擔。

31. 關聯方交易

(a) 除此等財務報表其他部分 所詳述的交易外,於年 內,本集團與關聯方有以 下交易:

			2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		Notes 附註	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Sales of services or products: Property management and value-added services rendered to	銷售服務或產品: 向關聯方提供物業管理 及增值服務			
related parties Property engineering services	向關聯方提供物業 工程服務	(i) (ii)	42,027 45,722	26,766 45,688
rendered to related parties Others	其他	(i) (ii)	2,552	1,414
			90,301	73,868

31 December 2021

二零二一年十二月三十一日

31. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Cont'd)

(a) In addition to the transactions detailed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with related parties during the year: (Cont'd)

Notes:

- (i) The sales of services rendered to the related parties were based on agreements mutually agreed by both parties.
- (ii) The Group was engaged in the provision of property management and value-added services and property engineering services to Ever Diamond Group, Zensun Enterprises Group and Zensun Development Group.

Ever Diamond Global Company Limited and Zensun Enterprises Limited are ultimately owned as to 100% and 71.99% by a discretionary trust established by Ms. Huang as settlor and protector as at the date of this report. As Ms. Huang is the mother of Ms. Zhang, the non-executive director of the Company, both Zensun Enterprises Group and Ever Diamond Group are connected entities of Ms. Zhang. Additionally, the Zensun Development Group are entities controlled by Ms. Zhang.

The related party transactions in respect of property management and value-added services and property engineering services rendered to related parties above also constitute continued connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

All of the transactions above were carried out in the normal course of the Group's business and on terms as agreed between the transaction parties.

31. 關聯方交易(續)

(a) 除此等財務報表其他部分 所詳述的交易外,於年 內,本集團與關聯方有以 下交易:(續)

附註:

- 向關聯方銷售服務按雙方 (i) 共同議定的協議進行。
- 本集團獲委聘向永鑽集 (ii) 團、正商實業集團和正商 發展集團提供物業管理、 增值服務和物業工程服 務。

於本報告日期,黃女十作 為財產授予人及保護人設 立的全權信託最終分別持 有永鑽環球有限公司和正 商實業有限公司100%和 71.99%的股權。由於黃女 士為本公司非執行董事張 女士的母親,因此,正商 實業集團和永鑽集團均為 張女士的關連實體。此 外,正商發展集團為張女 士控制的實體。

上述與向關聯方提供物業管 理、增值服務和物業工程服務 有關的關聯方交易亦構成持續 關連交易(定義見上市規則第 I4A章)。

上述所有交易均於本集團的正 常業務過程中按交易方之間約 定的條款展開。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



31. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Cont'd)

(b) Outstanding balances with related parties

During the year ended 31 December 2021, Xingye IOT Management, a subsidiary of the Company, signed a debt transfer agreement with certain related parties to transfer the receivable collection rights due from those related parties to Henan Zensun Real Estate Co., Ltd., another related party of the Group. After the completion of the transfer, Xingye IOT Management will settle the receivables and payables with Henan Zensun Real Estate Co., Ltd. on the net basis after offsetting.

Details of the Group's outstanding balances of trade receivables, contract assets, other payables, contract liabilities and lease liabilities and amounts with related parties are disclosed in notes 17, 19, 22, 23 and 15 to the financial statements, respectively.

The trade receivables, contract assets, other payables, contract liabilities and lease liabilities and amounts with related parties due from/to related parties are unsecured and interest free.

(c) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group

Further details of directors' emoluments are included in note 8 to the financial statements.

31. 關聯方交易(續)

(b) 與關聯方的未清償結餘

本集團與關聯方貿易應收款項、合約資產、其他應付款項、合約負債、租賃負債及關聯方款項的未清償結餘詳情分別於財務報表附註17、19、22、23及15披露。

貿易應收款項、合約資產、其 他應付款項、合約負債、租賃 負債及應收/應付關聯方的關 聯方款項均為無抵押及免息。

(c) 本集團主要管理人員薪酬

		20	21	2020
		二零二-	-年	二零二零年
		RMB'(000	RMB'000
		人民幣刊	元	人民幣千元
Short term employee benefits	短期僱員福利	1,6	507	1,443
Post-employment benefits	離職後福利	1	32	70
		1.7	739	1.513

董事酬金的進一步詳情載於財 務報表附註8。

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日

32. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of each reporting period are as follows:

33. 按類別劃分的金融工具

金融資產

於各報告期末,各金融工具類別的 賬面值如下:

Financial assets

	2021	2020
	二零二一年	二零二零年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Financial assets at amortised cost: 按攤銷成本列賬的]金融資產: 人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Trade receivables 貿易應收款項	40,045	38,394
Financial assets included in prepayments, 計入預付款項、其	他應收款項	
other receivables and other assets 及其他資產的金	融資產 9,633	1,900
Restricted and pledged bank deposits 受限及受押銀行存	款 50,100	_
Cash and cash equivalents 現金及現金等價物	399,132	369,166
	498,910	409,460

Financial liabilities 金融負債

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
Financial liabilities at amortised cost:	按攤銷成本列賬的金融負債:	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	22,506	25,282
Financial liabilities included in other	計入其他應付款項及應計費用		
payables and accruals	的金融負債	39,280	23,739
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	5,104	5,096
		66,890	54,117

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



33. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Management has assessed that the fair values of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, trade payables, financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets and financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments as at 31 December 2021 and 2020.

The Group's finance department headed by the finance manager is responsible for determining the policies and procedures for the fair value measurement of financial instruments. The finance manager reports directly to the chief financial officer and the audit committee. At each reporting date, the finance department analyses the movements in the values of financial instruments and determines the major inputs applied in the valuation. The valuation is reviewed and approved by the chief financial officer.

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise cash and cash equivalents. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the Group's operations. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as trade receivables and trade payables, which arise directly from its operations.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are credit risk and liquidity risk. The directors of the Company review and agree policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

33. 金融工具的公平值及公平值 層級

管理層已評估於二零二一年及二零 二零年十二月三十一日的現金及現金等價物、貿易應收款項、其他應付款項、其他應收 款項及其他資產的金融資產、計入 其他應付款項及應計費用的金融負 債的公平值與其賬面值相若,主要 由於該等工具的到期期限較短。

本集團的財務部由財務經理帶領, 負責釐定金融工具公平值計量的政 策及程序。財務經理直接向財務總 監及審核委員會匯報。於各報告日 期,財務部分析金融工具價值的變 動並決定應用於估值的主要輸入數 據。估值由財務總監審閱及批准。

金融資產及負債之公平值按自願訂 約方之間的當前交易(強迫或清盤 出售交易除外)中買賣該等工具的金 額入賬。

34. 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團的主要金融工具包括現金及 現金等價物。該等金融工具的主要 目的是為本集團的營運籌資。本集 團已具有多項直接自其營運產生的 其他金融資產及負債,如貿易應收 款項及貿易應付款項。

本集團的金融工具所產生的主要風 險為信貸風險及流動資金風險。本 公司董事就管理各項風險審閱及同 意的政策概述如下。

年報 2021 興業物聯服務集團有限公司

財務報表附註

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日

34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

Credit risk

The Group trades only with recognised and creditworthy third parties and related parties. It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis and the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant.

Maximum exposure and year-end staging

The tables below shows the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Group's credit policy, which is mainly based on ageing information unless other information is available without undue cost or effort, and year staging classification. The amounts presented are gross carrying amounts for financial assets.

31 December 2021

34. 財務風險管理目標及政策

(續)

信貸風險

本集團僅與認可及信譽良好的第三 方及相關方進行買賣。本集團的政 策為所有有意按信貸條款進行買賣 的客戶,須接受信貸審核程序。此 外,應收款項結餘持續受監管,而 本集團承受壞賬的風險並不重大。

最高風險及年末階段

下表顯示根據本集團信貸政策確定的信貸質素及最高風險,其主要以賬齡資料為基礎(除非其他資料無須付出過度成本或努力即可獲得,則作別論),以及年末階段分類。所呈列金額為金融資產的賬面總額。

二零二一年十二月三十一日

		I2-month ECLs I2個月預期 信貸虧損	Lifetime ECLs 全期預期信貸虧損		Simplified		
		Stage I 第1階段 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Stage 2 第2階段 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Stage 3 第3階段 RMB'000 人民幣千元	approach 簡化方法 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Trade receivables* Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets	貿易應收款項* 計入預付款項、其他 應收款項及其他資產的 金融資產	-	-	-	40,587	40,587	
- Normal** Contract assets* Restricted and pledged bank deposits	一正常** 合約資產* 受限及受押銀行存款	9,633	-	-	- 22,175	9,633 22,175	
Not yet past dueCash and cash equivalentsNot yet past due	一尚未逾期 現金及現金等價物 一尚未逾期	50,100 399,132 458,865	-	-	62,762	50,100 399,132 521,627	

31 December 2021

二零二一年十二月三十一日



34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

Maximum exposure and year-end staging (Cont'd)

31 December 2020

34. 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

最高風險及年末階段(續) 二零二零年十二月三十一日

		12-month ECLs	Lifetim	e ECLs		
		12個月預期 信貸虧損	△ 批新期	信貸虧損		
		一	土州识别	信具虧供 —————	Simplified	
		Stage I	Stage 2	Stage 3	approach	Total
		第 階段	第2階段	第3階段	簡化方法	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Trade receivables*	貿易應收款項*	-	_	-	38,845	38,845
Financial assets included in	計入預付款項、其他					
prepayments, other receivables	應收款項及其他資產的					
and other assets	金融資產					
– Normal**	一正常**	1,900	_	_	_	1,900
Contract assets*	合約資產*	_	_	_	10,749	10,749
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物					
– Not yet past due	一尚未逾期	369,166	-	_	_	369,166
		371,066	-	-	49,594	420,660

- For trade receivables and contract assets to which the Group applies the simplified approach for impairment, information based on the provision matrix is disclosed in notes 17 and 19 to the financial statements, respectively.
- The credit quality of the financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets is considered to be "normal" when they are not past due and there is no information indicating that the financial assets had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. Otherwise, the credit quality of the financial assets is considered to be "doubtful".
- 對於本集團採用簡化減值方法的 貿易應收款項及合約資產而言, 基於撥備矩陣的資料分別於財務 報表附註17及19中披露。
- 倘計入預付款項、其他應收款項 及其他資產的金融資產並無逾期 且概無資料顯示此等金融資產的 信貸風險自初始確認以來大幅增 加,則此等金融資產的信貸質素 被視為「正常」。否則,此等金融 資產的信貸質素被視為「可疑」。

年報 2021 興業物聯服務集團有限公司

31 December 2021

二零二一年十二月三十一日

34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Cont'd)

Liquidity risk

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of each reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, is as follows:

34. 財務風險管理目標及政策

(續)

流動資金風險

於各報告期末,本集團金融負債基 於合約未貼現付款的到期情況如 下:

As at 31 December 2021

於二零二一年十二月三十一日

		On	Less than	I to 5	Over	
		demand	l year	years	5 years	Total
		按要求	少於Ⅰ年	Ⅰ至5年	超過5年	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	22,506	-	-	-	22,506
Financial liabilities included	計入其他應付款項					
in other payables and accruals	及應計費用的金融負債	39,280	-	-	-	39,280
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	-	1,703	3,119	1,276	6,098
		41 704	1 702	2 110	1 274	47 004
		61,786	1,703	3,119	1,276	67,884

As at 31 December 2020

於二零二零年十二月三十一日

		On	Less than	I to 5	Over	
		demand	l year	years	5 years	Total
		按要求		1至5年	超過5年	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	25,282	_	_	-	25,282
Financial liabilities included	計入其他應付款項					
in other payables and accruals	及應計費用的金融負債	23,739	-	-	-	23,739
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	-	1,326	2,959	1,891	6,176
		49,021	1,326	2,959	1,891	55,197

31 December 2021

二零二一年十二月三十一日



34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES **AND POLICIES** (Cont'd)

Capital management

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the reporting period.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is interest-bearing bank and other borrowings divided by total equity. As at the end of the reporting period, there were no interest-bearing bank and other borrowings. As such, no gearing ratio as at the end of the reporting date was presented.

35. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

In March 2022, the pledged bank deposits (refer to Note 20) was terminated between the Company's subsidiary and the bank and all pledged bank deposits amounting to RMB50,000,000 was released from the financial guarantee provided by the Group for the indebtedness of the related party.

34. 財務風險管理目標及政策

(續)

資本管理

本集團資本管理的首要目標為確保 本集團具備持續經營的能力,且維 持穩健的資本比率,以支持其業務 運作,爭取最大的股東價值。

本集團根據經濟情況的變動及相關 資產的風險特質,管理其資本結構 並作出調整。為維持或調整資本結 構,本集團可能調整向股東派發的 股息、向股東退還資本或發行新股 份。於報告期並無更改管理資本的 目標、政策或程序。

本集團以資產負債比率(即計息銀 行及其他借款除以權益總額)監察其 資本。於報告期末,並無計息銀行 及其他借款。因此,於報告期末並 無呈列任何資產負債比率。

35. 報告期後事項

於二零二二年三月,本公司附屬公 司已與銀行終止受押銀行存款(請 參閱附註20),且人民幣50,000,000 元之受押銀行存款已悉數從本集團 對關聯方債務提供的財務擔保中解 除。

年報 2021 興業物聯服務集團有限公司

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日

36. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

36. 本公司財務狀況表

Information about the statement of financial position of the Company at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

本公司於報告期末的財務狀況表有 關資料如下:

		2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
NON-CURRENT ASSET		八八市「九	八风市「儿
Investment in a subsidiary	於附屬公司的投資	321	330
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值	321	330
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產		
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	1,416	6,936
Due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	252,274	238,127
Total current assets	流動資產總值	253,690	245,063
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債		
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	20,846	2,720
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額	20,846	2,720
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值	232,844	242,343
Net assets	資產淨值	233,165	242,673
EQUITY	權益		
Share capital	雅加 股本	3,572	3.572
Reserves (note)	儲備(附註)	229,593	239,101
Total equity	權益總額	233,165	242,673

31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日



36. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (Cont'd)

36. 本公司財務狀況表(續)

Note:

附註:

A summary of the Company's reserves is as follows:

本公司之股本及儲備概要如下:

		Share capital 股本 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Share premium 股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Exchange reserve 匯兑儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Retained earnings 保留盈餘 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At I January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	-	89,755	(3)	(34)	89,718
Profit for the year	年內溢利	_	-	_	8,406	8,406
Other comprehensive loss for the year	年內其他全面虧損					
Currency translation differences	正 兑差額	-		(15,535)	_	(15,535)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年內全面虧損總額	_	_	(15,535)	8,406	(7,129)
Capitalisation Issue	資本化發行	2,675	(2,675)	-	_	-
Issue of shares	股份發行	897	177,591	_	_	178,488
Share issue expense	股份發行開支	_	(10,164)	_	_	(10,164)
Interim 2020 dividend	二零二零年中期股息	-	-	_	(8,240)	(8,240)
At 31 December 2020 and I January 2021 Loss for the year Other comprehensive loss for the year	於二零二零年十二月三十一日 及二零二一年一月一日 年內虧損 年內其他全面虧損	3,572 -	254,507 –	(15,538)	132 (2,995)	242,673 (2,995)
Currency translation differences	正	_	_	(6,513)	_	(6,513)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年內全面虧損總額	_		(6,513)	(2,995)	(9,508)
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	3,572	254,507	(22,051)	(2,863)	233,165

37. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 30 March 2022.

37. 批准刊發財務報表

財務報表於二零二二年三月三十日 獲董事會批准並授權刊發。

年報 2021 興業物聯服務集團有限公司



FINANCIAL SUMMARY 財務概要

CONSOLIDATED RESULTS

綜合業績

For the year ended 31 December

截至十二月三十一日止年度

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年	2018 二零一八年	2017 二零一七年
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
		人氏带干儿	人氏帝十九	人氏常干儿	人氏常干儿	八氏帝十九
Revenue	收益	281,660	213,188	184,122	131,046	76,068
Gross profit	毛利	93,806	86,739	78,652	62,291	38,206
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	72,769	60,720	46,904	45,458	26,343
Income tax expense	所得税開支	(18,241)	(17,217)	(11,731)	(11,238)	(7,064)
Profit for the year	年內溢利	54,528	43,503	35,173	34,220	19,279
Attributable to:	以下應佔:					
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人	54,528	43,503	35,173	34,220	19,279

CONSOLIDATED ASSETS, EQUITY AND LIABILITIES

綜合資產、權益及負債

As at 31 December

於十二月三十一日

		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
		二零二一年	二零二零年	二零一九年	二零一八年	二零一七年
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Assets	 資產					
Non-current assets	非流動資產	6,209	7,141	5,533	3,640	3,491
Current assets	流動資產	526,020	423,113	210,468	188,290	127,901
Total assets	資產總值	532,229	430,254	216,001	191,930	131,392
Equity and liabilities	權益及負債					
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	6,037	5,833	2,228	921	826
Current liabilities	流動負債	155,684	108,077	99,773	69,793	43,570
Total liabilities	負債總額	161,721	113,910	102,001	70,714	44,396
Total equity	權益總額	370,508	316,344	114,000	121,216	86,996
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額	532,229	430,254	216,001	191,930	131,392

XINGYE WULIAN SERVICE GROUP CO. LTD.

興業物聯服務集團有限公司